4879.

## BARR & SUGDEN'S

**AUTUMNAL** 

DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE

OF

BULBS AND PLANTS

FOI

WINTER, SPRING, AND SUMMER FLOWERING.



SEED BULB&PLANT WAREHOUSE

BARR & SUGDEN,

12 & 13, KING STREET, COVENT GARDEN, LONDON, W.C.

"A useful guide for the amateur in the selection of bulbs for the adornment of the conservatory and sitting-room in winter, and the flower garden in spring."

Immediate proceedings in Chancory will be taken against all infringements of the Copyright of this Work,

### SPECIAL NOTICES.

I. Awards by the Royal Horticultural Society :-

For Daffodis, including the Wearsdale and Longford Bridge Collections, two Gold Banksian Medals, a large gold-gilt Silver Floral Medal; also First Class Certificates for individual flowers.

See page 9.
For Bearded Iris, two Banksian Medals, and for the Japanese Flag Iris, 1. Kampferi, three First

Class Certificates. See pages 18 and 20. For Lilies, a Banksian Medal. See page 36. For Double Pyrethrums, the most beautiful of May and June flowers, a Banksian Medal. See

page 43.

For Miscellaneous Groups of Hardy Flowers, several Medals.

For Indoor Conservatories furnished, several Medals.

For Window Decorations and Window Conservatories, several Medals.

Awards given by the Royal Botanie Society at their great Spring Show, 1877— First Prize for the best 12 Hyacinths, for the best 12 pots of Tulips, for the best 12 pots of Polyanthus Narcissus, and for the largest and finest Collection of Flyacinths.

11. The bulbs quoted by ns have been procured from the most experienced and best bulb growers in Holland, and are what they term "selected," being the finest of this season's production.

- Holland, and are what they term "selected, being the linest of this season's production.

  HI. By means of extensive comparative trials annually conducted at our Experimental Grounds, we have been able to correct the nonenclature of hardy bulbs generally, and to avoid synonymes so misleading to amateurs. Amongst subjects exhaustively dealt with, are the Lily, the Daffodil, the Scilla, the Iris, the Meadow Saffron, the Crocus, the Cyclamen, the Anemone, the Christmas Rose, the Lenten Rose, and the Funkia; and we have also grouped the Gladioli into colours, and rejected many inferior varieties of Hyacinths, Tulips, Polyanthus Narcissus, Crocus, &c. The fruit of this labour will be found distributed throughout the body of the Catalogue. The present issue contains much valuable information touching Lilies, Narcissus, the Christmas Rose, and the Iris, of which we have given classified descriptive lists to assist amateurs in making selections.

  W. Our Floral Alburys (four volumes games republicant of polyanters of Bulbous and
- IV. Our Floral Albums (four volumes super royal) contain about 5000 coloured plates of Bulbons and Tuberous-rooted Plants, Annuals, Perennials, Stove and Greenhouse Plants, Ferns and Foliage Plants. These albums are kept at our warehouse as books of reference for the convenience of eustomers wishing to consult them when in London.
- V. We feel it unnecessary to make the customary announcement that we execute our orders promptly and well, as it is only by such means we can hope to secure the confidence and support of horticulturists at home and abroad.
- VI. Carriage is allowed on orders amounting to 215. and upwards, to any principal Railway Station in England and Wales, to Edinburgh and Glasgow, and to any principal Station on the North British, Caledonian and Scottish Central Lines, and to Dublin and Belfast. Also to Cork and Waterford, if by steamboat from London, but only as far as Bristol if by railway, on route for Ireland. We prefer sending by rail, as it is more expeditious, and, therefore, unless otherwise instructed, we shall forward
- VII. Carriage to be deducted at settlement in accordance with conditions, Par. VI. Formerly our custom was to pay earriage in London; but we were compelled to relinquish this practice, in consequence of our "Carriage Paid" packages not being delivered with the same promptitude as those not prepaid, and, also, on account of continual complaints from our customers that they also had to pay earriage before they could get the goods. We mention this as the reason why we abandoned a practice followed by us for so many years.
- VIII. Orders which are paid in advance, if the amount is in accordance with Par. VI., can either be sent earriage paid, or a liberal equivalent in goods added. This latter course will be adopted unless we are otherwise instructed.
  - IX. A small charge is made for packages, and, if returned within a fortnight, allowance will be made for the same. It is, however, necessary that the dispatch of the returned empty is notified and the name of the sender written on the label for identification.
  - X. Fruit and Forest Trees, Shrubs, Plants in Pots, Soils, Watson's Lawn Sand, Wirework, Plant Cases and Stands, Gilbert's Hand Lights, Barr's New Heated Frames, Barr's Portable Cut Flower and Transmission Cases, Garden Engines and Water Barrows, Flower Poxes, Jardinets, and Terra Cotta, Rustie, China, and Glass goods—on these we do not allow carriage.
  - XI. Five per cent, allowed on payments made within one month from date of invoice, and this deduction is to be made from the amount by the remitter; or it may be claimed afterwards.
- XII. Post Office Orders to be made payable at King Street Post Office, Covent Garden, W.C. All cheques to be crossed, adding the words "and Co." Small amounts may be paid in Postage Stamps, or eoin may be sent in a registered letter; when convenient, however, it is safer to take out a Post Office Order. The Postmaster emphatically advises the registration of letters containing valuables or important communications.

### NOTICES TO FOREIGN AND COLONIAL CORRESPONDENTS.

- XIII. To insure attention, orders should be accompanied by a remittance, a draft, or an "order to pay," on a London agent. The remittance should be sufficient to cover the expense of cases, and also of earriage, if the freight is required to be paid in advance.
- XIV. Cases of seeds and bulbs can now be despatched to all parts of India, at the rate of 1s. per lb., through the Indian Parcels Post, and also in waterproof bags by the ordinary mail at 1s. 4d. per lb. Our Indian Customers will kindly notify by which service they wish their postal parcels sent.
- XV. In shipping plants to India, great care is exercised by us in selecting, preparing, and properly packing the same, and our consignments have, on the whole, been very successful. Still, there are so many contingencies, that we cannot, in any way, hold ourselves responsible for the condition in which the plants or bulbs reach their destination.
- XVI. Our successful shipments of seeds to India have induced several of the Agricultural and Horticultural Societies there to entrust us with the execution of their orders for distribution amongst the members.

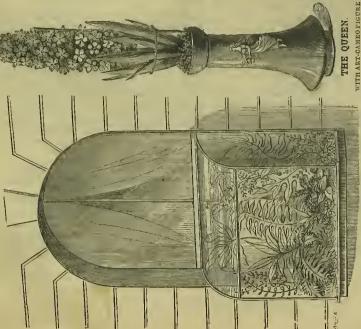
[Barr and Sugden,

# ELEGANT HYACINTH GLASSES,

THE DRAWING-ROOM CONSERVATORY

The Woodcuts faithfully represent these Floral Vases. Wire Supports, 51. 6d. per doz. In new Designs, Colours, and Decorations.

BARR'S WINDOW-SILL CONSERVATORY.



## THE WINDOW-SILL CONSERVATORY

(FOR TOWN RESIDENCES)

In Rose du Barry, 5s. 6d.

In Bose, 4s. 6d. each. In Jet, 4s. 6d. each.

good from the room or from the outside. The price is regulated by the length and height, and is from 7 to 12 guineas. Occupies the lower sash of the window, and adds to the elegance of the facade; and, when furnished with plants, the effect is equally



WITH ART-CAMEO FIGURE. In Blue, 3s. 6d. each. In Turquoise, 4s. 6d. each. In Puce, 3s. 6d. each. In Rose du Barry, 5s. 6d. each. In White, 3s. 6d. each. WITH FLORAL DECORATIONS. In Ruhy, 4s. each. In Dove Colour, 3s. each.

Tye's Miniature, In Jet, 3s. each. In Green, 3s. each. In Rose du Barry, 3s.6d. each.

In Isabella Grey, 3s. 6d. each.

In Rose dn Barry, 4s. each. In Turquoise, 3s. 6d. each.

In Green, 3s. 6d. each. In Jet, 33. 6d. each. TIONS.

> WUTH FLOWERS AND INDOCCOOLED. Tye's Mintature Tracers And Infer 3s each 3s each. In Francisco Colours. In Temple 5s each. 1s Colours St. each. In Tracers Colours St. each. 1s each. In Read St. each. 1s 1s. each,

In Turquoise, 3s. 6d. each.

43. 6d. per dozen; 6d. PLAIN COLOURS, WITHOUT DECORATION, each 18.6d.

BARR'S ALBERT PLANT CASE.

148.: 30 for the first first forces. So inch first 32 inch, plants, 91s, 101s. 163s. Rinch, 128s. Filled with suitable plants, 91s, 101s., 150s. 103s. Tables for these Plant, plants from the first forces from the first first forces. (The Drawing-Room Conservatory.)
The construction of this elegant Plant Case is the hest for preserving plants in-doors. 20 inch. 138.; 24 inch.

THE BOSCAWEN IN-DOOR CONSERVATORY is the same in chaptes as the Albert Plant Gase, and measures 3 ft. by 2 ft., 219s.; when heated like our Walconian Gase, in chiding lamp and stand, 20/8;

WITH FLORAL DECORA.

THE PRINCE.

FLOWER JAPANNED TIN BOXES. No. 1, 14 In. by 10 in, has 2 compartments, 18s; extra strong, 21s. No. 2, 18in. by 13 in., has 3 compartments, 28s.; extra strong, 33s. No. 3, 23 in. by 10 in, has 4 compartments, 34s.; extra strong, 34s. BARR'S PORTABLE TRANSMISSION CUT

### CONTENTS.

PAGE	PAGE	PAGE	PAGE
Abrobra 39	Crocus, named 16	Iris, English 18	Saxifraga granulata
Achimenes 39	Crocus, species 16	Iris, Spanish 19	fl. pl 41
Adonis39 & 41	Crown Imperials 29	Iris, Bulbous, various 19	Schizostylis 41
African Lily 34	Cyclobothra 40	Iris, Flag 20	Scilla, early flowering 17
Agapanthus 34	Cyclamen, Green-	Iris pumila 20	Scilla, late flowering,
Allium 39	house 29	Iris Kæmpferi 20	etc 29
Alpine Plants 44	Cyclamen, hardy 29	Iris Barbata 22	Sempervivum42 & 44
		Iris,Beardless,various 24	Shreds
Alpine Succulents 44	Cypella 40	Ismene 40	Shrubs45
Alpine for Window	Dactylis 42 Daffodil 9		Silver Grass
Gardens 44		Ivies 44	Sisyrinchium 35
Alstrœmeria 34	Dahlia 40	Ixia 25	Snowdron
Alyssum 41	Daisies42	Jonquil	Snowdrop 17
Amaryllis 32	Day Lily 31	Kniphofia 35	Snowflake
American Cowslip 40	Delphiniums 43	Knives, etc 46	Soils for Potting 47
Amorphophallus 39	Dentaria 40	Labels 46	Sparaxis 26
Anemone, double 27	Dielytra 30	Lachenalia 40	Sparaxis pulcherrima,
Anemone, chrysanthe-	Dodecatheon 40	Lawn Sand and Seed 47	etc 35
mum flowered 28	Dog's-Tooth Violets 18	Lenten Rose 35	Special Notices 2
Anemone, single 27	Eremurus 40	Leucojum 17	Spiræa31
Anemone, fulgens 27	Erythronium 18	Liatris 41	Spring Flowering Plants 41
Anemone, species 27	Eucharis 40	Lilies 36	Plants 41
Annuals 41	Eucomis 40	Lilium 36	Spring Meadow Saff-
Anomatheca 39	Feathered Hyacinth . 30	Lily of the Field 32	ron 16
Antennaria 41	Ferns 44	Lily of the Valley 30	Star of Bethlehem 35
Anthericum 34	Flower of the West	Lithospermum 42	Star Anemone 28
Antholyza 34	Wind 32	Manures 47	Starch Hyacinth 30
Aphis Brush 46	Foliage Plants 45	Meadow Saffron 16	Sternbergia(Amaryllis
Apios 39	Freesia 40	Medeola 41	lutea) 32
Arboretes 47	Fritillaria 29	Merendera 16	Strawberries 45
Arum 39	Fruit Trees 45	Modiola 41	Summer Gladiolus 33
Asclepias 39	Fumigator 46	Morphixias 26	Syringes 46
Asphodelus 30	Funkia31	Muscari 30	Thladiantha 41
Autumn Gladiolus 34	Galanthus 17	Musk Hyacinth 30	Thomson's Styptic 47
Babiana 26	Garden Engine 46	Nail Bags	Tiffany 47
Bedding Hyacinths 6	Garden Netting 46	Narcissus, Polyanthus 12	Tigridia 32
Begonia 40	Garden Requisites 46	Narcissus, species 9	Tobacco Paper 47
Belladonna Lily 32	Geranium40	Nerine 33	TransmissionCases, etc. 3
Bellevalia 40	German Iris 22	Ophiopogon 41	Trichonema 16
Bloomeria 40	Gesnera 40	Ornithogalum 35	Trillium 41
Bobartia 40	Gladiolus, Early 33	Oxalis41	Triteleia 17
Boussingaultia 40	Gladiolus, Late 34	Pæonia35 & 44	Tritoma 35
Bravoa 40	Golden Grass 42	Pansies 42	Tritonia 26
Brodiæa 34	Gloriosa	Pancratium 41	Tropæolum 31
Bulbocodium 16	Gloxinias 40	Pardanthus 41	Tuberoses 32
Caladium 40	Grape Hyacinth 30	Peacock Anemone 28	Tulip, early Van Thol 13
Calla 40	Grafting Wax 47	Phlox, herbaceous 44	Tulip, early single,
Calliprora 40	Greenhouse Plants 45	Picotees 44	for outdoors or for
Calochortus 40	Guernsey Lily 32	Pinks 44	pots 13
Calystegia 40	Habranthus 40	Plant Case 3 & 46	Tulip, double Van Thol 14
Camassia 34	Handlights45	Polyanthus 42	Tulip, double 14
Canna 40	Hardy Plants41 to 45	Polyanthus Narcissus 12	Tulip, May-flowering 15
Carnations 44	Heated Frames 48	Poppy Anemone 28	Tulip, Parrot 15
Carpet Moss 47	Hedychium 40	Portable cut flower-	Tulip, Gesneriana 14
Chlidanthus 40	Helleborus 35	cases 3	Tulip, Variegated
Chionodoxa 17	Hemerocallis 31	Potentillas double 44	Foliaged 14
Christmas Rose 35	Hepatica 31	Primrose 42	Tulip, various 15
Chrysanthemums 44	Herbaceous Plants 44	Puschkinia 17	Vallota 33
Clematis 44	Hyacinth Glasses 3	Pyrethrum, double 43	Viola 43
Climbers 45	Hyacinths, bedding 6	Ranunculus, Persian. 26	Violets, Sweet 43
Cocoa fibre and Char-	Hyacinths, Mixed 6	Ranunculus, Turban. 27	Virginian Creepers 44
coal 47	Hyacinths, Pompon 6	Ranunculus, large	Watsonia 34
Colenicum 16	Hyacinths, Roman 6	flowering 27	Window Gardens 44
Collections of Bulbs 5	Hyacinths, Parisian 6	Rhodea 41	Window Boxes 46
Commelina 40	Hyacinths, named 7	Roman Hyacinth 6	Window Conservatory 3
Convallaria 30	Hyacinthus candicans,	Rock Plants 44	Winter Aconites 18
Corydalis 40	etc35	Roses 45	Wood Hyacinth 29
Crimean Snowdrop 17	Hypoxis 40	St. Bruno's Lily 34	Zephyranthes 33
Crocosmia	Imatophyllum 40	St. Bernard's Lily 34	Plants, Sundries, etc. 41
Crocus, cheap 15	Insecticides 47	Sanguinaria 41	

COVENT GARDEN COLLECTIONS FOR THE CONSERVATORY, SITTING-ROOM, Etc., Consisting of Winter and Spring Blooming Bulbs,

In the Collections 6, 7, 8, 9, and 10, the varieties are more choice than in 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5.

		FINE (	Colle	TIONS.		EXTRA FINE COLLECTIONS.					
	1.	2.	3.	4. 5.		6. 7.		8. 9.		10.	
	£4 45.	£3 35.	£2 25.	£1 15.	10s.6d.	£5 55.	£4 45.	£3 35.	£I IOS.	15s.6d.	
Hyacinths, in named varieties	50	40	30	15		50	40	30	15		
Polyanthus Narcissus	30	20	15	10	성	30	24	18	10	성	
Tulips, named varieties	100	70	50	24	100	100	70	50	24	Ŭ	
Jonquils, sweet scented	30	24	18	12	٠ ١	30	24	18	12	٠ <u>٠</u>	
Ixias, mixed varieties	24	12	9	6	₽.4	24	18	12	6	200	
Sparaxis ,, ,,	24	12	9	6	::::::	24	18	12	6	122 2	
Tritonias	24	12	9	6	an	24	18	12	6	# c	
Babianas ,, ,,	24	12	9	6	quant	24	18	12	6	quan	
Seedling Crocus, named varieties	200	150	100	50		200	150	100	50		
Snowdrops, large	200	150	100	50	the	200	150	100	50	the	
Scilla Sibirica, the richest blue	50	40	25	12	Ή	50	40	30	15	alf	
Cyclamen Persicum, charming	6	4	3	2	Half	6	4	4	2	H	
Triteleia uniflora (Milla), fragrant	20	18	12	12		20	18	18	12		

POPULAR COLLECTIONS FOR THE CONSERVATORY, SITTING-ROOM, Etc., Arranged for those who prefer simply a few sorts of easily eultivated Winter and Spring flowering bulbs.

In the Collections 16, 17, 18, 19, and 20, the varieties are more choice than in 11, 12, 13, 14, and 15.

		FINE	Colle	CTIONS.		EXTRA FINE COLLECTIONS.					
	11.	12.	13.	14.	15.	16.	17.	18.	19.	20.	
Transferênce 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					10s.6d.				LI 10s.		
Hyacinths, in named varieties	75	60	40	20	10	75	60	40	20	10	
Polyanthus Narcissus ,, ,,	40	30	20	15	8	40	30	20	15	8	
Tulips	150	100	70	40	20	150	100	70	40	20	
Jonquils, sweet scented	50	30	20	12	6	50	30	20	12	6	
Scilla Sibirica	50	30	20	12	6	50	30	20	12	6	
Triteleia uniflora (Milla)	50	30	20	12	6	50	30	20	12	6	

### PAXTONIAN COLLECTIONS FOR THE FLOWER GARDEN, Best adapted for out door decoration in Spring.

In the Collections 21, 22, 23, 24, and 25, the Hyacinths, Polyanthus Narcissus, Tulips, Crocus, Anemones, Ranunculus, and Crown Imperials—each will be tent in mixed colours. In the Collections 26, 27, 28, 29, and 30, these bulbs will be more select, and sent in separate colours.

		FINE (	Collec	TIONS.		EXTRA FINE COLLECTIONS.					
	21.	22.	23.	24.	25.	26.	27.	28.	29.	30.	
	£4 45.	£3 35.	£2 25.	£1 15.	10s.6d.	£5 55.	£4 45.	£2 15s.	£I IOS.	15s.6d.	
Hyacinths, in various colours	100	75	50	25	12	100	75	50	25	12	
Polyanthus Narcissus ,, ,,	30	20	12	6	3	30	20	12	6	3	
Narcissus Species ,,	100	75	50	30	12	100	75	50	30	12	
Tulips, various colours	300	200	150	100	50	300	200	150	100	50	
Crocus ,, ,,	500	400	200	100	50	500	400	200	100	50	
Anemones ,, ,,	200	100	75	50	25	200	100	75	50	25	
Ranunculus , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	200	150	100	50	25	200	150	IOO	50	25	
Snowdrops	300	200	150	100	50	300	200	150	100	50	
Crown Imperials, various colours	9	9	6			9	9	6	3		
Scilla Sibirica, the richest blue	30	20	15,	6	3	30	25	20	12	6	
Triteleia unifiora (Milla), fragrant	30	20	12	12	6	30	20	20	12	6	

### CLIVEDEN COLLECTIONS FOR NATURALIZATION IN WOODLAND WALKS, AND SEMI-WILD SITUATIONS.

In the Collections 31, 32, 33, 34, and 35, the Narcissus, Gladiolus, Crocus, Stillas, Muscari, and Lilies, will each be sent in mixed colours; 36, 37, 38, 39, and 40, will be sent in separate colours:

		FINE	Colle	TIONS.		E	TRA F	INE COI	LLECTIO	NS.
	31,	32.	33.	34.	35.	36.	37.	38.	39.	40.
	£4 45.	£3 35.	£2 25.	£, I IS.	10s.6d.	£5 55.	£4 45.	£3 35.	£1 105.	15s.6d.
Narcissus, mixed varieties	300	200	150	70	30	300	200	150	70	30
Bulbocodium vernum	30	20	15	10	6	30	20	15	10	6
Winter Aconites, yellow	300	200	150	80	40	300	200	150	80	40
Gladioli, mixed varieties	100	75	50	30	20	100	75	50	30	20
Crocus ,, ,,	500	400	300	150	75	500	400	300	150	75
Scillas ,,	300	200	150	100	50	300	200	150	100	50
Hemerocallis and Funkias	30	20	15	10	6	30	20	15	10	6
Dog's-Tooth Violets, purple	100	75	50	20	10	100	75	50	20	10
Lilies, mixed varieties	30	20	15	10	6	30	20	15	10	6
Triteleia	200	150	100	50	30	200	150	100	50	30
Zephyranthes candida	30	20	15	10	6	30	20	15	10	6
Crown Imperials	20	16	12	6	3	20	16	12	6	3

Any of our customers having a preference to selections of bulbs as offered by other London houses—whether advertised in catalogues, daily papers, or other periodicals—the same may be had from us at the prices and terms of the advertisers.

<sup>12</sup> and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]

Customers, in ordering, will find it convenient to use the Order Sheet which accompanies 637 the current year's Catalogue, as it is only necessary to fill in the Marginal Numbers and the quantities. The Order Sheet is an Index to the Catalogue, and, taken in conjunction, it simplifies making out the order.

N.B.—The Marginal Numbers in the Catalogue are annually changed; therefore, if the order is taken from a previous year's Catalogue, the date should be specified. Failing this notification, the order will be executed from the current Catalogue.

### HYACINTHS.

### HYACINTHS IN SEPARATE COLOURS FOR OUT-DOOR CULTURE.

For ribbons, beds, or groups, where specific colours are required, the following are recommended as being highly decorative and inexpensive. They are very useful for filling rustic buskets, flower boxes, and vases for out-door decoration.

The varieties with a \* are single. Those with a † are double, or semi-double.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS.			
$\mathscr{L}$ s. d.	£ 8	8.	d.
225 roo in 12 distinct beautiful varieties 1 12 0   227 24 in 12 distinct beautiful varieties	0	8	6
226 50 in 12 ditto 0 16 6 228 12 in 12 ditto	0	4	6
RED.			
	doz,-	. 0	2
229 †Red, good truss		4	6
230 *Rose, fine truss		À	6
BLUE.			
233 *Porcelain, blue, full truss		4	6
234 *Purple large truss 4 6 236 *Lilac large truss		À	6
	••••	•	
WHITE.			
237 †Pure White, large truss	2.2	4	6
220 *Dura White sent of truce		Ţ	6
238 *Pure White, compact truss 4 6   240 †White, tinged Rose, large truss	• • • •	4	V
TIVICINTUE INSMIVED CHAPES FOR OUR DOOR CHITTIDE			
HYACINTHS IN!MIXED SHADES FOR OUT-DOOR CULTURE.			
For groups in the flower borders and in beds, these mixed hyacinths are very effective,			
	-	2.	
per 100, per doz. per 100	De	- 1	02

<u> </u>	per 100. pe				per 100.	per doz.
241 +Red, in various shades	 24/6	3/3	244 *Red, in	various shades	24/6	3/3
242 +Blue, ditto	 24/6	3/3	245 *Blue,	ditto	24/6	3/3
243 †White, ditto	 24/6	3/3	246 *White,	ditto	24/6	. 3/3

### POMPON OR MINIATURE HYACINTHS.

These Pompon Hyacinths produce neat spikes of bloom, and may be grown in small glasses, fancy pots, or in masses of six to twelve in old china bowls, crystal dishes, jardinets, and other elegant contrivances suitable for the drawing-room, or associated with Scilla sibirica, Crocus, Snowdrops, Tulips, Dwarf Narcissus nanus, Iris persica, and the beautiful Iris reticulata, and other early flowering bulbs of dwarf growth, planted in "B. & S.'s Prepared Cocoa Fibre and Charcoal" (for which see p. 47), covering the surface with fresh green

In small flower beds, and children's gardens, the Pompon Hyacinths, with Scilla sibirica, Spring Snowflake, Dwarf Narcissus, Dog's Tooth Violets, Anemone fulgens, Dwarf Tulips, Triteleias, Crocus, Iris reticulata, Grape Hyacinths, Hepaticas, Iris Persica, Jonquils, Sisyrinchium grandiflorum, Snowdrops, and the Double Saxifraga granulata, make an exceedingly decorative display, and maintain a succession of flowers during the months of Spring.

						OUR	OV	VN :	SELEC	TIONS.		
2	47	6 each of	12 pretty	varieties		• • •	21	0	250	12 in 12 pretty varieties	4	6
2	48	3	11	2.2		•••	12	0	251	Fine mixed varieties, 3s. per doz.; per 100 2	I	0
2	49	2					8	0	252	Choice ,, ,, 4s. ,, ,, 3	0	0
			**	••					ED.			
						each-	<b>—</b> 8.			each-	8.	d.
2	253	Achilles.	soft scarlet				0	5	255	Juno, brilliant red	0	4
2	54	Delos, ric	h carmine	********			0	5	256	Juno, brilliant red	0	5
BLUE.												
9	257	Artemia	deen house a	obite ce.	ntre		0			Orpheus, purple-lilac	0	1
9	58	Ida darb	horcelain	0,0000 00			ň	7	260	Orpheus, purple-lilac	ň	1
_	100	Total, territ	porceiain	*********		••••			ITE.	Quode de Milados, ocuatifat titul-biac.	~	**
								-				
							0	4	263	Medusa, pure white	0	4
- 2	262	Hera, rose	-white	*** *** ***			0	5	264	Vesta, snow white	0	5
YELLOW.												
9	265	Apollo, pa	ere vellow.				0	5	266	Minos, apricot colour	0	5
		THE CHANGE IN	, , , , ,						•	-		
			TO VALLA I	DE TALL	UITE DAN	TAR	IL	IVA	CIN	TH FOR EARLY FORCING		

DWARF WHITE ROMAN HYACINTH FOR EARLY FORCING.

267 The white Sweet Scented Roman Hyacinth is now greatly prized in bouquets, It flowers in succession during October, November, and December. The bulbs should be potted 3 to 6 in a pot in August, September, and October. When the bulbs are well rooted they should be forced gently, and watered freely. 18/- per 100; 2/6 per doz.; 3d. each.

The beautiful Sweet Scented Paper White Narcissus flowers at the same time as the Roman Hyacinth, and is also greatly valued in bouquets, and succeeds with the same cultural treatment. The double Roman Narcissus is also much prized for its early flowering; the individual flowers, which are very handsome, are mounted on wire, and are much prized in small bouquets and buttonholes. (Nos. 647 & 650).

### DWARF PARISIAN OR BLUE ROMAN HYACINTH.

268 The Blue Roman Hyacinth flowers from a fortnight to three weeks later than the white variety. 12s. 6d. per 100; 1s. 9d. per dozen; 3d. each. [Barr and Sugden,

### HYACINTHS.

FOR CULTURE IN POTS, GLASSES AND JARDINETS.

The \* indicates the varieties best suited for forcing and for growing in glasses, jardinets, and other

clegant contrivances.

legant contrivances.

Immediately after potting, which may be done from September to December, place out of doors on a bed of ashes, and cover the pots with six inches of the same material or cocoa fibre; let them remain till the pots are full of roots, which is usually six to eight weeks from the time of potting. To secure a succession of flowers, remove a portion of the Hyacinths from under the covering say once a fortnight. If very early flowers are required, force gently, and give abundance of water at the roots; but, to secure large finely developed trusses and rich colours, in preference to very early flowers, the Hyacinth must not be forced, but the pots, when removed indoors, should be placed on the shelf of a greenhouse, in a sitting-room window, or in a cold frame, close to the glass, always in the most genial and sunniest situation at command, and the plants allowed there to develope their flowers gradually and naturally, giving water regularly and freely; as failures, for the most part, arise from allowing the soil to become dry, and the rootlets in consequence injured. Abundance of air should be given, but a dry atmosphere and a draughty situation should be sedulously avoided.

If the Hyacinth is cultivated in glasses of water the base of the bulb should just touch the water, and a little charcoal should be placed in the glass to keep the water sweet. We, however, prefer filling the glasses with prepared Cocoa Fibre and Charcoal (for which see p. 47). The glasses, if possible, should be kept in a room without a fire, or better still in a greenhouse, and always in the sunniest and lightest situation at command till the flower spike is developed. This attained, place the glasses where the flowers are most desired. For new Hyacinth Glasses, chastely decorated, see p. 3.

When the Hyacinth is cultivated in jardinets, associated with other early-flowering bulbs, such as Scilla sibirica, Tulips, Snowdrops, Croeus, Narcissus, Iris reticulata, &c., B. & S.'s prepared "Cocoa Fibre and Charcoal" should invar

covered with green carpet moss.

The † denotes the double varieties. These, with very few exceptions, are unsuitable for growing in glasses, and jardinets, or for forcing. Those we offer are, however, the very best of the doubles, and should be grown

only in pots.

"ex" indicates the varieties which produce the finest flowers, and cultivators of the Hyacinth for The exhibition would do well to select from those only.

exhibition would do well to select from those only.

\*\*The two Premier Prizes for Hyacinths were awarded to us by the Royal Botanic Society at their Exhibition of March, 1877.

The superiority of single over double Hyacinths may be best estimated by a visit to the Mctropolitan and Provincial Hyacinth Exhibitions, where the proportion shown of single to double flowers is about fifty to one.

If any of the under-mentioned "Selections" are chosen, and it is stated they are for glasses, jardinets, or exhibition, single kinds will be sent. If not specified, the selection will include a proportion of double varieties.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS FROM THE FOLLOWING SPLENDID NAMED HYACINTHS,
Which are only such as have proved to be the most worthy of cultivation; and the bulbs have all been
carefully selected for us by the best and most experienced Dutch growers.

carefully selected for us by the best a	tha most experienced Dutch growers.
f. s. d.	$f_s$ s. d.
269 100 extra choice exhibition Hyacinths 6 6 0	275 25 extra fine varietics of Hyacinths I I o
270 50 ,, ,, ,, ,, 3 3 0	276 12 ,, ,, ,, ,, 10/6 & 0 12 0
270 50 ,, ,, ,, 3 3 0 271 25 ,, ,, ,, 25/& 1 15 0	277 100 very fine, in 50 varieties ,, 3 10 0
272 12	278 50 25
	278 50 ,, ,, 25 ,, ,, I II 6 279 25 ,, ,, 25 ,, ,, 0 17 6
273 100 extra fine varieties of Hyacinths 5 5 0	
274 50 ,, ,, ,, ,, 2 2 0	
THE SOFTER AND MORE DELICATE SHADES OF	RED, SUCH AS ROSE, ROSE-PINK, BLUSH, Etc.
each—s. d.	each—1. d.
281 +Alida Catherina, rose, fine truss 0 6	295 *Madame Goldschmidt, salmon-rose, striped
282 +Bouquet Royal, blush rose, with pink eye,	pink, large compact truss, ex I 3
long handsome truss, ex 0 8	296 *Mons. de Fæsch, delicate pink, fine truss,
283 +City of London, rose, very large, ex 1 6	ех 0 8
284 *Cosmos, rosy pink, fine truss, ex 0 9	297 +Noble par Merite, flesh, shaded pink, large
285 †Duke of Wellington, fine light rose, large	bells, compact truss, ex 0 8
compact handsome truss, ex 0 9	298 *Norma, satin-rose, handsome, ex 0 8
286 *Emmeline, rose, splendid truss, cx 0 8	299 +Prince of Orange, light red, fine truss 0 9
287 *Fabiola, pale pink, striped carmine, large	300 +Princess Alexandra, rose, cx I o
bells and large spike, ex I O	301 *Princess Charlotte, beautiful rose-pink,
288 +Grootvorst, blush, large compact truss, ex. o 6	large compact truss, ex I O
289 *Giganteus, blush, large compact truss, ex. 0 8	302 *Princess Helena, beautiful rose-pink, large
TOO CIPULATION OF THE PERSON O	compact truss, ex I 9
250 Eddy Latinot Door, 1000, 1	303 †Susanna Maria, bright rose-pink, fine
now I mound to the same of the	bells, large compact truss, ex 1 9
292 *L'Ornement de la Nature, delicate rose,	304 *Sultan's Favourite, delicate rose, striped
striped pink, large truss, ex 0 10	pink, handsome truss, ex 0 8
293 *La Prophète, rose-pink, striped carmine,	305 *Tubæstorus, blush, striped pink, immense
handsome truss, ex I O	
294 *Lord Wellington, blush, striped light car-	bells, handsome truss, cx 0 8
mine, large bells, fine truss, ex 0 8	
THE RICHER AND DEEPER SHADES OF RED, SUCH	AS CARMINE, CRIMSON, SCARLET, LAKE, PINK, Etc.
306 *Amy, scarlet, handsome truss, ex o 6	314 *Garibaldi, bright scarlet, large splendid truss (new), ex
307 *Appelius, light crimson, fine, cx 0 8	truss (new), ex 7 6
308 *Beauty of Waltham, carmine, white	315 *Géant des Roses, beautiful rose, large
centre (new), ex 4 6	handsomet russ, ex I o
309 *Belle Quirine, blush, striped pink, fine o 6	316 *Howard, rich scarlet, handsome, ex 2 6
310 +Bouquet Tendre (Waterloo), pink, chang-	317 *Josephine, scarlet, changing to orange I 3
	318 +Koh-i-noor, bright satmon-pink, large
the beauty rout cory from your and	truss, model form, semi-double, ex 3 6
OIL DISTERBUL COLO COLO COLO COLO COLO COLO COLO CO	319 *L'Ami du Cœur, bright pink 0 6
312 *Duchess of Richmond, salmon, striped	320 *La Dame du Lac, rose-pink, fine truss, ex. 0 9
pinn, very june vi mee, out	321 *L'Etincellant, very bright crimson-scarlet,
313 †Frederick the Great, semi-double, bright	James compact tonce ov
pink, fine full truss, ex I 3	large compact truss, ex I O
12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]	

	TOTAL TOTAL OIL GENERALS.
each—1. d.	each—s. d.
322 *La Fiancée Royale, rose, large truss, ex. 0 10 323 *Lina, bright crimson, full truss, ex	334 *Prosper Alpinus, brilliant scarlet, compact
324 *Lord Macaulay, carmine, changing to	large truss, ex. 0 9 335 *Queen Victoria, bright pink, large hand-
vivid crimson-scarlet, large truss, ex 1 6 325 *Linnæus, bright orange-red, fine spike, ex. 3 6	336 *Queen of Hyacinths, rich crimson, large
326 *Miss Nightingale, orange-red, large truss, ex	truss, ex
327 *Mr. Robert Steiger, rich carmine, large compact truss, ex	carmine, large fine truss. ex 0 8
328 *Mrs. Beecher Stowe, rosy red, large splen-	338 *Solfaterre, brilliant scarlet, yellow centre, large compact truss, ex
did truss, ex	339 *Unico Spectabilis, beautiful rose, fine compact truss, ex
330 *Pelissier, crimson-scarlet, large truss, ex. 1 9 331 *Prima Donna, carmine, fine bells, and	340 *Victor Emmanuel, light carmine-scarlet, large truss, ex
large fine truss, ex	341 *Victoria Alexandrina, intense crimson, large handsome truss, ex
large handsome truss, ex	342 "Von Schiller, deep salmon-pink, large com-
large bells, compact truss, ex 0 8	pact truss, ex
THE MORE DELICATE AND SOFTER SHADES OF	BLUE, SUCH AS AZURE, LIGHT PORCELAIN, Etc.
344 †Bloxberg, beautiful clear porcelain, large	353 *Grand Lilas, beautiful silvery lilac, large
bells, good truss, ex 0 8 345 *Blondin, silvery grey, outside of tube bluish	compact truss, ex
purple, large truss (new), ex	large truss, ex
bells and large truss, ex 0 9 347 *Coelestina, clear transparent blue, ex 1 0	large bells, fine truss, cx
348 *Clio, sky-blue, white centre, large bells, fine	nne truss, ex 0 0
349 †Comte de St. Priest, celestial blue, large	357 *Lord Derby, pearl-blue, very large truss, ex. 2 3 358 *Lothair, bright blue, large truss (new),
bells, fine truss, ex	359 *Orondates, fine porcelain-blue, large bells,
large truss, ex	compact large truss, ex
petals grey, large bells, handsome truss, ex. 2 6 352 *De Candolle, titac-blue, shading to mauve,	dells, fine truss, ex 0 8
handsome truss, ex I 3	
THE DARKER AND RICHER SHADES OF BLUE, S	UCH AS DARK PORCELAIN, PURPLE, BLACK, Etc.
362 *Anna Bolena, rich purple, large truss 1 0	373 *King of Siam, black, neat truss 0 8
363 *Argus, dark violet-blue, clear white eye, large bells, large truss, ex 0 8	374 *L'Ami du Cœur, violet-blue 0 6 375 *La Nuit, purpte-black, fine truss, ex 0 8
364 *Baron Von Humboldt, dark purple, out- side of petals black, fine truss, ex 0 10	376 †Laurens Koster, rich violet-blue, long compact truss, ex
365 *Baron Van Tuyll, rich purple, large com- pact truss, ex	311 *Lord Melville, indigo, prominent white
366 *Bleu Moresque, purple-litae, targe truss, ex. o 6 367 *Charles Dickens, dark porcelain, shaded	378 *Lord Palmerston, clear blue, white centre,
lilac, large truss, ex 0 6	fine truss, very distinct (new), ex
368 *Feruch Khan, glittering purple, large truss, ex	immense spike (new), ex.
369 +Garrick, dark lavender, shaded puce, com- pact handsome truss, ex	381 *Mimosa, glowing purple, large truss, ex 0 8 382 +Prince of Saxe-Welmar, rich purple-lilac,
370 *General Havelock, rich glittering purple, very large truss, ex	very fine truss, semi-double, ex
371 *General Lauriston, fine deep blue, white	383 *Sir John Lawrence, rich dark blue, very large truss, ex. 09
372 *King of the Blues, rich dark blue, large	384 *Uncle Tom, rich purple-black, fine 0 6 385 *William the First, fine glowing purple,
bells, magnificent spike, ex 2 3	long handsome truss, ex 0 8
	ND MAUVE,
386 *Adelina Patti, red-lilac, close fine truss, ex. 1 9 387 †Karel Kroonprince of Sweden, dark	390 *Madlle. Theresa, deep mauve, ex
lavender mauve, large truss, ex 0 9	1 392 "Sir Euwin Landseer darb red-lilar ov a
388 *Jeschko, beautiful rich lilac, large truss, ex. 1 3 389 *L'Unique, mauve, fine 0 6	393 *Sir Henry Havelock, purple-mauve, splen- did truss (new), ex. 3
PURE	WHITE.
394 *Albus maximus, splendid large truss, ex. I o	405 *La Grandesse, the largest and handsomest
395 *Albus superbissimus, large full truss, ex. 0 8 396 *Baroness Van Tuyll, long handsome truss, ex. 1 0	truss (new), ex
397 †Bouquet Royal, long compact truss, ex 1 o 398 *Crown Princess of the Netherlands,	handsome truss, ex
large compact handsome truss, ex o	truss (new), ex
399 *Florence Nightingale, large truss, ex 1 3 400 *Grand Valuqueur, fine compact truss 0 9	408 *Luyken, large compact truss, ex
401 * ,, Vedette, large belts and truss, ex. 0 8 402 +La Deesse, moderate bells, fine truss 0 9	compact truss, ex
403 *Lady Havelock, fine truss, ex	411 "Mont Blanc, large bells, compact large
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Barr and Sugden,
	2.00

_		_					
410	#NY-odon (III) c	-1.	-	1	each-	-1.	d.
412	*Nectar, neat bells, fine truss, ex	I	6	417	*Queen Victoria, handsome truss, ex	0	8
410	*Paix de l'Europe, large truss, ex.	I	0	418	*Queen of the Netherlands, large bells,		
415	*Pavillon Blanc, large truss, ex.	0	9		very fine truss, ex.	I	0
410	+Prince of Waterloo, compact truss, cx	I	0	419	"Snowoall, fine truss, bells beautifully sym-		
410	*Princess Frederick William, large fine				metrical, and of great substance, ex	2	3
	truss, ex	I		420	†Van Hooboken, very large, ex.	I	6
	WHITE	SE	IAD:	ED R	OSE, Etc.		
421	†Anna Maria, blush, neat bells with violet			427	+La Virginité, white, shaded, very large		
	centre, good truss	0	8		bells, good truss	0	6
422	*Anna Paulowna, white, shaded rose, com-			428	*Lord Grey, white, tinged rose, fine truss, ex.	0	9
	pact large truss, ex	0	8	429	*Mammoth, white, tinged rose, very large		7
423	*Cleopatra, waxy white, large bells, thick			1	bells, large truss	0	8
	fine truss, ex	0	8	430	*Orondates, white, tinged rose, large hand-		
424	*Dolly Varden, white, shaded rose, large				some truss, ex	I	0
	bells, thick truss, ex	I	0	431	*Seraphine, white, shaded rose, large bells,		
425	*Elfrida, waxy white, large bells, bold hand-				very large truss, cx.	0	8
	some truss, ex.	0	8	432	+Triumph Blandina, white, beautifully		
426	*Grandeur à Merveille, white, shaded rose,				tinged rose, pink centre, fine truss, ex	0	8
	immense compact truss, ex	0	8	433	*Voltaire, white, shaded rose, large bells	0	8
	YELLOW, ORAN	GE	. CI	TRON	, PRIMROSE, Etc.		
434	*Alida Jacobæa, rich canary-yellow	0	R				-
435	*Anna Carolina, beautiful primrose	ŏ	8	441	*Ida, rich primrose, large truss, ex +Jaune Supreme, rich yellow, good truss	I	6
436	*Bird of Paradise, beautiful rich prim-	·	•	442	*John Stuart Mill, primrose, fine truss, ex.	I	0
	rose, fine truss, ex.	2	0	443	*King of Holland, apricot colour, very dis-	I	0
437	*Duc de Malakoff, straw colour, striped	Э	•	110	tinct, compact neat truss, ex.	~	8
	rose-lake, novel colour, large truss, ex	I	0	444	*La Citronnière, citron-yellow, very fine	0	
438	*Grand Duc de Luxembourg, rich yellow,	•	-	445	*L'Or d'Australie, fine yellow, large truss, ex.	0	9
	large fine truss	I	6	446	*Sonora, straw colour, ex.	I	3
439	*Heroine, primrose, large truss, ex	ô	8	447	*Victory, fine yellow, large truss	-	6
			-	1.00	Cameo Figures, etc., see p. 3.	2	6
	2 or ivew hiyacinin Guassi	63, (	wiin	21/1-	Cumeo 1. 18 ar es, etc., see p. 3.		

### DAFFODIL OR NARCISSUS.

Twice the Royal Horticultural Society awarded to us, for our Exhibit of Daffodil flowers, the Gold Banksian Medal, and once the large Gold-gill Silver Floral Medal, with other Awards and Certificates. When Her Majesty opened the Royal Horticultural Society's Show on the 2nd May, 1877, we received a Commemorative Gold Medal for our exhibit of more than a hundred different sorts of Daffodils.

The Daffodil is the most beautiful of Spring flowers, and the hardiest and most enduring. Its blossoms are

uninjured by frost, snow, rain, and wind, and continue decorative for weeks. A selection made from the three groups will ensure a succession of flowers from February till June. The Trumpet Section of Daffodils commence flowering in February, and succeed each other till the end of April. The Peerless Section of Daffodils commence flowering in March, and follow each other in succession till May. The third group of Daffodils, which embraces the Poet's Narcissus, and the Tazetta or Bunch flowered Daffodils, begin flowering early in April, and follow on one after the other till June.

As cut flowers for vases, all the Daffodils are most elegant, and are abundant at a season when flowers are scarce, forming a pleasing contrast, and associating admirably with hot-house flowers. This is illustrated annually; during the three months in Spring we exhibit cut flowers of the various kinds of Daffodils at the Spring Shows, Fortnightly Meetings, &c., of the Royal Horticultural Speiety, when our exhibition of these hardy flowers attracts more notice from the visitors, and elicits more admiration than the expensive rarities which have

been grown under glass,

BEW DAFFODILS.—The Wearsdale and Longford Bridge Collections of New Daffodils have received considerable publicity through our exhibits of the cut flowers at the Royal Horticultural Society's Gardens during the last few years; but more especially during last Spring, as we were then enabled to stage them with their names, and we are now in a position to offer for sale these charming hardy flowers. In doing so, we think it may not be uninteresting to give a short history of them, more especially as the family of Daffodils has been a favourite flower in this country for hundreds of years; and were its literature collated bulky volumes would be the result. Parkinson, in the early part of the seventeenth century, catalogued the Daffodils then in cultivation. Two hundred years later Salisbury gave them considerable attention, and somewhat later Haworth and Dean Herbert contributed many papers on the subject of Daffodils, and separately prepared monographs of them from their respective points of view. A few years since Mr. Baker prepared his celebrated monograph of the Narcissi or Daffodils; but at that time he was not aware of the existence of the Wearsdale and Longford Bridge Collections, so that there is now a necessity for a revised monograph, owing to the number of forms in these two collections which Mr. Baker had not before him at the time he was preparing his monograph. There are no absolute data extant as to how these new varieties were produced, but doubtless the keynote was furnished in Dean Herbert's paper on the Hybridization of Narcissus.

In the Longford Bridge Collection there are hybrids and varieties of exceeding beauty; and in the Wearsdale Collection, though no record exists as to the crossings, the work has been done so admirably that there is no considerable publicity through our exhibits of the cut flowers at the Royal Horticultural Society's Gardens

Collection, though no record exists as to the crossings, the work has been done so admirably that there is no difficulty in tracing in the flowers themselves the gradual steps taken in each cross. Indeed, the Wearsdale Collection might fairly be termed a Practical Treatise on Hybridization, by William Backhouse, Esq, of Wearsdale, where the reader is led by easy stages to the unfolding of a great work, which must have been produced by the most indefatigable labour combined with the most consummate skill. The work has been carried to the very pinnacle of excellence in gradation of size, diversity of form, originality in shape and colouration. Indeed, the genius of this man has produced in the Daffodil as much as can be said of the great masters in sculpture and painting.

A Coloured Plate, a Group of Nine of our New Daffodils, can be had free on application by intending purchasers, desirous of knowing more of these fine hardy flowers. For a history of these new Daffodils see "The Garden," 23rd August, 1879.

CULTURE AND ADAPTATION.—The Daffodil may be placed in almost a will be discussed in the Daffodil may be placed in almost as will be discussed in the Culture of the content of the cont Collection, though no record exists as to the crossings, the work has been done so admirably that there is no

CULTURE AND ADAPTATION.—The Daffodil may be planted in almost any soil and situation, but thrives best in a fertile loam; the top of the bulb should be two to three inches below the surface. In beds the larger flowering Daffodils are charming, and for edgings the dwarf growing kinds are most beautiful. In flower and shrubbery borders grown in masses of diversified forms and colours, Daffodils impart variety and interest unequalled. For naturalization in woodland walks, semi-wild places, the margins of plantations, and planted in the grass, the effect of these is natural and pleasing.

### OUR OWN SELECTIONS OF DAFFODILS FROM GROUPS I., II., AND III. 8. d. 7 454 Choice mixed, for naturalization .......per 1000, 80/; per 100, 10/6; per doz. 2 0 455 Fine ,, ,, ,, ....., ,, 60/; ,, 7/6; ,, I 6 New Daffodils from the Wearsdale and Longford Bridge Collections. which precede each group fully explain this.

GROUP I .- Magni-coronate, the Trumpet or Ajax, and the Hoop Petticoat or Corbularia Narcissus.

GROUP I.—Magni-coronatæ, the Trumpet or Ajax, and the Hoop Petticoat or Corbularia Narcissus.

CHARACTER.—Crosus or trumpet as long or rather longer than the divisions of the perianth.

Parkinson, nearly three centuries ago, called No. 490 "Mr. Wilmer's Great Double Daffodil." In The Garden, vol. i., p. 455, two Daffodil Gardens of this variety are described as "surpassing apples of gold in baskets of silver." Parkinson calls No. 473 the "Prince of Daffodils." Parkinson also describes other double varieties. Of the double Lent Lily, he says it is natural to our country. To the present generation it was almost unknown till we searched out its habitat through the information recorded in Parkinson's Paradisia. See No. 487. The beautiful Double White Trumpet Daffodil, No. 470, illustrated by Sweet, we can supply; also a curious form of this, with a double row of guard petals, No. 471 Of the rare White Bulbocodium of Clusius, No. 461, we have fine English grown bulbs; we can also offer the scarce species, No. 468, N. Gallicus Minor of Parkinson, supposed by Herbert to be the double of N. minor; also Parkinson's "Daffodil with the clipt tube," No. 463.

In the succession of flowering, Obvallaris and Obvallaris maximus commence in February, and are closely

In the succession of flowering, Obvallaris and Obvallaris maximus commence in February, and are closely followed by Telamonius, and the dwarf-growing species, Minor and Nanus. These are followed by the Lent Lily (Pseudo-Narcissus), Lobularis, and the early-flowering Bicolors, viz., Horsfieldi and Empress. These again are

followed by Lorifolius and Emperor, Maximus and Major.

The Grand Trumpeters are Bicolor Horsfieldi, Empress, Emperor, Maximus, Princeps, Rugilobus, and

Telamonius.

The New Daffodils Humei are apparently hybrids of Montanus; and the variety Bicolor maximus, though not so stately as Empress, is a flower of greater substance, with the divisions of the perianth overlapping each other; Bicolor sulphurescens and Bicolor major are very distinct; Cernuus pulcher is a beautiful white Ajax; Milnerii is the only Ajax of a uniform sulphur colour; Shirley Hibberd is unique and elegant in outlinc; Backhousei is a fine hybrid, apparently a first cross from Bicolor, and quite

per 100, per doz.	
THE HOOP PETTICOAT, OR MEDUSA'S TRUMPET.	479 Min
460 Corbularia conspicua, golden yellow,	per
charming in pots and as an edging 2 6	480 Min
461 Corbularia alba, the beautiful white	spe
Hoop Petticoat, home grown bulbs,	481 Mose
9d. each 6	482 Nan
462 Corbularia tenuifolia, golden yellow,	703
the small Hoop Petticoat, 5d. cach 6	483 Obva
AJAX, THE TRUMPET NARCISSUS.	ye.
463 Abscissus, trumpet yellow or sulphur,	484 Obva
periauth white, 9d. each 6	yel
454 Bicolor, golden yellow trumpet and white perianth, 9d. each 7 6	of
465 Bicolor Horsfieldi, large golden yel-	485 Prin
low trumpet and white perianth,	SILL
very early, 9d. each 6	486 Pseu
466 Bicolor Empress, very large golden	lor
yellow trumpet and white perianth,	487 Pseu
2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. each	tra
467 Brevifios, golden yellow trumpet, and	488 Rugi
sulphur perianth	per
dil), primrose, rare, 1s. 6d. each	489 Telai
469 Cernuus, trumpet and perianth	490 Telai
white, very beautiful, 1s. each 10 6	gol
470 Cernuus plenus, double white trum-	8
pet, beautiful, 2s. 6d. cach 21 0	404 77
471 Cernuus plenus bicinctus, double	491 Hum
white trumpet, with two rows of guard petals, beautiful, 2s.6d. each 21 0	492 Hum
guard petats, beautifut, 2s.6d. cach 21 0	yel.
perianth 6	493 Bicol
473 Lobularis grandiplenus, with the	ruh
largest double vellow trumpet 4 6	494 Bicol
474 Lobularis plenus, with the large	sul
double yellow trumpet	495 Bicol
475 Lorifolius, golden trumpet, and primrose perianth, 1s. each 10 6	496 Cern
476 Lorifolius Emperor, very large golden	wh
yellow trumpet and primrose peri-	497 Milne
anth 2s. 6d and 3s. 6d. each	smo
477 Major, trumpet and perianth fine	498 Shirl
golden yellow 10 61 6	yeli
478 Maximus, trumpet and perianth deep	499 Back
golden yellow, very large 15 62 6	tru

e dis	stinct from any other existing form.			
		per 10	o, per d	oz.
			d. s.	d.
479	Minimus, yellow trumpet, primrose	:		
	perianth, very rare		5	6
480	Minor, fine golden yellow, a rare			
	species		5	6
481	Moschatus, primrose trumpet and		3	
	white perianth, beautiful, 6d. cach		5	6
490	Nanus, rich yellow trumpet, prim-		3	•
702				6
400	rose perianth, a fine dwarf species	•••	3	0
483	Obvallaris, trumpet and perianth			-
	yellow, very early		3	0
484	Obvallaris maximus, rich golden			
	yellow, very large, and the earlies	Ş.		
	of the section, 1s. 6d. each		15	0
485	Princeps, yellow trumpet, perianth			
	sulphur, a remarkably handsome			
	very large species		03	6
486	Pseudo-Narcissus (Lent Lily), yel-			
	low trumpet, sulphur periauth	7	61	0
487	Pseudo-Narcissus plenus, golden			
	trumpet, sulphur perianth, 1s. each		10	6
499	Rugilobus, fine yellow trumpet,			_
100	perianth pale sulphur, beautiful			6
400			03	O
489	Telamonius, yellow trumpet, perianth			_
	primrose, very large and early	21	03	0
490	Telamonius plenus, the large double			
	golden yellow trumpet daffodil	7	6r	0
	NEW DAFFODILS.		ea	ch.
401		7 4 7.		,
491	Humei albidus, yellow trumpet, s	uipn		
	_perianth	••••••	0	9
492	Humei paradoxus, long yellow tr	ump	et,	
	rellore perianth		2	6
493	Bicolor maximus, large yellow tr	ump	et,	
	white perianth		2	6
491	Bicolor major, large yellow trump	et, ar	ıd	
	sulphur perianth		I	6
495	Bicolor sulphurescens, large vellow	trus	n-	
	pet, sulphur perianth		т	6
496	Cernius pulcher, large primrose tr	unite	et.	
	white perianth		I	6
497	Milnorii trumpet and perianth or	JAhn	*	
201	white perianth	spina	3	6
400	Chimlar Hibbard demanded and Ac		11. 3	U
<b>470</b>	Shirley Hibberd, trumpet and pe	776211	C10	6
400	yellow, very distinct		2	0
#33	Backhousel, white perianth, with	yello		-
	trumpet		3	6
	[Barra	na S	ugden,	

### GROUP II. - Medii-coronatæ, the Peerless Mock-Narcissus, or Queltia.

CHARACTER.—Crown half as long as the divisions of the perianth, but in one or two cases three quarters as long. In this galaxy of beauty Parkinson ealls the yellow Incomparabilis the Great Nonsuch Daffodil, and the white Incomparabilis the Peerless Daffodil; this latter white variety has two double forms—one has the nectary or centre rich orange, and the other sulphur, with flowers as large as a full sized rose. If required for May flowering, these two double varieties of Incomparabilis planted in January, will in May produce blossoms as perfect as Roses. Odorus is Parkinson's Lesser Nonpareil Daffodil, the varieties of which are larger forms of the graceful Jonquil, exceedingly valuable for vases and table bouquets. The handsome Odorus plenus is Queen Anne's double Jonquil. Macleai is a miniature Bicolor. Triandrus is unsurpassed for eleganee; Juneifolius and Montanus are distinct and beautiful.

The New Daffodils may thus be described: Incomparabilis differ from Parkinson's Nonsuch and Peerless in the great diversity of size of flower and colouration of the crown. Leedsii is a hybrid apparently of Montanus and Parkinson's Peerless, very distinct and exceedingly beautiful. Nelsoni is apparently a hybrid form of Bicolor, and the handsomest of all the New Daffodils. Barri is evidently a second cross, and apparently a hybrid of Incomparabilis and Pœtieus; the flowers are all beautiful.

per 100. per doz.		each
500 Incomparabilis, primrose, vellow 8, d, 8, d,	535 Incomparabilis sulphureus expansus.	. d.
crown, very beautiful 18 02 6	large spreading crown 1	
501 ,, aurantius, primrose, yellow	536 ,, ,, Beauty, large flower, with	
crown, margined orange 3 6	large orange-stained crown 2	6
502 ,, plenus, primrose, orange	537 ,, minor, small flower o	
nectary, very double 7 6 1 0	538 ,, ,, Leedsii, orange-scarlet stained	7
503 ,, semi-partita, pale primrose,	crown	. 0
cup sulphur and deeply lobed,	539 ,, ,, stellatus, starry flower o	-
2s. 6d. each	540 ,, albidus, sulphur-white perianth	
504 ,, albus (The Peerless Daffodil),	with yellow crown o	
white, yellow crown 7 6	EAT DIRECT STREET	9
505 ,, ,, plenus aurantius,	crown I	
white, orange nectary,		0
	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	6
FOC Plants and Internation	543 grandiflorus, large crown	
white, sulphur nectary,	,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	0
	,, ,,	-
507 Ctollo / 14 /1	545 aurantius, orange - stained	2 6
crown, the earliest of this		
	546 elongatus, long crown	
group by 14 days, 9d.each 7 6	77	6
508 Juncifolius, yellow, a charming small	547 ,, expansus, largespreading crown 1	
species, 6d. each 6	548 ,, ,, grandiflorus, large flower 1	6
509 Macleal, a fine dwarf species, with	549 ,, ,, Leedsii, orange-scarlet stained	
golden crown and white perianth 3 6	crown I	
510 Montanus, white, distinct, 2s. 6d. each	550 ,, minor, small flower	6
511 Odorus, rich yellow, cup deeply lobed	551 ,, albus, white perianth, with yellow	
and spreading 12' 62 0	crown I	0
512 , campernelle, rich yellow 5 61 0	552 ,, aurantius, with orange-stained	
513 , heminalis, rich yellow, and	crown I	0
fragrant 6	553 ,, ,, Crawfordi, large flower and	
514 ,, minor, rich yellow, fine	crown 2	6
"dwarf species 2 6	554 Leedsi, Gem, while perianth, with long	
minor plenus, rich golden	lemon crown 2	6
yellow 5 6	555 ,, Gem major, with long lemon crown 3	6
516 ,, rugulosus, rich yellow, cup	556 ,, amabilis, with lemon crown 3	6
wrinkled and nearly straight 12 62 0	557 ,, argentius, with silver crown. 3	6
517 Schizanthes orientalis, primrose,	558 ,, delicatus, with deep lemon crown 3	
yellow crown, very beautiful 4 6	559 ,, expansus, with large citron crown. 3	6
518 Triandrus albus, beautiful creamy	560 ,, gloriosus, with canary crown 3	6
white reflexed flowers 1s. each 10 6	561 ,, , major, with canary crown 3	6
519 Triandrus pulchellus, printrose,	562 ,, minor, short lemon crown 2	
perianth reflexed, creamy white	563 ,, primulinus, with citron crown 3	6
crown, is. 6d. each	564 ,, stellatus, with lemon crown 3	6
NEW DAFFODILS.	565 ,, superbus, with short lemon crown 3	6
520 Incomparabilis, yellow perianth, with each	566 Nelsoni, large white perianth and yellow	
yellow crown5s. 6d. per doz. o 6	crown 3	6
521 ,, expansus, large spreading crown 1 0	567 ,, aurantius, orange-scarlet stained	
522 ,, stellatus, starry flowered 0 9	crown 5	6
523 ,, grandiflorus, large flower and crown 1 0	568 ,, major, large flowered 3	6
524 ,, minor, small flowered 0 6	569 ,, minor, small flowered 3	6
525 ,, nanus, small flowered, with yellow	570 Barri, perianth and crown yellow o	9
crown 0 6	571 ,, albidus, sulphur-white perianth, yel-	-
526 ,, Leedsli, yellowperianth, with orange-	low crown I	0
scarlet stained crown 0 6	572 ,, expansus, spreading crown o	9
527 ,, expansus, large spreading crown 1 o	573 , aurantius, orange-stained crown 1	ó
528 ,, grandiflorus, large flower 1 0	574 ,, grandiflorus, yellow perianth,	
529 ,, minor, small flower 0 9	with orange-stained crown I	0
530 ,, marginatus, orange-margined	575 ,, expansus, yellow perianth. large yel-	
crown 0 9	low crown	6
531 ,, minor, small flower 0 9	576 ,, major, sulphur perianth, yellow crown 1	6
532 ,, sulphureus, sulphur perianth with		
yellow crown 0 6	577 ,, primulinus, primrose perianth, orange-tinged crown	6
533 ,, ,, aureo tinctus, with orange-	578 ,, stellatus, sulphur perianth, yellow	
tinged yellow crown 0 6	crown I	0
534 ,, grandifiorus, large flower 0 9	579 ,, albus, white, citron crown I	0
12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]	)) )) ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,, ,	
La and 13, Iking Street, Covent Garaen, 1079.]		

March Show of 1877.

### GROUP III.—Parvi-coronatæ, the true Narcissus and Tazetta forms.

CHARACTER.—Crown less than half as long as the divisions of the perianth.

The Poet's Narcissus Parkinson called the Purple and Saffron-ringed Daffodils. The varieties which flower in March and April are Angustifolius, Ornatus, Tripedalis, Poetarum and Grandiflorus. Those which flower in May are Recurvus and the double white variety. For vases and table bouquets the Poet's Daffodil, both early and late flowering, are highly prized; also the white flowers of Biflorus and the slender graceful blossoms of Gracilis; Intermedius is a beautiful dwarf variety; and Tenuior is the Silver Jonquil. The New Daffodils, Burbidgei, appear to be a third cross, and probably are hybrids of Barri and Poeticus, as the varieties run very close upon the one and the other. Burbidgei varieties may not inaptly be called early-flowering forms of Poeticus. The Tazetta, or Bunch-flowcred, offered in this Group, are remarkably beautiful, and in planting them the

top of the bulb should be six inches under the surface of the soil. per 100. per doz. s. d. s. d. per 100. per doz. 1. d. 1. d. 1. 6 6...I 0 596 Tazetta orientalis, white, orange crown, large flower..... 15 6...2 6 panzlanus, white, citron cup ... ... 5 6 ... ...5 598 papyraceus, pure white ... plena quantilla, white, 599 Jonquila. 600 584 Tenuior (Silver Jonquil), silvery 601 white, very graceful ..... ...3 6 602 Romanus, double white ... NEW DAFFODILS. POET'S NARCISSUS, MAY-FLOWERING. gei, white perianth, with cinnabar crown 603 Burbidgei, cach 585 Poeticus recurvus, pure white, red 3 6...0 crown, very fragrant albidus, sulphury white perianth, with orange-scarlet margined 604 largest roots ...... 6...I flore-pleno, pure white Gardenia-like sweet-scented 587 crown .....aurantius, suffused orange-I O 5 6...1 0 605 Rowers..... ,, largest roots ...... 10 6...1 6 scarlet crown ..... 6 T 588 conspicuus, white perianth, large crown, edged orange-scarlet ....... expansus, white perianth, with citron crown, tinged orange ...... 606 POET'S NARCISSUS, MARCH AND APRIL FLOWERING 3 589 Poeticus angustifolius, white, rose 607 6 crown..... 15 0...2 6 grandiflorus, white perianth, citron crown, tinged orange grandiflorus, white, crim-608 590 son crown, very large, 10s. 6d. each ...... ornatus, larger in flower 609 591 than Angustifolius ..... 21 0...3 6 610 marginatus, white perianth, with lemon crown, edged orange.
minor, sulphurywhite perianth, crown slightly tinged orange stellatus, white perianth, with yellow crown Postarum, white, crimson crown, 2s. 6d. each..... I 0 592 611 593 tripedalis, the crown more deeply marked than 612 I O in Ornatus ..... 9d. each ...7 6 594 Tazetta compressa, white, yellow 613 10 6 lacticolor, delicate primrose, sulphureus, primrose perianth, with 595 614 citron crown, edged cinnabar red ... yellow crown..... ... ...3 6 POLYANTHUS NARCISSUS FOR BEDS, RIBBONS, Etc.

The Polyanthus Narcissus, or bunch-flowered Daffodil, has always been prized as a cut flower. When planted in beds or masses they contrast well and are equally effective with the Tulip and the Hyacinth. The varieties offered are distinct, and may either be grouped, or grown in separate colours. In planting, the top of the bulb should be six inches under the surface of the soil. OUR OWN SELECTIONS. 6 617 25 in 6 splendid varieties ..... 618 12 in 6 ditto ditto ...... per doz.-s. d. 

The Polyanthus Narcissus, with its rich golden-yellow and snow-white flowers, is specially adapted for winter and spring decoration in pots, glasses, and jardinets. The culture is the same as that of the Hyacinth. When three buths are grown together in a 6 or 7-inch pot, the effect is greatly enhanced.

Where flowers are in demand in November, December, and early in January, the Paper White and Double Roman Narcissi are invaluable. Pot them early in the autumn, and when well rooted commence forcing as required. Thus treated, they and the Roman Hyacinth (see page 6), can be had in bloom from October.

The First Prize for Polyanthus Narcissus was awarded to us by the Royal Botanical Society at their March Show of 1872.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS.

	s, $d$ .	8.	d.
627	7 36 in 18 splendid varieties 12 6   629 18 in 18 splendid varieties	7	0
628	8 24 in 12 ditto ditto 7 6 630 12 in 12 ditto ditto	4	0
	If ordered by the dozen, those quoted at 3d. each will be charged 2s. 6d. per dozen; 4d., 3s. 6d.; 6d., 5s. 6d.		
	each—s. d. each—		d.
62		^	4

	each-	-s.	d.		each—s	. d.
631	Bathurst, primrose, orange cup	0	6	636	Gloriosa, white, orange cup, fine	4
4632	Bazelman Major, white, yellow cup	I	0	637	Grand Monarque, white, citron cup	
633	Czar Alexander, primrose, orange cup	0	Λ	638	Primo white, citron cup	4
·634	Florence Nightingale, white, orange cup	0	ă	639	Primo yellow (new), fine	8
-635	General Wyndham cangen wellow end	6	2	640	Soleil d'Or vellou orange cub C	) 3

[Barr and Sugden,

Pol	YANTHUS NARCISSUS—continued. each—	8.	d.		each-	-3.	d.		
641	Grootvorst, white, citron cup, fine	0	4	648	Queen of Netherlands, white and yellow	0	6		
642	Her Majesty, white, orange cup	0	TO	649	Queen Victoria, white, yellow cup				
643	Jaune Suprème, yellow	0	8	650	Roman, double white, orange nectary, very				
644	Lord Canning, primrose, yellow cup	0	6		early, 14s. &d. per 100, 2s. per doz	0	3.		
	Louis le Grand, white, primrose cup			651	Sir Isaac Newton, yellow, orange cup	0	8		
646	Perle d'Amour, primrose, yellow cup			652	Staten General, white, yellow cup		3		
617	Paper White, pure white, the earliest, very			653	Sulphurine, sulphur, light yellow cup, fine		4		
	pretty, 13s. 6d. per 100, 2s. per doz	0	3		White Pearl, pure white, primrose cup		6		
CHIEFE COUNTRY IONOUIT									

The double and single Jonquils are prized for their graceful sweet scented flowers. For indoor decoration, three or more should be grown in a 5-inch pot, and treated as recommended for the cultivation of the Hyacinth. per doz .- s. d. 655 Double, rich deep yellow, largest roots .... 3 6 657 656 ., , , second size roots ... 2 6 658 657 Single, rich yellow, largest roots...... 1 6 second size roots...... I O 31 33

### THE TULIP.

The Tulip is the most effective of Spring flowers; its colours are rich, diversified and beautiful. It is extremely hardy, and of the easiest possible culture, succeeding in any ordinary soil, and flowering with the same freedom in the shade as in the sunshine, and as much at home in a confined town garden as in more favoured situations. Rows of mixed Tulips, double and single, in front of shrubs, maintain a display for a long period, and in this respect, in such positions, they are unexcelled. Arranged in beds of distinct colours, or the colours intermingled, the Early Single Tulip is always an object of admiration. In gardens of limited extent, and where the flower beds must be kept gay from the first opening of Spring, the surface of the bed may be planted with Scilla sibirica, Snowdrops, or Crocus; thus arranged, the floral display is maintained till the Summer bedding plants are ready to put out.

bedding plants are ready to put out.

Will From our Collection we have omitted several which we consider superseded, and have replaced them by others of greater merit, this being the result of the extensive trials continually going on at our

Experimental Grounds.

### EARLY SINGLE TULIPS.

No other section of the Tulip displays so great a variety of delicate, striking, and attractive colours as these. Of selfs there are beautiful scarlets, crimsons, whites, and yellows. Of parti-colours, there are snow-white grounds, striped and feathered with purple, violet, crimson, rose, puce, and cerise; and yellow grounds, with erimson, scarlet, and red flakes and feathers; so that only those who have cultivated the varieties of Early Single Tulips systematically can form any just idea of their beauty and diversity, when massed in beds or groups in the flower horders, or group three in a pact for indear describing. in the flower borders, or grown three in a pot for indoor decoration.

The First Prize for Tulips was awarded to us by the Royal Botanic Society, at their Exhibition of March, 1877.

The growers for Covent Garden Market plant in shallow boxes as thickly as the bulbs can be placed together, and force gently, giving plenty of water, as the bulbs come into bloom they arrange them in pots or jardinets as required. 14s. 6d. per 100, 2s. per dozen.

EARLY SINGLE TULIPS FOR OUT-DOOR CULTURE OR FOR POTS.

THESE ARE SPLENDID IN BEDS, GROUPS, RIBBONS, RUSTIC BASKETS, VASES, FLOWER BOXES, ETC. OUR OWN SELECTIONS.

OUR OWN	SELECTIONS.
s. d.	s. d.
660 100 in 25 splendid newer varieties 21 0	664 ro each of 20 beautiful varieties 21 0
661 60 in 20 ,, ,,	
662 25 in 25 splendid varieties5/6 to 7 6	666 3 each of 20 , , 6 o
663 12 in 12 ,, ,,	
668 Fine mixed, 38s. per 1,000, 4s. per 100,	
669 Choice mixed, 50s 5s. 6d	
	IS
	70s. per 1,000, 7s. 6d. per 100, 1s. 3d. per dozen.
per 100. per doz.	per 200. per doz.
8. d. 8. d.	8, d, 8, d,
671 Alba Regalls, creamy white 2 6	689 Duc Van Thol, blush rose 17 62 6
672 Artus, dark scarlet, showy 7 0 1 0	690 ,, brilliant scarlet 12 61 9
673 Arms of Leyden, white, conspicu-	691 ,, bright yellow 18 62 6.
ously stained with rose 7 6 1 0	691 ", bright yellow 18 62 6 692 ", carmine
674 Bride of Haarlem, scarlet, feathered	693 , vermilion 15 02 6
white	694 , pure white 5 6
675 Brutus improved, golden yellow,	695 Duchess of Austria, orange-crimson,
feathered crimson 6	feathered and blotched yellow 2 0
676 Canary Bird, beautiful yellow 15 02 0	696 Duchesse de Parma, orange-crimson,
677 Cardinal Gold, rich crimson, gold	edged yellow, showy 5 6I o
striped, very beautiful 2 6	697 Duke of York, rose-lilac, edged white 10 61 6
	COO Floorers wished to with
678 Cardinal's Hat, carmine-red, very	698 Eleonore, violet-purple 10 61 6
effective 8 6 1 6	699 Epaminondas, rich erimson, feathered white
679 Unrysolora, pure yellow, large and	white 2 6
679 Chrysolora, pure yellow, large and handsome	700 Fabiola, rose-violet, striped and fea-
680 Claremont, rose, flushed white, large	thered white, splendid large flower 6
flower 0	701 Globe de Rigaut, violet, striped and
681 , flower	feathered white, handsome 2 6
682 Comte de Vergennes, white, feathered	702 Golden Prince, pure yellow 7 61 0
cerise-crimson 6	703 Grand Blanche, pure white 6
683 Cottage Maid, rose pink, shaded white 12 6 2 0	704 ImperatorGrisdeline, white, feathered
684 Couleur Cardinal, crimson-scarlet 12 62 0	
685 Couleur Ponceau, rich cerise 5 61 0	lake 10 6 1 6 705 Jan Luyken, crimson, with cerise
686 Couronne Pourpre, velvety crimson 7 61 0	
	glow, and flushed white 12 62 0
687 Cramoisi Superbe, rose-crimson,	706 Keizerskroon, crimson-scarlet, deeply
very rich	edged bright yellow, very handsome 14 · 02 6
688 Dorothea Blanche, white, striped	707 La Belle Alliance, brilliant
scarlet 6	crimson-scarlet 14 02 0
12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]	
5.	

TULIPS, EARLY SINGLE-continued. per 100. per doz.	per 100. per doz.
708 La Remarkable, purple, bordered s. d. s. d.	722 Silver Standard, scarlet, striped and s. d. s. d.
white 6	feathered pure white 10 6 1 6
709 Lac Van Rheim, rose-violet, deeply	723 Standard Gold, golden, striped crim-
margined with pure white 5 6 I O	son, very beautiful 6
710 Le Matelas, deep rose, edged white 6 o	724 Superintendent, white, striped and
711 Mollere, purple-violet, showy 10 61 6	feathered violet, very fine 6
712 Monument, dark cerise 6	725 Thomas Moore, glossy apricot, very
713 Paul Moreelze, deep carmine 10 61 6	pretty, and quite distinct 5 61 0
714 Pottebakker Yellow 18 o2 6	726 Van der Neer, rich violet, very hand-
715 ,, White, pure white, bold	some 21 03 6
handsome flower 13 62 0	727 Van Vondel, crimson-scarlet, flushed
716 Proserpine, rose-carmine, magnificent	white, large and very handsome 21 03 6
flower 21 03 6	728 Vermillon Brilliant, dazzling ver-
717 Queen Victoria, white, tinged rose 5 6 1 0	milion scarlet, spleudid colour 6
718 Roi Pepin, white, striped red, large 9 0	729 Wouverman, dark purple, splendid 17 62 6
719 Rose Grisdeline, rose, tinged white 5 61 0	730 Yellow Prince, pure yellow, a fine
720 Rose Luisante, beautiful rose, large 17 62 6	bedding var 5 6 I O
721 Samson Crimson, crimson-scarlet 10 61 6	

### EARLY DOUBLE TULIPS.

The flowers of these double Tulips are massive, brilliant in colour, diversified, and beautiful, and are admirably adapted for beds on the lawn, terrace, or flower garden, also as edgings to Rhododendron, Azalea, and Rose beds; and to plant in the flower and shrubbery borders in groups of three or more.

The \* indicates the varieties which may be grown in pots; the Tournesol, No. 758, is invaluable for sectional lines when the Early Single Tulip is planted in designs; it is also the most useful for forcing, and is extensively grown for Covent Garden Market. Imperator Rubrorum is one of the best searlets, and Tournesol Yellow is one of the best yellows, for pot culture. Most of the others are very effective in pots, but must be forced very gently. For indoor decoration, the Tulip requires the same cultural treatment as the Hyacinth. For beds or masses, Rex Rubrorum is the most effective scarlet, and La Candeur the most beautiful white. They are usually associated in bedding, and stand unrivalled amongst Spring flowering plants. associated in bedding, and stand unrivalled amongst Spring flowering plants.

We think it only right to state that our mixed double Tulips do not contain any of those nondescript colours which too frequently form part of the double Tulips sold in mixture.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS.

s. d.

731	100 in 20 splendid varieties		12	6	735	<b>Fine mixed</b> 4s. per 100, 9d. per	doz.	
732	60 in 20 ,, ,,		8	6	736	Choice mixed5s. 6d. ,, is. ,,		
733	20 in 20 ,, ,,		4	0		Splendid mixed, from named varietie	s, 75. 6	id.
734	12 in 12 ,, ,,			6	i	per 100, 1s. 3d. per doz.		
738	Double Duc Van Thol, red, margin	ed ve	ellow.	Th	is dwa	arf showy early-flowering Tulip is useful for	r edgi	ng
	and broad marginal lines. 36s. po							3
		per IO	o. per d	oz.		per Io	o, per d	oz.
739	Blanc Bordé Pourpre, violet-purple,	8.	d. s.	d.	750	*Mariage de ma Fille, pure white, s.		
	bordered white	7	01	0		striped cerise	3	6
740	*Couronne de Roses, deep cerise,				751	*Murillo, rose and white, beautiful . 12	62	0
	very beautiful	14	62	0	752	*Overwinnaar, white, striped rose-		
741	*Duke of York, crimson, edged	•				violet, handsome 7	01	0
	white, very pretty	6	01	0	753	*Pæony Gold, crimson, striped gold 7		
742	*Extremité d'Or, bright crimson-				754	*Pæony Rose, rose-crimson 7	01	0
	scarlet, edged yellow, fine		3	0	755	*Purple Crown, rich velvety-crim-		
743	Gloria Solis, scarlet, deeply edged					son, very fine 5	OI	0
	with bright yellow, fine		OI	0	756	*Rex Rubrorum, brilliant crimson-		
744	*Helianthus, crimson, edged gold		2				OI	0
	*Hercules, white and scarlet		3		757		OI	
	*Imperator Rubrorum, rich crim-		5			*Tournesol, scarlet, edged yellow,		
	sou-scarlet, beautiful	IO	6I	6		very beautiful 14	02	0
747	*La Candeur, pure white				759	*Tournesol Yellow, yellow, flushed		
	*Lady Grandison, fine scarlet					orange, very fine 16	02	6
	*Le Blason, rose and white, finc				760	*Yellow Rose, very beautiful pure		
, 10	20 2202, 100 270 0000, 300 11111					yellow, fragrant flowers 5	OI	0
						,, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
	CECNEDIANA T	TITI	D OP	וידי	TTTPA	SINENSIS HORTENSIS		

### GESNERIANA TULIP OR TULIPA SINENSIS HORTENSIS.

761 Gesneriana. This is the largest flowered and most showy of all Tulips, and grows taller than any other variety; this, combined with the intense dazzling searlet colour and glittering black centre of the flower, indicates its value for distant effect in isolated beds, in lines, ribbons, or groups in front of shrubs, per 100, 7s.; per doz., 1s.

### VARIEGATED FOLIAGED TULIPS.

These are very attractive, the leaves are beautifully variegated, and are decorative from the time they appear

CALL	The grounds and the oquality or manne	,	-							
		per	doz	-ca	ch.			per	doz.—ea	ich.
		8.	d.	8.	d.			3.	d. 8.	d.
762	Duc Van Thol, leaves margined sil-					766	Maria de Medicis, leaves variegated	2	00	3
	very white	3	6	0	6		Purple Crown, leaves finely banded			
763	Feu de l'Empire, leaves golden	,					golden yellow		60	6
	variegated	3	6	.0	6	768	Rex Rubrorum, leaves variegated			
764	Greigii, leaves spotted like Orchis	,					white, lined with a reddish hue	4	60	6
	maculata			2	6	769	Silver Standard, leaves variegated			
765	Lac Van Rheim, leaves broadly mar-						white		60	q
			0	0	2	770	Yellow Rose, leaves gold striped			
		-	J.,		J		[Barra			_

1/6 0 1/6 0 1/6 0

3

### MAY-FLOWERING SINGLE TULIPS.

The May-howering Tumps are most valuable	e, m	ey produce a grand display of field and varied coloured
flowers in close succession to the Early Single Tuli	ps, an	d on this account should be freely planted. The mixed
English varieties quoted are specially recommended	d, the	mixture consisting of the beautiful named varieties of
one of the finest English collections. per 100, per	doz.	per 100, per doz,
771 Mixed Bizarres, yettow ground, s. d. s	. d.	774 Mixed Roses, white ground, striped s. d. s. d.
striped crimson, purple, or white 10 6:		crimson, pink, or scarlet 12 62 0
772 Mixed Byblæmens, white ground,		775 Fine Mixed Varieties 7 61 0
striped black, tilac, or purple 12 0		
773 Mixed White Grounds 12 0	2 6	777 Splendid Mixed English Varieties. 15 62 6

PARROT OR DRAGON TULIPS. The large and euriously laciniated flowers of these picturesque Tulips resemble a parrot's beak; the varied and rich eolours in the same flower form brilliant and beautiful combinations. In mixed flower and shrubbery borders these Tulips are strikingly effective. Cultivated in hanging baskets the large flowers droop over and have quite an orehidaeeous appearance.

per doz.—	-8.	d.	per doz.—s. d.
778 Admiral de Constantinople, red, slightly			781 Monster Rouge, large crimson 1 6
tipped orange	I	6	782 Markgraaf Van Baden, bright yellow,
779 Coffee Colour, crimson-brown, striped			striped bright scarlet and green I 6
yeltow and green	I	0	783 Perfecta, yellow, striped green, tipped scarlet I o
780 Large Yellow, pure yellow, slightly striped			784 Fine Mixedper 100, 5/6 1 0
crimson and green	I	0	785 Splendid Mixed, 8/6 I 6

VARIOUS SPECIES OF TULIPS.

These are beautiful and very interesting. Clusiana, with its Ixia-like flowers, is a gem; Cornuta, has long twisted petals resembling spiral horns; Oculus Solis, has a conspicuous crimson-black centre; Viridifora is green margined yellow; Sylvestris is the sweet-seented Wood-Tulip; Retroflexa and Elegans have gracefully recurved petals; Persica, is dwarf, fragrant, and very floriferous, and is effective for edgings.

	each-	-8.	d.		each-	į
78	36 Clusiana, white, striped red, with violet			791 Persica, yellow, fragant, dwarf, an	d valu-	
	centre, beautifulper doz. 3/6		4	able for edging, per 100, 10/6; per		
78	37 Cornuta, yellow and red, 1/6	0	3	792 Retroflexa, yettow	,, 1/6	
78	88 Elegans, rich carmine ,, 1/6	0	3	793 Sylvestris, yellow, sweet-scented	., 1/6	
78	39 Fulgens, red ,, 1/6	0	3	794 Viridiflora, green, edged yellow,	,, I/6	
79	00 Oculus Solis (Sun's Eye), crimson, with		_	795 Fine Mixed Species	,, 2/6	
	black centre, remarkableper doz. 2/-	0	3			

### CROCUS.

The Croeus is charmingly beautiful, and among the first to unbosom its flowers in Spring. It possesses considerable diversity of eolour, and deservedly oeeupies a prominent place wherever Spring flowers are prized. As a permanent edging to beds, planted in triple lines, in distinct or diverse eolours, the display is remarkably striking. The effect is also grand planted in broad marginal lines in the flower border. We have seen long, wavy bands of golden yellow, of striped, of purple, and of pure white Crocus, also fancy devices, and groups of 10 to 1,000 bulbs expand, in February and March, with such brilliant effect as to clicit the most unbounded admiration. Planted in lawns and pleasure parks, where the grass is not mown very early, the Crocus and Snowdrop are extremely effective. The frequenters of Rotten Row were this season charmed with the profusion of Crocus dotted all over the grass. In wildernesses, woodland walks, rockeries, etc., they are universal favourites as associates of the sweet-seented violet, the primrose, and the oxlip.

The Autumn and Winter flowering Crocus cannot be too highly praised. Early in September they commence flowering, and continue in succession till the Spring varieties come into bloom. Crocus speciosus is the only really blue Crocus in cultivation, and is the most beautiful of Autumn flowers. (See 845.)

### CHEAP DUTCH CROCUS.

These are offered by the thousand to induce extensive planting as edgings to flower-beds, or in shrubbery borders, woodland walks, wild gardens, lawns, pleasure parks, etc. To one customer we supplied about 50,000 Golden Yellow Crocus to edge off beds cut in the grass, and such was the effect that he has gone on edging beds and borders, as opportunity occurred, throughout his garden, and with such surpassing results that in February and March the skill of the artist fails to portray the gorgeous effect. On another occasion we sent to him 20,000 purple, white, and striped to plant in alternate lines with the Early Tulips, so that in February and March the Tulip beds were gay with Crocus. 

797	<pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre><pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre></pre>		36	799 100 in 8 ,,	2 0
				per 100, 1s. 6d., per 1000	
		∞. per 100. per		per 1000	o. per 100. per doz.
	. 8.	d. 8. d. s	. d.	8.	d. s. d. s. d.
801	Blue and Purple, mixed 15	OI 90	0 4	807 Cloth of Silver, white, striped	
802	Striped, mixed 15	01 90	4	purple or lilac 18	02 00 4
803	White, mixed 15	OI 90	) 4	808 Cloth of Gold, golden yellow,	
	Golden Yellow, very fine 13			striped brown 18	02 00 4
	Large Golden Yellow 18			809 Scotch, white, striped purple. 25	03 00 6
	Extra large Golden Yellow 25			310 Versicolor, white, striped purp. 18	02 00 4
		CHOICE NA	MED	UTCH CROCUS.	

The following varieties embrace the largest flowered and most diversified colours to be found amongst Croeus, and are recommended for their rich, beautiful, and distinct colours. They are admirably adapted for select beds, or earrying out specific designs. Amongst them are purples of various shades, whites pure as a snow-flake, and yellows bright as burnished gold; while amongst variegates, Sir Walter Seott stands out prominently with flowers almost as large as the Tulip. For pot culture, the following varieties are the best; they should be planted thickly, and in the first stage treated as recommended for the cultivation of the Hyacinth, in pots. When removed from under the ashes, place them in an airy situation, and give water freely.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS.	-	
811 1000 in 10 splendid varieties 30 0   813 250 in 10 splendid varieties	8	6
812 500 in 10 ,, 16 6 814 100 in 20 ,,	4	6
815 Extra fine mixed, from named varieties, all colours	s.	
12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]		

CROCUS—continued.	per 1	100, per c	loz.			100. рег а	
	В.	d, 8.	d.	I		d. s.	d.
816 Barr's New Golden Yellow, roots ex	4			825 Mont Blanc, large pure white	3	60	6
tremely large, and generally pro				826 Ne Plus Ultra, fine lilac-purple		00	
ducing from 12 to 18 flowers each	. 4	60	9	827 Othello, fine dark purple	3	60	6
817 David Rizzio, deep purple	. 3			828 Pride of Albion, white, striped a			
818 General Garibaldi, white, stripe	d			large and fine		60	6
purple	. 3	60	6	829 Prince Albert, large purple-lile	c 3	00	
819 Koh-i-noor, large dark purple (new	) 7	6r	0	830 Princess Alexandra, white, sa			
820 La Majestueuse, violet striped, on				lilac, large flower		00	6
delicately tinted ground		60	6	831 Queen Victoria, pure white	3	00	
821 La Neige, snow white	. 4	00	_	832 Sir J. Franklin, large dark pur		00	_
822 Lamplighter, bright purple	. 4	00		833 Sir Walter Scott, beautifully	hen-		
823 Lilacinus superbus, sky blue	. T	60		cilled lilac, very large		00	6
824 Mrs. Beecher Stowe, pure white		00	-	834 Vulcan, rich purple-lilac		00	
i.	. 3				3	00	-

CHOICE SPECIES OF CROCUS.

Those enumerated under this heading are more or less rare. They are all beautiful, and we recommend them to cultivators of hardy flowers, as they form the connecting link between the bulbous plants of Summer and of Spring. In our Experimental Grounds we have one or other of these species of Crocus in bloom from September to April. The first to flower is Nudiflorus, with its large violet-purple blossoms, followed by Speciosus, the only really blue Crocus; it is a great beauty, and continues in flower a long time. These are followed by Serotinus, Sativus, and the beautiful soft lilac Odorus longiflorus, and Imperati, with its remarkable combination of colours; these, and a few other species which we hope to offer at some future time, continue the succession till the Dutch varieties of C. Vernus commence blooming; (a) indicates the Autumn flowering Crocus, (w) the Winter, and (s) those which flower very early in Spring.

	(-)	•••		****					
		per	doz, ca	ch			per	doz. cac	h
			d. s.				8.	d, $s$ ,	d.
835	Aureus, rich golden yellow, rare (s)	7	60	Ω	843	Serotinus, blue (a)		60	
836	Biflorus pusillus, a miniature form	′		9	844	Sieberi (nivalis), violet (w)		60	
	of the Scotch crocus (s)	2	60	3		Speciosus, blue, very effective in	•		
837	Imperati, violet, fawn, and black (w)	4	60	6		lines and masses (a) per 100, 10/6	I	60	3
838	Lacteus, creamy-white (s)	7	60	9	846	Stellaris, yellow, black striped (s)	I	60	3
839	Nudiflorus, violet-purple (a)	3	60	4		Sulphureus concolor, sulphur (s)			
840	Odorus longinorus, soft lilac (a)	4	60	6		,, striatus, yellow, striped			
841	Oliverii, orange yellow) (w)		Y	0		black (s)		60	3
842	Sativus, purple (a)	0	6	••	849	,, pallidus, primrose (s)		60	

### TRICHONEMA (ROMULEA).

These fine hardy plants are remarkable for a slender grassy foliage and large beautiful satiny flowers; they are also admirable plants for pot culture.

| cach—s. d. | cach—s. d. |
| 850 Bulbocodium, purple-lilac, ½ ft., per | 852 Speciosum, carmine, very fine, ½ ft., per 852 Speciosum, carmine, very fine, ½ ft., per doz. 4|6...... o 6
853 Clusei, in mixed colours .....per doz. 5/6 o 6 851 Ramiflorum, purple, very handsome, ½ ft., per doz. 4/6..... 0 6

### THE AUTUMN-FLOWERING MEADOW-SAFFRON (COLCHICUM).

The great Crocus-like flowers of the Autumn Meadow-Saffron carpet the ground in September and October with colours ranging from pure white, through all the shades of rose, to the intense crimson-magenta of Speciosum rubrum, No. 877, figured in "The Garden" of 30th June, 1877. All the flowers are more or less chequered, but Parkinsonii and Variegata are conspicuously and elegantly chequered. The foliage appears in spring, and is almost as varied as the flowers; some have large massive leaves, others small and frill-like.

	By and to the fact as the first of the fact and the fact and the fact.		
	per doz.	-a,	d.
859	Autumnale, rich rose-purplepcr 100, 10s. 6d.	1	6
860	" plenum, lilac, large and very double	2	6
861	" striatum, lilac, striped white, large and very double	3	6
862	alhum due aubite	4	6
863	, album, pure white	2	_
	,, pienum, pure white, targe, and very doubteeach 2s.	21	0
864	,, pallidum, pale delicate rose	4	6
865	roseum, rose-titac	4	6
866	Striatum, rose-lilac, striped white	2	6
867	Atro-purpureum, deep purple, striped pale pink, very dwarf	2	6
868	periologi, pate rose	í	6
869	Byzantinum, rose, flowers beautiful, perfect in form, and produced in great profusion per 100, 215.	2	0
870	" longipetalum, rose, very distinct and beautiful	2	6
871	,, fol. variegatis, foliage variegated	10	6
872	Lætum, pale rose, very small flowerseach	Y	0
873	Montanum (Merendera Bulbocodium), rich rose-lilac	5	6
874	Parkinsonii, petals gracefully reflexed, and beautifully chequered rose-lilac and white	I	6
875	Soboliferum (Merendera Soboliferum)	~	6
876	8peclosum, flowers larger and of the same beautiful rose-colour as Byzantinumeach	2	6
877	rubrum, intense crimson-magenta, petals of great substance, and flowers the largest and		_
	most magnificent of the family. each	2	6
878	Variegatum, syn. tesselatum and Agrippinum, chequered rose-purple and white per 100, 151.	3	6
879	pallidum, rose, chequered whiteeach	-	6
-,,	)) paradata, 1996, brequesca where	1	0

### THE SPRING-FLOWERING MEADOW-SAFFRON (BULBOCODIUM).

The masses of rich rose-purple flowers which early in spring precede the foliage, impart to this highly decorative plant a very distinctive character for permanent edgings, rockwork, and flower borders.

880 Vernum, rose-purple, per 100, 10s. 6d.; per doz., 1s. 6d.

881 ,, fol. variegatis, rose-purple, foliage margined white, per doz., 5s. 6d., each 6d.

Barr and Sugden.

### SNOWDROP (GALANTHUS NIVALIS).

It is seldom that an entire bed is given up to the Snowdrop, although there is nothing more beautiful than the sheet of graceful snowy blossoms produced by the Snowdrop when grown in large masses and planted thickly, the bulbs almost touching each other. A succession of bloom from the same bed can be secured by planting Tulips, Hyacinths, or Narcissus at a depth of six inches, and the Snowdrops on the top of these at a depth of two inches. When the Snowdrops have passed out of bloom, there remains an elegant green carpet of foliage to set off the more massive blossoms of the Tulip or the Hyacinth. A fine effect is also produced by intermingling Crocus and Snowdrops, and a bed of surpassing beauty is formed with a deep edging of Scilla sibirica and a centre of Snowdrops of the State of the surpassing beauty is formed with a deep edging of Scilla sibirica and a centre of Snowdrops of the State of the surpassing beauty is formed with a deep edging of Scilla sibirica and a centre of Snowdrops of the State of

drops, or vice versa.

It is in permanent situations, however, that the Snowdrop is most generally used, such as edgings, lines, and masses, the roots remaining undisturbed for years. In lawns and pleasure parks the Snowdrop, dotted about in tufts or masses, looks charming in the grass. In planting, the turf need not be disturbed, but holes five inches deep should simply be made with a dibber, dropping in two inches of fresh soil, then three or more bulbs, keeping the boles about three inches apart. The same thing done on banks and grass slopes produces a

for the bottom about three modes aparts	and build thing di	one on p	mins and	Brass sic	pes prou	uces	a
fine effect.		s. d.		a. d.			d.
882 Double-flowering	202 7000					04	ш.
882 Double-flowering	ber 1000	21 0 .	per 100	2 0	. per doz.	0	5
883 Single-flowering.		21 0	,,	2 6		- 1	2
004 7	,,	21 0 ,	*** **	2 0	. ,,	0	5
884 Double-flowering, extra large roots		30 0	,,	3 6		0	6
						0	0
	,,	30 0 .	,,	36		0	6
THE	GIANT SNOWDRO	מי כו	,	3 - 11	"	_	-

The large flowered species of Snowdrops are from the remote parts of Western Europe, and distinguished from the ordinary Snowdrop by their broader foliage, larger flowers, and taller growth; wherever bardy bulbs are cultivated, these Giant Snowdrops should occupy a prominent position. 

### THE SPRING AND SUMMER SNOW-FLAKE (LEUCOJUM).

Leucojum Vernum is one of the earliest and loveliest of Spring flowers; and as we are able to quote them at a cheap rate, we hope to have large sales. Estivum and Pulchellum are remarkable in April and May for their elegant blossoms, which, when used in bouquets, cannot be distinguished from the Snowdrop. While we are writing this, Leucojum (Acis Autumnalis) is beautifully in flower in our Experimental Grounds. each—1. d. 889 Autumnale, white and pink, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft. per doz., 2s. 6d., large 100s, 3s. 6d.; each 3d. \(\frac{3}{2}\) o 4891 Pulchellum, white, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft. per doz., 2s. 6d., large 100s, 3s. 6d.; per doz., 3s. 6d. o 4892 Vernum, white, \(\frac{3}{4}\) ft. per 100, 10s. 6d.; per doz., 1s. 6d. o 3

### SCILLA.

Early in Spring, the intense rich blue of Scilla sibirica, and the beautiful ultramarine blue of Scilla bifolia can hardly be overestimated, flowering as they do with the Snowdrop and the Crocus, and forming with these a pleasing and beautiful effect. For permanent edgings and groups these Scillas are matchless, flowering so freely as almost to hide the foliage. Cultivated in pots or jardincts, alone, or associated with other bulbs, they are useful for indoor decoration. When planted in flower beds, the rich coloured blossoms are produced so abundantly as to carpet the ground. Bifolia comes first into bloom, and is closely followed by Sibirica, which is succeeded by Amœna and Italica, thus forming a connecting link with the Wood Hyacinth on page 29. Italica is a charming plant, with clear norrelain blue flowers, and a dwarf compact growth.

### PUSCHKINIA.

These are delicately beautiful plants, the flowers rising from the midst of small concave leaves. The varieties of Libanotica are the most decorative, and should be in every collection of hardy bulbous plants. s. d. 903

### CHIONODOXA.

To George Maw, Esq., English gardens are indebted for the introduction of this most beautiful hardy ng flower. The blossoms are intense ricb blue, and when produced from established plants are so abundant Spring flower. as literally to carpet the ground. 904 Lucillæ, rich blue .....eacb 7 6

### TRITELEIA (MILLA).

The varieties of Uniflora as permanent edgings are unique, also beautiful in beds or masses. Their handsome flowers expand early in Spring and continue to the end of May, the effect being enhanced when Anemone Apennina is associated. Pots of from six to twelve roots, are very effective under glass. T. laxa and Murrayana flower throughout June and July, producing large umbels of the most lovely coloured blossoms.

2016 Uniflora consplcua, white, shaded porcelain, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.

2017 per 100, 25, 6d.; per doz., 26.

2018 Laxa, porcelain, striped violet, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.

2019 per 100, 105, 6d.; per doz., 25, 6d.

2020 candida, white, new, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.

2031 per 100, 105, 6d.; per doz., 25, 6d.

2040 gog, atro-purpurea, purple, 1 ft.

2050 gog, atro-purpurea, purple, 1 ft.

2050 gog, atro-purpurea, purple, 1 ft.

2050 gog, atro-purpurea, purple, new, 1 ft.

2050 gog, atro-purpurea, white, suffused porcelain, flowering in large umbels, new, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.

2051 gog, and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.

### DOG'S-TOOTH VIOLET (ERYTHRONIUM DENS-CANIS).

No prettier sight could meet the eye than a mass of the beautifully variegated foliage of Dog's-tooth Violet. Few of the much prized Ancectochilus of India are equal to them in their variegations and when covered with their graceful Cyclamen-like flowers, which range in colour from the deepest purple to the purest white, the effect is matchless. Americanum is remarkable for its rich yellow blossoms, and Giganteum for producing its large d. 6 handsome flowers in bunches handsome flowers in bunches.

913 Erythronium Dens.canis, purple, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft. per 100, 7s. 6d.;

914 ,, album, white, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft. per 100, 15s.;

915 ,, major, white, large flowered, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.

916 ,, purpureum major, purple, large flowered, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.

917 ,, roseum, rose, large flowered, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.

918 ,, passifiorum, rose, shading to white, large flowered, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft. .....per 100, 7s. 6d.; per doz. 6 4 6 3 6 666 candidum, distinct, & ft. ..... 919 mixed, fine per 100, 10s. 6d.;
, large flowered

Americanum, bright yellow, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.
giganteum (new), 1 ft.
each 1s. 6d., & 2s. 6d. 920 6 921 6 923

### WINTER ACONITE.

The golden blossoms of the Winter Aconite, resting on their emerald-green cushion, strikingly contrast with the pure white of the Snowdrop and the lovely blue of Scilla sibirica. The rich green carpet of leaves, continuing long after the flowers, makes it a valuable plant in situations where it is difficult to clothe the ground with anything else, such as under trees, and in moist situations where few flowering plants will thrive.

924 Winter Aconite, golden yellow, per doz., 6d.; per 100, 2s. 6d.; per 1000, 21s. to 30s.

### IRIS.

The large Banksian Silver Medal of the Royal Horticultural Society was awarded to our collection of tris, exhibited in June, 1877; June, 1878; and July, 1879; also Certificates for new varieties of the Japanese

Itis, exhibited in June, 1877; June, 1878; and July, 1879; also certificates for new varieties of the Jupanese Flag Iris.

Like the Orchid in the hot-house, the Iris in the flower garden is the richest and most varied in colour, and diverse in form. The varieties are all perfectly hardy, and should be freely planted in the borders of the dress garden and the shrubbery; also for naturalization in woodland walks and wild gardens, for which they are preeminently suited, as once properly planted, they require no further care. Where cut-flowers are in demand, the Iris will be found invaluable, surpassing the choicest and the most curious Orchids in richness, variety, and remarkable combination of colours, while embracing every feature which characterises the wonderful diversity found in Orchid flowers. The cultural requirements of Orchids necessarily confine their enjoyment to a very few; but the Iris may be enjoyed by all, even those who have only a few square yards for their flower garden. A judicious selection of Iris, including the most magnificent in colour and form, with the most quaint in combinations of colour, would furnish to the cultivator of hardy plants all the beauty and variety that the most valuable of colour, would furnish to the cultivator of hardy plants all the beauty and variety that the most valuable collection of orchidaceous plants could impart, and form a succession from Christmas to August, at an outlay not exceeding the price of a single specimen Orchid. Iris Alata, Histrio, Reticulata, and Stylosa, are winter-flowering. Reticulata we have seen expanding its rich violet gold-blotched fragrant blossoms when are winter-flowering. Reticulata we have seen expanding its rich violet gold-blotched fragrant blossoms when the ground was covered with snow, and remaining uninjured with the thermometer several degrees below freezing point. Following these comes the violet-seented Persica, with its delicate pearly flowers, inlaid with purple and gold. Next in the succession is the beautiful Iberica. Then follows the Punila, and other varieties in this section of dwarf Iris. Close upon these comes the Barbata group, with its kindred species and varieties, and their endless variations of colour, ranging from white and the richest golden yellow, to rose, intense purple, and the most beautiful bronzes. Sibirica then continues the chain of succession with its pretty small orchicl-like blossoms; and following these, the splendid Japanese Kæmpferi, with grand clematis-like flowers, ranging from snow-white to rose, lilac, magenta, purple, crimson, and violet; and with the flowers ranging in size from 5 to 7 inches in diameter, with a breadth of petal 2½ to 3½ inches. A coloured Plate of two magnificent varieties will appear in "The Garden." The Spanish Iris somewhat precede I. Kæmpferi, their flowers are snow-white, porcelain-blue, clear yellow, and rich chestnut, having combinations of mottlings which are only to be compared with those of the rare and curious Orchids. Following these come the English Iris, with their sumptuous flowers, representing almost every shade of colour, distinct and in combination, thus carrying the succession to the end of July, and can only be compared with the Lælias and Cattleyas, the Queens of the Orchids. We have not spoken however, of the pretty Peacock Irris, nor of the wonderful Iris Susiana, nor of the Variegated foliaged Iris, which is so valuable in vases and so effective in the flower garden, nor of the charming little Iris Cristata for dry banks. These, and the handsome beardless species quoted on page 24, form the unbroken chain.

To cut for filling vases and for table bouquets, the whole of the Iris are admirably adapted, and when it is necessary to forward the flowers to a distance, they should be cut just before expanding, for, like the Gladioli, the blassoms will open in water. The effect is greatly enhanced when the individual flowers are arranged in sand or moss,

ENGLISH IRIS (THE LARGE BULBOUS IRIS OF SPAIN). These magnificent tris succeed best in well-drained soil, but when the soil is heavy, surround the bulbs with sand. The planting may be done from September to December for a July display. The varieties described are distinct, and as strikingly beautiful and varied as the most splendid hot-house orchids.

We annually exhibit at the Meetings of the Royal Horticultural Society flowers of this grand Iris.

In the descriptions, S. is used to signify the Standards or erect petals, F. the Falls or drooping petals.

926	3 each of 24 magnificent varieties	1 6	
927	1 each of 12 ditto 3 0 930 Named var., mixed ,, 12/6 ,, per	r doz. cach.	
932 933 934 935	Amusant, S. purple F. rich violet, with white and yellow 2 Armida, S. crimson-black, F. purple flaked crimson-black, with white and yellow 2 Blanche fleur, S. and F. ivory-white, tinged soft rose 3	6o 3 6o 3 6o 4 6o 3	

ENGLISH, SI ANISH, AND THE SOUDK! BOLDOOS IKIS.			19
	per d	oz. ca	ach.
Iris, English—continued.		1 0	a
937 Cleo, S. velvety black, F. rich violet with white and yellow	2	60	3
938 Gertrude, S. red lilac, F. lilac spotted purple	2	60	3
939 Graaf Bentink, S. magenta, flaked white, F. white, spotted crimson	2	60	3
940 Grande Geleste, S. teteritat viae, r. teteritat viae with white and yellow, very large	5		
941 Grande Blanche, S. white, slightly feathered purple, F. white, slightly blotched purple	2	60	3
942 Henri IV., S. red la veuder, F. pale lavender 943 La Charmante, S. deep lavender blue, F. white, margined light lavender	2	60	3
944 La Superbe, S. lavender, flaked purple, F. delicate lavender, blotched purple	2	50	3
945 La Vierge, S. violet-purple, F. violet-blue	2	60	3
946 L'Unique, S. rich claret, F. purple, shading to blue with white and yellow	2	60	3
947 Mountain of Snow, S. and F. while, very large	-	60	3
948 Mount Rianc S and is our nubite very bandsome	5	60	0
948 Mount Blanc, S. and F. pure white, very handsome. 949 Orion, S. purple-violet, F. blue-violet, and white	3	60	4
950 Palatinus, S. lavender, flaked purple, F. delicate lavender, spotted purple	2	60	
Q61 Palana S rich claret hi rich crimson mith mbite and vellon	^	6 0	-
952 Pharon, S. velvety crimson, F. rich crimson 953 Plato, S. violet. F. velvety crimson, shading to purple 954 Sans Souci, S. lilac, flaked purple, F. satiny lilac, spotted purple	2	60	3
953 Plato. S. violet. F. velicty crimson, shading to purple	2	6 0	3
954 Sans Souci. S. lilac. Maked purple. F. satiny lilac, spotted purple	2	6 0	3
955 Simon, S. lavender, spotted purple, F. delicate lavender, spotted blue	2	6 0	3
956 Vainqueur, S. lavender, feathered violet, F. delicate lavender, spotted violet	2	60	3
956 Vainqueur, S. lavender, feathered violet, F. delicate lavender, spotted violet	2	60	2
SPANISH IRIS (THE SMALL BULBOUS IRIS OF SPAIN).			J
The Spanish Iris flowers a fortnight earlier than the English Iris, from which it differs considerable	th	o 60	
are smaller, the combination of colours altogether different, and the blendings more curious, in this r			
bling the more rare and curious of the orchids. They require the same cultural treatment as the E	nalie	h Iric	111-
we amusing exhibit howers of the Spanish It's at the meetings of the Royal Hotticultural	500	ety.	,
We annually exhibit flowers of the Spanish Iris at the meetings of the Royal Horticultural  s. d.  958 3 each of 12 magnificent varieties	or do	8.	":
950 T each of the mixed	si uo	2. 0	0
20   302 Choice mixed	ner d	02. 63	ch
962 Alexander, S. chestnut, F. olive and yellow	2	60	3
963 Armida, S. sky-blue, F. olive and orange	2	60	3
964 Aurora, S. pearl-blue, F. yellow and orange	2	60	3
965 Bathurst, S. primrose, F. rich yellow and orange	2	60	3
966 Beauty, S. violet-blue, F. olive and orange	2	60	3
967 California, S. rich yellow, F. yellow, spotted orange	2	60	3
968 Cleon, S. violet, flaked purple, F. olive and yellow	2	60	3
969 Cleopus, S. lilac, F. white and yellow	2	60	3
970 Clymene, S. red purple, F. olive and yellow	2	60	3
971 Darius, S. porcelain, F. white and orange	2	60	3
972 Diomedes, S. dark porcelain, F. sulphur and yellow	2	60	3
973 Florence Nightingale, S. sulphur, F. vellow and orange	2	6 0	2
974 Gem. S. blue. F. olive and orange	2	60	2
975 Gen. Havelock, S. white, tinged blue, F. white and orange	2	60	3
976 Gen. Wyndham, S. sulphur, F. yellow and orange	2	60	3
977 Jupiter, S. violet, F. violet, spotted orange	2	60	3
978 La Seduisante, S. chestnut purple, F. olive and orange	2	60	3
979 La Vestale, S. white, F. white and yellow 980 Louis le Grande, S. lavender blue, F. pearl and yellow	2	60	3
980 Louis le Grande, S. lavender blue, F. pearl and yellow	2	60	3
981 Louis Phillipe, S. light purple, F. chestnut and yellow	2	60	3
982 Ne Plus Ultra, S. light olive-primrose, F. golden yellow and orange	2	60	3
983 Philomele, S. chestnut, F. chestnut and yellow	2	60	3
984 Romulus, S. blue, flaked brown, F. yellow and orange	2	60	3
985 Satisfalsante, S. violet, F. blue and yellow 986 Venus, S. bronze yellow, F. rich orange	2	60	3
986 Venus, S. bronze yellow, F. rich orange	2	60	
987 Victoria, S. white, flaked blue, F. primrose and orange	2	60	3
SUNDRY BULBOUS IRIS.	~		
The Iris offered under this heading are all hardy and beautiful. Alata flowers variously from	septe	ember	to
Christmas. Histrio, weather permitting, flowers at Christmas; Reticulata follows soon after, and grow	n un	der gla	ISS
it can be had in flower with the early forced bulbs; it is delicately fragrant, and the colours intensely	rrier	i, a ino	st
charming pot plant. In the flower garden, Reticulata is valuable, continuing decorative from February			
expanding its sweet-scented flowers at a temperature too low even for the Narcissus to bloom. Per			
about the same time as Reticulata, emitting a delicate violet perfume, and is prized equally in the	cons	ervato	ry
and flower garden. Pavonia (the Peacock Iris), more correctly Morea Pavonia or Vieusseuxi	t 00	bo In	α,
expands its delicately coloured flowers in May and June, and should have the same cultural treatmen			
Caucasica is a very characteristic plant, the flowers are primrose-coloured, and the foliage silv Lusitancia is remarkable for its rich yellow flowers; and Lusitancia sordida is a noble plant.	CI -III		
282 A 1345 A has shading to like 1 6	020	s. h I	
988 Alata, blue, shading to lilac, ½ lt. 989 Caucasica, primrose, with foliage silvery margined, ½ lt.	cac	I I	6
990 Histrio, bright blue, blotched golden yellow, in the way of Reticulata, but much earlier	11	10	6
991 Juncea, brilliant golden yellow	., ,,	10	6
992 Lusitanica, S. and F. rich yellowpo			6
993 Lusitanica sordida, S. rich chestnut brown, F. olive with rich orange, very handsome		3	6
	"	I	6
995 Persica, white, the petals marked blue, purple and vellow, very fragrant, hft.		5	6
996 Reticulata, brilliant deep violet, blotched golden yellow, very fragrant, iftper doz., 7s.6d.;	each	. 0	
997 ,, Krelagei, red-purple, blotched golden yellow, very fragrant, aft		I	9
998 Sisyrinchium, purple, spotted yellow, a fine dwarf species		I	
999 Tingitana, purple, spotted orange	,,	3	
999 Tingitana, purple, spotted orange  Xiphion latifolium. The English Iris are varieties of this species.			
Xiphion vulgare. The Spanish Iris are varieties of this species.			
12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]			

### THE FLAG OR EVERGREEN IRIS.

The Sections of Iris now following 'have rhizomatous roots and flag leaves. They are found more or less abundantly in all countries, and at almos every altitude, from the dell to the mountain top, and in almost every soil and situation; and are endless in their variations of colour, and diversity of growth; their height ranging from the miniature I. Cristata of the North American uplands to the tall Pseudo-Acorus of our British marshes. They the miniature 1. Cristata of the North American uplands to the tall Pseudo-Acorus of our British marshes. They commence blooming with our Spring flowers, and maintain a floral display till the end of July. The dwarf species make admirable edgings, and are very effective on rockwork; the taller growing kinds are magnificent objects in the flower border, amongst shrubs, in woodland walks, and round the margins of lakes; even in town gardens they succeed where few other plants can exist. Their flowers range in size from the miniature to the most sumptuous. For effect and for decorative purposes they compete with the most beautiful Orchids. To cut for filling vases and for indoor decoration few flowers will compare with them, especially if the flowers are placed individually in wet sand or moss. When it is necessary to send the Iris flowers to a distance, they should be with interfere the excess. cut just before they expand. DWARF IRIS.

Charming varieties, growing from 6 to 12 inches high, and flowering during March, April, and May. They succeed in almost any soil and situation, and are valuable for groups in mixed borders, and as edgings to Rhododendron beds, herbaceous borders, etc. The *Pumila* varieties are the most dwarf and make the neatest edgings. In the descriptions S. is used to signify Standards, or the erect petals; F., Fatls, or the drooping petals.

1002 Pumila, S. and F. rich claret purple .....
1003 , bicolor, S. white, F. purple each
1004 , cœrulea, S. and F. rich clear blue
1005 , lutea maculata, S. primrose, F.
1006 , tristis lutea, S. primrose, F. yellow stained brown, fragrant ...
1007 , violacea, S. purple, F. crimson
reticulated white, large ft., each
1008 Biflorus, S. violet-purple, F. crimson-purple
1009 , gracilis, S. creamy white, F. sutphur, fragrant .... | 1001 Mixed varieties, per 100, 10s. 6d.; pcr doz., 2s. 1000 One each of this Section, 125. 6d. 1013 Olbiensis atro-purpurea, S. claret-purple,
F. velvety black, fragrant, each
1014 ,, lutea, S. and F. fine deep yellow, 6 0 3 6 lutea grandiflora, S. and F. rich 6 1015 5 yeltow, sweet-scented.....each lutea marmorata, S. and F. yel-6 1016 5 low marbled and stained bronze each sulphurea, S. sulphur, F. yellow 1017 6 3 and bronze each
violacea, S. violet-bl-e, F. crimson edged violet each 6 1018 2 Q 1019 Sub-biflora minor, S. rich purple, F. rich 6 vellow velvety crimson .....each

IRIS KÆMPFERI (LÆVIGATA).

The magnificence of these splendid new Japanese Flag Iris surpasses any written description that could be given of them. Thousands of the flowers in our Experimental Grounds this year measured from 6 to 7 inches in diameter, with a breadth of petal 3 to 3\frac{3}{2}\$ inches. The prevailing colours were crimsons, purples, violets and blues, each flower representing several shades, and all with a yellow or orange blotch more or less conspicuous, and surrounded by a halo of blue or violet, close to the petaloid stigma. When unfolding, the flower frequently exhibits a different hue to that represented when it is fully expanded; and in such young flowers there is an intensity in the colour, with a richness of bloom spread over the surface which is very charming.

Although the preponderance amongst the varieties of Iris Kæmpferi ranged towards the richer and deeper colours, there were, however, pure whites, roses, lilacs, lavenders, French greys, &c., as will be seen from the descriptions of the varieties, many of which are offered for the first time, and cannot fail to give great satisfaction. Having been very successful in our propagation of these charming Iris, we have catalogued them at rates much cheaper than are generally charged for this new race of Flag Iris.

The descriptions have been made by us from the flowers, and no plant was propagated unless it had bloomed with us, so that purchasers are ensured against disappointment as regards the colours recorded in the Catalogue.

The descriptions have been made by us from the flowers, and no plant was propagated unless it had bloomed with us, so that purchasers are ensured against disappointment as regards the colours recorded in the Catalogue. The varieties which are usually designated double we have preferred using the term "duplex;" for, in reality, the Iris is not "double" in the ordinary acceptation of the term. The normal flower consists of three petals, and the duplex is represented by six, and sometimes the petaloid stigma is in duplicate also; so that, taking Dr. Van Kaathoven as an example, we have a perfect wheel, each petal independent, with its petaloid stigma guarding the rich gold-blotched base. Others of the duplex, however, are characterised by petals of great breadth, overlapping each other, and imparting a massiveness to the flower which enhances the effect.

The Collection which is offered this season we have no hesitation in saying is the finest the public have ever been invited to purchase.

The Collection which is offered this season we have no hesitation in saying is the finest the public have ever been invited to purchase.

In addition to the foregoing, we have acquired from Herr Max Leichtlin his entire stock of Iris Kæmpferi, which is partly composed of the magnificent collection brought by the Japanese delegates for their garden at the Vienna International Exhibition. Two of these varieties will appear on a coloured plate in "The Garden," viz. Imperatrix, white feathered and margined magenta, and Schæne Wienerin. These will give an idea of the varieties of Iris Kæmpferi generally, and the plate may be taken, so to speak, as a sample. The varieties, which were purchased by our triend Mr. Leichtlin from the Japanese, consisted of a very carefully selected group made by the Japanese Government to represent this family at the Vienna Exhibition, and consist of both single and duplex forms. Besides these, Mr. Leichtlin's collection comprises the fine varieties selected in Japan by Mr. Thomas Hogg; also the best varieties sent by Von Siebold from Yokohama; and these have all been made subservient by Mr. Leichtlin in his crossing, so that we may fairly claim to be the possessors of the finest varieties of Iris Kæmpferi in Europe, and the largest and richest collection existing, and, considering the prices at which these Iris are offered, we hope that the family will be represented in every collection of hardy plants.

varieties of Iris Kæmpferi in Europe, and the largest and richest collection existing, and, considering the prices at which these Iris are offered, we hope that the family will be represented in every collection of hardy plants.

\*\*Collection\*\* In 1877, three First-Class Certificates were awarded to us for Iris Kæmpferi by the Royal Horticultural Society, and in July of the present year our new Iris Kæmpferi Imperatrix, exhibited by H. J. Elwes, Esq., received a First-Class Certificate. Twice during the month of July we staged flowers of this beautiful family of Iris at the Horticultural Society's Meetings, and their targe Clematis-like blossoms were greatly admired.

CULTURE.—A naturally good garden soil, well worked, suits this plant; but past experience shows that, in a soil which is naturally moist, but well drained, and laying well to the sun, the largest amount of success is attained. For example, on the moist Bagshot soil the plant makes very strong growth, and flowers with remarkable freedom. On drier soils the plant is comparatively dwarf. For Rhododendron and Azalea borders it will be found most valuable, coming into bloom as it does in July, thus maintaining the succession of flowers. Leaf soil, loam, and peat the plant likes; but manure should never be given unless thoroughly decomposed, as fresh manure is poison to this section of Iris. is poison to this section of Iris. Barr and Sugden,

### IRIS KÆMPFERI.

1020	Our own	selection,	50 in 50	varieties	
1021	2.2	11	25 in 25	11	£2 25., £3 35., £4 45., and £5 55.
1022	,,,	**	12 10 12	11	10s. 6d, 15s., 21s., and 30s.
1023	21	12	6 in 6	22	4s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 15s., and 21s.

In describing the varieties of Iris Kæmpferi we have given the prominent colours only—a detailed description of each flower would occupy too much space; for example, a flower may be rich claret on the margin of the petals, and shade up to violet, terminated by an intense blue halo surrounding the invariable yellow or orange blotch, which is partially overlapped by the petaloid stigma, while the short standards may probably be of a different colour to the petals.

W11101	. core colour to the petals.		- 4				
1024	Alba grandissima, ivory white	-8.	a.	1.057	Wadama Schindlar slaut shading to sail	-8.	d.
	Alexander Von Humboldt, pure white	5	6	1001	Madame Schindler, claret, shading to velvety-crimson		6
	Alexander Von Siebold, rich purple, shaded		•	1058	Mathilde Von Siehold wich Augusta chadin	2	O
1020	viotet	` T	0	1000	Mathilde Von Siebold, rich purple, shadin to violet	8	6
1027	Alfred Salter, claret, shading to violet	2	6	1059	Miguelli, white, tinged and reticulated rose	5	6
	Amos Perry, purple-violet, mottled white	2	6		Mrs. Barr, lavender, netted lilac	3	6
	Blue Boy, violet-blue	T	6		Mrs. Langtry, rose-lilac	5	6
	Blue King, rich violet-blue	2	6		Mrs. Miles, lilac, shading to blue	5	6
	Brachycuspis, purple, shading to violet	3	6	1063	Mrs. Oswald Crawford, white, petals im-	7	U
	C. W. Shaw, rich velvety-crimson	3	6	1000	briented	-	6
	Clarissima, claret, shading to purple	3	6	1064	bricated Mrs. Parker, purple, shading to violet	7	6
	Carpini, claret-purple	Ť	o	1065	Oswald Crawford, duplex, rich claret-	3	U
	Carreri, purple-crimson	Ť	0	1000	purple	-	6
	Cheron, velvety crimson	ī	o	1066	Peter Rudolph Barr, crimson-lake, shad-	7	U
	David Syme, purple, shaded violet	2	6	1000	ing to sky blue, white centre, very distinct	7	6
	Daniel Gunn, claret, shading to purple	ī	6	1067	Philip Frost, rich claret-purple, shading	/	0
	Doctor Hogg, rich velvety-crimson	ī	6	1001	to velvety-crimson	1	6
1040	Doctor Van Kaathoven, rich velvety crim-	•	•	1068	Prince of Wales, rich purple-crimson	ī	6
2020	son, flowers duplex	TO	6	1069	Professor Dyer, velvety-crimson	ī	6
7041	Duchess de Belcourt, rich crimson	ī	6		Purpurea, purple		9
	Duchess of Edinburgh, claret, shading to	•	•	1071	110 110	0	0
1012		2	6	1072		-	J
1043	E. G. Henderson, rich purple	2	6	1012	white	2	6
	Eleanore Linati, velvety crimson	2	6	1073	,, marmorata, rich purple, mot-	2	
	Fairy, flowers duplex, velvety purple	7	6	10.0	tled white	0	6
7046	Frank Miles, purple, deepening to crimson-	/	•	1074	Reinwardtii, rose-pink, speckled white	2	6
1010	take, edged white	7	6		Richard Gilbert, rich crimson-purple	2	6
1047	General Grant, red-purple, shading to violet	3	6	1076	Rosea striata, rose, striped lilac	2	6
	Glymei, rose-lilac, speckled white	3	6		Rosy Morn, lilac, mottled-white	3	6
	John Fleming, rich purple, shading to blue	2	6		Royal Blue, rich violet-blue	2	6
	John Standish, violet, shading to bluc	ī	6		Rutherford Alcock, viotet-crimson	2	6
	Kermesina, crimson	ō	9		Sultana, velvety-crimson	ī	6
1052		Ť	7			-	
	white	I	0		Thomas Carlyle, purple, shading to rich violet-blue	3	6
1053				1082	Thomas Spanswick, rich claret-purple,	Э	
	purple, marbled white	1	6		shading to violet	3	6
1054	Krelagei, rich purple, shading to violet	3	6	1083	Tobias, rich claret, marbled-white	ı	ō
	Lord Beaconsfield, rich purple crimson	2	6		Umvolosi, red-purple	I	o
1056	Madame Linati, French grey, reticulated				Velvet King, rich velvety purple	2	ě.
_,,,,	violet	7	6		William Robinson, deep velvety crimson	2	6
		/			, weep october or through	_	

The two new varieties of Herr Max Leichtlin's Iris Kæmpferi, figured in "The Garden."

### IRIS KÆMPFERI, UNBLOOMED SEEDLINGS FROM VON SIEBOLD.

1089 Unbloomed Seedlings, two years old; these we acquired from Mr. P. F. Von Siebold, as raised from his finest Japanese varieties, and with the assurance that fine sorts might be expected. Three have flowered with us this year, and were fine, so that we expect that purchasers will have no reason to be dissatisfied with the results.

Plants according to strength ......per dozen, 125. & 18 o

### IRIS KÆMPFERI SPECIES.

We suppose the following three plants to be the natural or wild species, and on this account they are full of interest as representing the starting point from which the Japanese gardeners have evidently worked for many generations to attain such a degree of excellence as is exhibited in Imperatrix and Schoene Wienerin, and also in the other beautiful sorts which we offer. Although most of the fine varieties quoted by us were first flowered in our Experimental Grounds, they were raised from advanced Japanese varieties by our friend Mr. Leichtlin.

A careful study of the varieties of Iris Kæmpferi shows a gradual development in the size of flower, variation and combination of colours, which the three species offered below would naturally give in the hands of careful hybridizers, which the Japanese gardeners undoubtedly are. Any one, however, desirous of raising new varieties of this splendid Iris would do well to take advantage of the work already done, both by the Japanese and our friend Mr. Leichtlin, and use the high class kinds above quoted, and their labours will, no doubt, be amply rewarded.

•				S.	d.
1090	Kæmpferi	Species.	rose purple, speckled whiteper doz., 5s. 6d.; cach	0	6
1091		-, '	alba, pure white	0	6
1092			nurnurea claret-purbleeach	I	0

### IRIS BARBATA, THE BEARDED IRIS, COMMONLY CALLED GERMAN OR FLAG IRIS.



Our collection of this Section of Iris has been pronounced the most complete in England, and in "THE GARDEN" of Aug. 29th, 1874, a lengthened, classified, and descriptive list is given of the varieties we have flowered. Those we enumer rate in this list are a selection from upwards of 200 varieties. The better to understand our descriptions, we furnish a woodcut, and it will be observed from it that three of the petals are erect—these are called standards; the other three droop—these are called fatls. The small tongued parts of the flower are the petaloid stigmas, under which run the "boards." The flowers in this Section are all large and very handsome, more or less beautifully mottled in the standards, and reticulated in the falls; the beards ranging from delicate primrose to orange, and the petaloid stigmas frequently enhancing the general effect by their contrast of colour. We furnish these important particulars that our descriptions may be the better understood, as we have not attempted to take in these individual points, but to deal with the colours which strike the eye on first looking at the flower. There is no flower, however, that so improves by examination. At first sight its beauty is equal to the Orchid, but, on closer examination, we bave no hesitation in saying it possesses points of interest surpassing the finest Orchid. In colours there are the richest yellows, the intensest purples, the most delicate blues, the softest mauves, and the most beautiful claret-reds. There are whites, and primroses, and bronzes of every imaginable shade—indeed, large to go fells us in picturing the heavier of this flavor thank language fails us in picturing the beauties of this flower; and, consequently our descriptions fall far short of the reality; and this will be readily understood when we state that there may be

this will be readily understood when we state that there may be found in almost any one of the flowers from 10 to 20 different shades harmonizing and blending in such a manner as to make one perfectly enthusiastic. Those who have not used this Iris for surrounding artificial lakes and ponds, or cultivated it in the flower borders, shrubberies, woodland walks, and wild gardens, should do so. It is also most valuable wherever a large quantity of cut flowers is required from May to July, as plants when established, will, with good cultivation, increase in size annually till they attain large proportions, each plant yielding 50 to 100 spikes of bloom.

In the descriptions S. is used to signify Standards, or the erect petals; F., Fatls, or the drooping petals.

```
d.
1009 Choice mixed varieties per 100, 30s.; p. doz.
1100 Fine mixed varieties per 100, 21s.
                                                   1101 Common mixed per 100, 10s. 6d.
1102 Mixed blue and white varieties...
1096 50 in 50 very fine varieties
1097 25 in 25 ,, ,,
                              ..... 30 0
                              1098 12 in 12
    We have arranged the Iris Barbata in natural groups to facilitate amateurs in making selections.
                                                                                                Each
```

We have arranged the Iris Barbata in natural groups to facilitate amateurs in making selections. Each group has a distinctive characteristic. Germanica flowers first, and is represented by the blue, purple, and white Flag Iris of our gardens; they flower at the same time, and are extremely decorative in May. Aphylla, of the Botanical Magazine, is the Plicata of Baker, under which we include Swertii; the Standards have a frill-like appearance arising from the marginal coloured transverse lines on a white ground. Ameena has the standards white. Neglecta has the standards purple, or approaching to purple. Pallida has the

major, S. blue, F. purple. per doz. 10s. 6d.; each violacea major, S. purple, F. dark purple , , , 10s. 6d.; , 1109

The following commence flowering as the Germanica group goes out of bloom, and continue the success-

1111 Aphylla (Bot. Mag.), S. creamy white, margined dull lilat, F. white, margined lilat	еасп	T	0
1112 Agathe, S. white, margined and mottled lavender, F. white margined lavender	33	I	0
1113 ,, Beauty, S. white, margined lilac, F. white, upper part red-lilac	22	I	0
1114 , Bridesmaid, S. very pale lavender, F. white, margined lavender	,,	I	0
1115 , Gazelle, S. red-lavender, mottled white, F. white, edged purpte	,,	0	6
1116 Madame Chereau, S. white, margined blue, F. white, margined blue	**	I	0
1117 , Swertil (striata), S. white, margined lavender, F. white and lavender	,,	0	9
1118 Amona (Sweet), S. white, tinged lavender, F. white, slightly margined litac	,,	0	6
1119 Alice Barr S. white, F. white, tinged lilac	,,,	I	0
1120 ", Alvarez, S. white, mottled purple, F. crimson, reticulated white	,,	0	9
1121 ,, Aspasia, S. white, striped purple, F. purple-crimson, mottled white	2.1	1	0
1122 , Calypso, S. white, F. mottled purple and white	22	I	0
1123 ,, Cerbere, S. white, F. crimson-purple, reticulated white		I	0
1124 ", Clio, S. white, F. purple	.,,	1	0
1125 ,, Comte de St. Clair, S. white, F. crimson-purple, reticulated white	11	I	0
1106 Donna Maria C subite E subite tinged tilac	,,,	I	0
1107 Duchass of Namours C subite E Auchte mottled rubite		I	6
1198 Duchess of Orleans Sauhite E crimcon-purple motiled white	12	1	6
1199 Clordetta & white tinged lilac & white stained crimson	- 11	I	0
Mornhang Coulite tonged largender E violet heavily mottled white	11	1	0
1121 Penelone S quite timeed layender E quite reticulated lilac	21	I	0
1129 reticulate alla Sanhite E hurche crimson reticulated white		I	0
1133 "unique, S. white, F. purple, reticulated white		I	0
1134 Neglecta (Bot. Mag.) S. decided lavender, F. purple mottled, with dark lines	.,	0	6
1102 Hogiotta (Dot. Mag., S. accente two theor, T. parper motion, and all the second	1.0		

Barr and Sugden,

				_	_
IRIS,	BEARDE	D—continued,		8.	d.
1135	Neglecta	Alice, S. pale lavender, F. rich purple, mottled white	each	0	9
1136	"	amabilis, S. pale lavender, F. rich velvety-purple, reticulated white	33	I	0
1137	"	Atropos, S. lavender-blue, F. rich velvety crimson, upper part mottled white	,,,	I	0
1138	,,	Bocaze S lavender F claret mottled white.		0	9
1139		Chameleon, S. rich blue, F. light crimson		I	0
1140	"	Clara, S. lavender, F. rich purple-crimson, reticulated white		I	0
1141	"	clarissima, S. purple, shading to blue, F. rich crimson, mottled white	33	I	.0
1142	))	Cleopatra, S. light lavender, F. velvety crimson, reticulated white	.,	I	6
1143	11	Cordella, S. violet, F. velvety crimson-black, very large	11	2	6
1144	"	De Bols de Milan S. light lavender, F. rich crimson	12	I	0
1145	"	De Bots de Milan, S. light lavender, F. rich crimson	.,	0	9
1146	92	Florence Barr, S. pale lavender blue, F. red lavender	,,	0	9
1147	**	Hanibal S lawender blue F red burble	12	0	9
1148	22	Hanibal, S. lavender blue, F. red purple	,,	0	9
1149	19	Irma, S. lavender, F. crimson-purple, heavily mottled white	31	I	0
1150	"	Juliette, S. white, tinged lavender, F. very rich velvety crimson		I	0
	23	Nationale, S. purple-blue, F. rich velvety crimson	2.7	o	9
1151	31	reticulata purpurea, S. pale lavender, F. rich velvety crimson, reticulated white	**	0	9
1152	,,	Sir Garnet Wolseley, S. pure white, flaked purple, F. velvety crimson, reticulated	2.7	-	7
1153	>>	She dathet worseley, S. pure white, hakea purple, P. betbety cremson, rettermited		1	0
2254		white	- 11		
1154	2.7	Sultan, S. lavender, F. rich velvety purple, reticulated white	3.7	I	0
1155	11	Sultana, S. lavender, F. rich crimson purple, reticulated white		0	9
1156	25	Victorine, S. white, mottled blue, F. rich violet-blue, upper part mottled white	11	I	
1157	11	Virginie, S. lavender, F. rich velvety-crimson, lined with white	2.3	I	0
1158	77-774 7	Willie Barr, S. lavender, F. white, reticulated purple	7.3	I	0
1159	гашdа ( <i>1</i>	(xeich), S. aark lavender, passing to light lavender, F. purple, passing to light purple.	11	0	9
1160	31	Asaurez, S. red purple, F. claret	"	I	0
1161	11	ASTARTO, S. purple-lilac, F. rich crimson-purple	2.1	0	6
1162	11	azurea, S. azure blue, F. violet-purple	3.3	I	0
1163	,,	Celeste, S. catestial blue, F. light blue Cytherèe, S. blue, F. violet	11	I	0
1164	>>	Cytherèe, S. blue, F. violet	13	I	0
1165	>>	Dalmatica, S. lavender-blue, F. lavender, linged purple	3.7	τ	6
1166	>>	Garibaldi, S. rose-lilac, F. rosc-purple	12	0	6
1167	11	Hercules, S. manue, F. deep manue	17	I	0
1168	))	Khedive, S. lavender, F. light purple		I	0
1169	"	Illacina S and E layender tinged lilac		I	0
1170	"	Madame Pacquitte, S. rich claret-red, F. a deeper shade of claret-red	22	0	9
1171	"	Maerisart S. mauve F. purble-crimson	1.2	0	9
1172	1)	Queen of May, S. and F. rose-lilac	11	I	0
1173	"	rubella, S. red-purple, F. deep red-purple	23	0	6
1174		Walner, S. deep lavender-blue, F. purple, mottled white	2.2	0	9
1175	Squalens	(Reich). S. primrose-bronze. F. crimson-purple, reticulated white		0	9
1176		Bossuet, S. sulphur bronze, F. crimson, reticulated with white	,,	1	0
1177	"	Doctor Bernice, S. coppery bronze, F. very rich velvety crimson	12	0	6
1178	"	Exquisite S sulphur F light purple		I	0
1179	"	Fenelon, S. yellow-bronze, F. crimson, reticulated white	,,	1	0
1180	"	Hericaut de Thury, S. bronze-primrose, F. red-brown, reticulated white	12	I	0
1181	33	Jacquiniana, S. red-bronze, F. velvety crimson	11	0	9
1182	17	Judith, S. bronze-primrose, F. crimson-purple, reticulated white	"	I	ó
1183	23	Lady Jane, S. brown-bronze, F. crimson-bronze	,,	x	0
1184	33	Lady Stanhope, S. snlphur-bronze, F. rich velvety purple, narrowly margined yellow	11	r	6
1185	,,	La Prestiose, S. glittering bronze, F. rich velvety crimson, reticulated white	"	0	6
	22	latifolia, S. primrose-bronze, F. purple, mottled white	",	0	6
1186	,,	Marmora, S. bronze-purple, F. purple-crimson, reticulated white	1.7	0	6
1187	**	Marmora, S. bronze-purple, F. purple-criticism, reticulated white	"	0	9
1188	))	Margart C house house F Aughle house mattled white	1,	0	9
1189	>>	Mrs. Meston, S. rich bronze purple, F. rich purple	33	I	0
1190	12	Philips C because house E wich deed coinces	37	I	0
1191	"	Phidias, S. brown-bronze, F. rich deep crimson	**	I	6
1192	12	Racine, S. light bronze purple, F. rich purple		0	9
1193	33	Rebecca, S. primrose-bronze, F. intense crimson	3.7		7
1194	22	and autite		T	0
1105		and white Sir Walter Scott, S. bronze-yellow, F. rich crimson-brown	33	ī	0
1195	**	Solomon. S. brown-bronze, F. purple-crimson, reticulated white	"	I	0
1196	33	Van Goortii C Auste bronne E mich erimson, reticulated white	"	0	6
1197	"	Van Geertii, S. purple-bronze, F. rich crimson, reticulated white	33	0	6
1198	,,,	venusta, S. bronze-primrose, F. rich crimson, reticulated white	11	I	0
1199	11	Vincent, S. primrose-bronze, F. light purple, reticulated white and brown	23	1	6
1200	370 mt	Walneriana, S. bronze-purple, F. purple, reticulated white and brown	11	1	0
	variegat	a. (Bot. Mag.), S. rich yellow, F. rich crimson-brown	32		0
1202	11	Adonis, S. chrome-yellow, F. crimson-brown, reticulated white	3.7	I	6
1203	23	Darius, S. chrome-yellow, F. purplish-lilac, with primrose and reticulated white		I	6
1204	,,,	De Berghi, S. yellow, F. crimson, reticulated yellow	**	I	0
1205	,,	Diana, S. yellow, F. crimson brown, reticulated white	3.2	I	
1206	2.7	Doctor Bersine, S. chrome-yellow, F. white, and crimson mottled	3.3	I	0
1207	11	Chellis, S. rich yellow, F. brown, heavily reticulated white	32	I	6
1208	11	Czarowitz, S. chrome-yellow, F. purple, mottled white	2.7	I	
1209	11	Enchantress, S. bright yellow, F. crimson, reticulated yellow	,,,	I	0
1210	23	Hector, S. yellow, F. rich velvety-crimson	12	I	
1211	>>	Honorable, S. deep yellow, F. brown, reticulated yellow	"	I	0
1212	12	Humboldti, S. yellow, F. velvety crimson-brown		I	6
1213	"	J. B. M. Camm. S. vellow. F. rnby-velvet	2.3	I	
1214	11	Lord Lawrence, S. rich yellow, F. reticulated white	72	1	0
12	and 13, h	King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]			

```
6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        6
    The following Species of Bearded Iris are similar in habit of growth but distinct in colouration from the foregoing. They are remarkably beautiful, and should form part of every collection of Iris. Albicans is the pure white Portuguese Iris; Ganymedes is very remarkable from the standards being mottled purple, and yellow; Innocenza has a beautiful rosy reticulation on the white; Lurida is richly seented; Sub-biflora is the richest of all the Purple Iris. The varieties of Sambucina are remarkable for their striking combinations of colour. Kashmirtana is the recently introduced white Iris from India; Aurea is the self-coloured Bearded Iris; and Flavescens the primrose-coloured Iris.
 0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       96
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       Ó
  The Iris offered in this section are altogether distinct from any of the preceding groups; they are equally hardy, and most of them are grand aquaties, especially Aurea, Monneri, Ochroleuca, and the varieties of Pseudo-Acorus; not only are these majestic in growth, but the flowers are surpassingly beautiful. The varieties of
  Sibirica are graceful in water. All the other Iris in this group, with the exception of Cristata, Iberica, Ruthenica, Stylosa, Susiana, Tectorum, and Tuberosum may be grown as Aquatics or Sub-Aquaties, Cristata is charming on dry banks and rock-work; Iberica and Susiana require a dry hot situation; Fatidissima is valuable for damp shady situations; Tectorum is found on the thatched roofs of Chinese houses.
  shady situations; Tectorum is found on the thatched roofs of Chinese houses.

Cristata forms a tuft where it is happy, and when covered with its amethystine flowers is a gem. Iberica and Susiana possess a beauty peculiarly their own. Stylosa unfolds its charming blue blossoms in winter, and is recommended for indoor decoration. Tuberosa, the snake's-head Iris, is perhaps the most fantastic flower which March produces. Ruthenica is remarkable for its fan-like dwarf growth and elegant blue flowers in July; Versicolor and Virginica are very beautiful; while Orientalis is a form of Sibirica, with flowers larger, more decided in colour, and in refinement unsurpassed by any other flower. Tridentata is also a gem; Spuria major
   is as remarkable as it is beautiful; Longipetala and Breviftos are charming; Graminea has remarkably graceful
   foliage, and flowers as distinctive as they are beautiful.
foliage, and flowers as distinctive as they are beautiful.

1211 Acorus graminifolia, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft.

1212 \( \text{if to variegatis, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft.

1213 Aurea, golden yellow, a noble species, 4ft.

1214 Cretensis, a rare grassy-leaved species, 1 ft.

1245 Cristata, rich amethysi-blue, spotted deep blue, striped orange, charming species, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft.

1246 Cuprea, S. and F. orange, 2 ft.

1247 Fætidissima, the scarlet-berried seed vessels are prized for Christmas decoration, 1\( \frac{1}{2} \) ft.

1248 Fulva, hronze-wellow

1249 Fulva, hronze-wellow
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     9
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       96
1247 Fætldissima, the scarlet-berried seed vessels are prized for Christmas decoration, 1½ ft.

1248 , fol. varlegatis, an effective variegated winter foliage plant, 1½ ft. per doz. 5s. 6d.

1249 Fulva, bronze-yellow

1250 Goldenstadtii, white and golden yellow, 3 ft.

1251 Graminea, blue and purple, 1 ft.

1262 , latifolia, blue and purple, 1½ ft.

1253 Humilis, S. purple, F. purple, reticulated white; this is a very distinct species, it has leaves about 2 feet, while the flowers are produced close to the ground.

1254 Iberica, a dwarf species of great beauty, with large pure satiny-white flowers, lower petals rich brown-purple, spotted black, 1 ft.

1255 Longipetala, S. lavender, F. white, reticulated blue, 2 ft.

1256 berich can be a variety of Longipetala; it is very handsome, 2 ft.

1257 Monnerti

1258 Notha (Sourea major), S. rich purple, F. blue, spotted yettow, 2 ft., very handsome
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         2
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     0
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          ĭ
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      6
                    Monnerii

Notha (Spurea major), S. rich purple, F. bluc, spotted yettow, 2 ft., very handsome
Ochroleuca, S. pure white, F. white and yellow, 3 ft.
Orientalis (sanguinea), S. and F. velvety blue, very beautiful, 3 ft. per doz. 7s. 6d.
Prismatica, S. and F. rich light blue, spotted orange, 2 ft.

Pseudo, Acorus vellon, 2 ft.
 1258
 1259
 1260
 1261
1262 Pseudo-Aeorus, yellaw, 3 ft.

1263 , Japonicus fol. variegatis, a beautifully variegated foliage plant, 3 ft.

1264 , pallida, delicate primrose, 3 ft.

1265 Reichenbachiana, S. and F. rich purple-blue, 2 ft.

1266 Ruthenica, blue, a pretty miniature species, with a distinctive fan-like foliage, \(\frac{3}{4}\) ft.

1267 Sibirica, S. bright blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.

1268 , acuta, S. and F. blue, reticulated white, 1\(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.

1269 , alba, S. white, F. mottled purple, 3 ft.
```

1271 , laetea, S. milky-white, F. white, reticulated brown, 3 ft				
1271 , lactea, S. milky-white, F. white, reticulated brown, 3 ft.  1272 , minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft.  1273 , minutiflora, S. violet-purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1274 , plena, S. and F. blue 3 ft.  1275 Spurea, S. and F. blue, 3 ft.  1276 , desertorum, S. and F. lavender-blue, 2 ft.  1277 , halophylla, S. and F. yellowish, 3 ft.  1278 , stenogyne, S. and F. whitish, 3 ft.  1279 Stylosa (unguicularis), S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter-flowering, 1 ft. (in pots 2/6 & 3/6)  1280 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1½ ft.  1281 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft.  1282 Tenax, S. and F. rich lilac, very handsome, 2 ft.  1283 Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft.  1284 , violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.  1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, ¾ ft.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft.  1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1290 , atropurpurea, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1291 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	IRIS,		8	
1271 , lactea, S. milky-white, F. white, reticulated brown, 3 ft.  1272 , minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft.  1273 , minutiflora, S. violet-purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 3 ft.  1274 , plena, S. and F. blue 3 ft.  1275 Spurea, S. and F. blue, 3 ft.  1276 , desertorum, S. and F. lavender-blue, 2 ft.  1277 , halophylla, S. and F. yellowish, 3 ft.  1278 , stenogyne, S. and F. whitish, 3 ft.  1279 Stylosa (unguicularis), S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter-flowering, 1 ft. (in pots 2/6 & 3/6)  1280 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1½ ft.  1281 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft.  1282 Tenax, S. and F. rich lilac, very handsome, 2 ft.  1283 Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft.  1284 , violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.  1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, ¾ ft.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft.  1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1290 , atropurpurea, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1291 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1270	Sibirica grandiflora præcox, S. purple, F. blue-purple, reticulated white, 3 ft	ch (	0
minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft.  """ """ """ """" """" """" """" """	1271	laetea. S. milky-white. F. white, reticulated brown of t.		
minutinora, S. violet-purple, F. blue, retroulated white, 3 ft.  1273 plena, S. and F. blue, 3 ft.  1275 Spurea, S. and F. blue, 3 ft.  1276 desertorum, S. and F. lavender-blue, 2 ft.  1277 halophylla, S. and F. yellowish, 3 ft.  1278 stenogyne, S. and F. whitish, 3 ft.  1279 Stylosa (unguicularis), S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter-flowering, 1 ft. (in pots 2/6 & 3/6)  1280 Suslana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1½ ft.  1281 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft.  1282 Tenax, S. and F. rich lilac, very handsome, 2 ft.  1283 Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft.  1284 violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.  1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, ¾ ft.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft.  1288 Virginica, S. tilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1290 , Columnæ, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1291 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1272	., minor, S. blue, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft.		
1274 , plena, S, and F, blue 3 ft.  1276 , desertorum, S, and F, lavender-blue, 2 ft.  1277 , halophylla, S, and F, vellowish, 3 ft.  1278 , stenogyne, S, and F, vellowish, 3 ft.  1279 Stylosa (unguicularis), S, and F, beautiful light blue, winter-flowering, 1 ft. (in pots 2/6 & 3/6)  1280 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1½ ft.  1281 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft.  1282 Tenax, S, and F, rich lilac, very handsome, 2 ft.  1283 Tridentata, S, and F, rich violet-blue, 2 ft.  1284 , violacea, S, and F, rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.  1285 Trigonocarpa, S, and F, rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, ¾ ft.  1287 Versicolor, S, red-lilac, F, rose-purple, 1 ft.  1288 Virginica, S, lilac, F, rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1290 , atropurpurea, S, and F, lilac, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S, blue, F, lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1291 , pulchella, S, and F, red-lilac, 3 ft.	1273	minutifiora, S. violet-purple, F. blue, reticulated white, 2 ft.		,
1276 gesertorum, S. and F. liue, 3 ft.  1277 halophylla, S. and F. yellowish, 3 ft.  1278 stenogyne, S. and F. vellowish, 3 ft.  1279 stylosa (unguicularis), S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter-flowering, 1 ft. (in pots 2/6 & 3/6)  1280 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1½ ft.  1281 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft.  1282 Tenax, S. and F. rich lilac, very handsome, 2 ft.  1283 Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft.  1284 yolacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.  1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, ¾ ft.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft.  1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1290 atropurpurea, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1291 Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1292 pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1274	plena. S. and F. blue 2 ft.		
desertorum, S. and F. tavender-blue, 2 ft.  1277 , halophylla, S. and F. veltowish, 3 ft.  1278 , stenogyne, S. and F. whitish, 3 ft.  1279 Stylosa (unguicularis), S. and F. whitish, 3 ft.  1280 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1\frac{1}{2}\tau.  1281 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1\frac{1}{2}\tau.  1282 Tenax, S. and F. rich lilac, very handsome, 2 ft.  1283 Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft.  1284 , violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.  1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, \(\frac{3}{4}\tau.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft.  1288 Virginica, S. tilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1289 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft.  1290 , Column&, S. and F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.		Spurea, S. and F. blue, 2 ft		
1277 , halophylla, S. and F. yellowish, 3 ft.  1278 , stenogyne, S. and F. whitish, 3 ft.  1279 Stylosa (unguicularis), S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter-flowering, 1 ft. (in pots 2/6 & 3/6)  1280 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1\frac{1}{2} ft.  1281 Tectorum syn. tomololopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1\frac{1}{2} ft.  1282 Tenax, S. and F. rich lilac, very handsome, 2 ft.  1283 Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft.  1284 , violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.  1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft.  1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1290 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.		desertorum S and E lanender-blue oft		í
1279 Stylosa (unguicularis), S. and F. volitish, 3 ft. 1279 Stylosa (unguicularis), S. and F. beautiful light blue, winter-flowering, 1 ft. (in pots 2/6 & 3/6) 1280 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1½ ft. 1281 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft. 1282 Tenax, S. and F. rich lilac, very handsome, 2 ft. 1283 Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft. 1284 , violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft. 1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft. 1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, ¾ ft. 1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft. 1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft. 1289 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft. 1290 , Columnæ, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft. 1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft. 1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.		halonhylla S and E nelloquich of		
1279 Stylosa (unguicularis), S. and F. beautiful lightblue, winter-flowering, it. (in pots 2/6 & 3/6) 1280 Susiana, blush, tinted brown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 1½ ft. 1281 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1½ ft. 1282 Tenax, S. and F. rich tilac, very handsome, 2 ft. 1283 Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft. 1284 , violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft. 1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft. 1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshad), violet and green, ¾ ft. 1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rich-purple, 1 ft. 1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft. 1289 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft. 1290 , Columna, S. and F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft. 1291 , Hansoni, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft. 1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.		stonowna S and E whilish a ft	,	•
1281 Tectorum syn. tomlolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1\frac{1}{2} ft.  1282 Tenax, S. and F. rich lilac, very handsome, 2 ft.  1283 Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft.  1284 , violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.  1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft.  1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1289 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft.  1290 , Column&, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, outh conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.		Strings (unguioula wish C and F heavill light the minter demand of the angle C and		
1281 Tectorum syn. tomiolopha, lovely blue crested flowers, beautifully spotted, 1\frac{1}{2} ft.  1282 Tenax, S. and F. rich lilac, very handsome, 2 ft.  1283 Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft.  1284 , violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.  1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, \(\frac{1}{4}\) ft.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft.  1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1290 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft.  1290 , Column\(\frac{1}{2}\), S. and F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1000	Systom the charles, S. and F. veautiful tight office, winter-howering, It. (In pots 2/6 & 3/6)	, (	,
1282 Tenax, S. and F. rich lilac, very handsome, 2 ft.  1283 Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft.  1284 , violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.  1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, I ft.  1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1290 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.  1293 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1001	Sustaina, olush, linea orown, and netted with dark lines, a grand species, 14 11	,, 1	
1283 Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft.  1284 , violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.  1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, \( \frac{2}{3} \) ft.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft.  1288 Virginica, S. tilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1289 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft.  1290 , Column&, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1281	Tectorum syn. tomiologia, tovely blue crested howers, beautifully spotted, 13 it.	.,	
1284 , Violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.  1285 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft.  1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1289 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft.  1290 , Column&, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1282	Tenax, S. and F. rich lilac, very handsome, 2 ft,	, 2	
1286 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, 3 ft.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 ft.  1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1299 ,, atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft.  1290 ,, Columnæ, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 ,, Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1292 ,, pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1283	Tridentata, S. and F. rich violet-blue, 2 ft.	, 2	2
1286 Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 3 ft.  1286 Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, \(\frac{3}{4}\) ft.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, I ft.  1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1299 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft.  1290 , Column&, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansoni, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1284	., Violacea, S. and F. rich purple-violet, very handsome, 2 ft.	. 3	3
1286 Tuberosa, (Snakeshead), violet and green, \(\frac{1}{2}\) it.  1287 Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, I ft.  1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1289 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft.  1290 , Columna, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansoni, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1285	Trigonocarpa, S. and F. rich blue, very handsome, 2 ft.	, 1	
1288 Virginica, S. tela-lilac, F. rose-purple, 1 it. 1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft. 1289 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft. 1290 , Columna, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft. 1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft. 1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1286	Tuberosa (Snakeshead), violet and green, 4 ft.	, (	)
1288 Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.  1289 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 ft.  1290 , Columnæ, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1287	Versicolor, S. red-lilac, F. rose-purple, T it.		,
1299 , atropurpurea, S. and F. rich purple, 3 tt. 1290 , Columnæ, S. and F. lilac, 3 ft. 1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft. 1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1288	Virginica, S. lilac, F. rich-purple with white spot, 3 ft.		)
1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, 3 ft.  1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft.  1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft.	1289	atropurpurea. S. and F. rich purple. 2 ft.		
1291 , Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous yellow spot, 3 ft	1290	Columnes. S. and F. lilac. 2 it.		
1292 , pulchella, S. and F. red-lilac, 3 ft	1291	Hansont, S. blue, F. lilac, with conspicuous vellow spot, 2 ft		
1293 ,, major, S. pale lilac, F. red-lilac, with white spot, 3 ft.		pulchella. S and F reddilac 2 ft		
), major, 5. pan man, 1. rea-man, with white spot, 3 tt		major S hale lifac F and lifac mith cubits abot a fe		
	2430	,, major, S. pare wear, P. rea-war, were spot, 3 tt	, (	,

### IXIAS, MORPHIXIAS, SPARAXIS, TRITONIAS, AND BABIANAS.

These, grown under glass, can be had in bloom in March and April. Cultivated out-of-doors they yield a succession of flowers from May to July. They are closely allied, and require the same cultural treatment, but differ considerably in their habit of growth. The Ixia is distinguished by its more graceful and taller habit, and great diversity in colours and markings, the Morphixia by its later flowering, the Sparaxis has dazzling brilliant flowers, the Tritonia is marked by its soft vivid transparent colours, and the Babiana has flowers which range in colour from blue to the richest crimson-magenta. These last three are dwarf and compact in growth.

FOR IN-DOORS.—Plant from September to December five or six bulbs in a five-inch pot, using a compost of turfy loam, leaf soil, and silver sand. Make the soil firm about the bulbs, then place the pots in a cold pit or frame, plunge them in ashes, and withhold water till the plants appear, giving sparingly at first. The lights should be left off except during wet or frosty weather. Early in February if the plants are sufficiently advanced remove to the greenhouse, and carefally attend to them with water.

FOR OUT-DOORS.—Prepare a light loamy soil, thoroughly drained, and with a due south aspect. Plant the bulbs in raised beds from September to January, at a depth of from three to four inches, and one to three inches

For Out-Doors.—Prepare a light loamy soil, thoroughly drained, and with a due south aspect. Plant the bulbs in raised beds from September to January, at a depth of from three to four inches, and one to three inches apart. As the early plantings make foliage during the autumn, it is necessary to give protection during severe frost, and this is best accomplished by hooping the beds over and covering when necessary with mats; or Tiffany may be used and allowed to remain till the danger of severe frost has ceased. The plantings made in December and January need not be protected except by a little fern, and this should be removed gradually, as the plants spear through it; and as they flower later in summer than the early plantings, select for them an aspect where the sun's rays will be somewhat broken, and the blooming period will be prolonged.

On stiff or wet soils the bulbs should be surrounded with sand, and the beds raised, so that the bulbs when planted will be an inch or two above the level of the path. In January of the present year we specially prepared a raised bed of sandy loam and covered it with fern, which we removed gradually as the plants speared through, and we have had the firest display of Ivias we could desire, some of the plants two feet high.

12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]

### IXIAS.

The colours of these are rich, diversified, and strikingly beautiful, not only in the varieties but in the individual flowers. The growth of the Ixia is slender and graceful, having long loose spikes of bloom; the flowers expand in the sun's rays, and give a picture of gorgeous beauty, such as may have been dreamt of in the fabled gardens of the Hesperides.

The descriptions refer to the flowers when open: when closed, most of the yellows and the whites have the outside f the petals red or purple. I hus, when the sun's rays are absent there is one effect, but the brilliant display is in the expanded flowers. s. d. 

 1295
 3 each of 30 splendid varieties

 1296
 3 each of 20
 ditto
 ......10/6 &

 1297
 3 each of 10
 ditto
 ...... 5/6 &

 . 21 0 1298 1 each of 12 splendid varieties......2/6 & .....10/6 & 15 1299 Choice mixed..... per 100, 10/6; per doz. 0 ..... 5/6 & 1300 Fine mixed...... per 100, 5/6; 6 0 per doz. 1301 Aurantiaca major, yellow, black centre ...
1302 Bucephalus, magenta-purple, beautiful ... 1318 Imperatrice Eugenie, white, tinged rose-major, magenta-purple, large 1303 \*\*\* 6 1309 Cyrus, delicate primrose, crimson centre ...
1310 Diana, white, rose-purple centre .......... 1326 Pallas, pale primrose, crimson centre ..... 1327 Pearl, white, black centre

1328 Prestios, the largest of the Ixias, pure
white, crimson-velvet centre 1311 Duehess of Edinburgh, pure white, striped 1314 Golden Drop, golden yellow, and purple-maroon centre 6 1315 Hector, rose-purple, black centre
1316 Hemisphere, primrose, tinged red
1317 Hypatla, white, tinged lilac, black centre 6 1334 Vulcan, crimson, shaded orange ......

### MORPHIXIAS,

These are very distinct, flowering somewhat later than the Ixia, but possessing the same graceful habit. The buff coloured species is unique in habit and colour. per doz.-s. d. 1337 Paniculata rosea, rosy apricot. 2 6 1338 , mixed ... 2 6 SPARAXIS.

Mr. Saunders, of Guernsey, writing in the *Gardeners' Chroniele* with reference to Sparaxis, remarks that he has seen enthusiastic amateurs so full of ecstatic delight at the diversity of colours and the gorgeousness of the lues, that he had seen the knee bent and gymnastics performed without feeling at liberty to condemn the performers. The compact dwarf growth of the Sparaxis, combined with its rich beautiful colours, indicate its

formers. The compact dwarf growth of the s	pau	aris,	Combined with its field benefital colours, malou		
adaptation for pot culture.	8.	d.		8.	d.
1339 5 cach of 12 splendid varieties	IO	6	1342 r each of r2 splendid varieties	2	6
1340 3 ,, 12 ,, ,, ,,	6	0	1343 Choice mixed, per 100, 10s. 6d per doz.	J	6
1341 2 ,, 12 ,, ,,	4	6	1344 Fine mixed, per 100, 7s. 6d., ,,	1	0
per doz,			per doz.		
1345 Amelina, pale lemon, yellow centre	3	6	1353 Maculata, white, purple and primrose	I	6
1346 Angelique, white, yellow centre	2	0	1354 Nain, white and crimson, primrose centre.	2	6.
1347 Bulbifera, yellow, tinged orange	I	6	1355 Pavonia, white, centre yellow, mottled black	2	0
1348 Delicata, light yellow, centre spotted brown	4		1356 Purpurea striata, purple-crimson, striped	2	0
1349 Garibaldi, rich crimson, yellow centre	4			3	6
	2		1358 Tricolor, scarlet, marbled erimson	I	
1350 Josephine, white, with yellow centre		- 1			
1351 Lady Carey, French white, blotched purple	2	6	1359 ,, grandiflora, rich crimson	2	-
1352 Leopard, primrose, yellow centre	2	0	1360 Victor Emmanuel, red and yellow	I	6
* '4 '7					

### TRITONIAS.

In growth these resemble the Sparaxis, but differ in the prevailing colours, which range from buff to rose and the richest glowing orange, and always with a beautiful transparency. They succeed the Sparaxis in time of flowering, and cannot therefore be too strongly recommended. At Cliveden, we have known Mr. Fleming grow hundreds of pots of Crocata for furnishing jardinets.

II aira	100001	pots	1 0,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			s.	d.				s.	d.
1361	5 each	of 12 S	plendid	varietics	12/6 &	15	0	ì	1364	r each of 12 splendid varieties2/6 &	3	6
1362			٠,,	11	7/6 &	IO	6	ı	1365	Choice mixed, per 100, 10s. 6dper doz.	I	6
1363	2 ,,	12	,,	1)	4/6 &	5	6	1	1366	Fine mixed, per 100, 7s. 6d ,,	Į.	0
					per doz.					per doz,		
1367	Amœn	a, oran	ge, cent.	re spotted	yellow	4	6	I	1375	Fenestrata, soft rose-salmon	2	0
					rose	4	6			Gladstone (new), very distinct		6
1369	Brillia	int, ric	h lumin	ous oran;	ge-scarlet	2	6		1377	Julia, white suffused pink		6
1370	Crocat	ta, brig	the oran	gep	er 100, 10/6	I	6	L		Laura, deep salmon, very beautiful		6
1371	Eclair	, bright	t searlet	(new)		3	0	П		Prince Alfred, white, very large		6
1372	Elegai	ns, ora	nge-eeris	œ		2	6	Н		Speciosa, brilliant orange searlet		6
1373	Eleono	ore, buz	T, very f	ine (new)		5	6			Squalida, white, suffused rose		6
1374	Fulge	n <b>s,</b> brig	tht oran	ge <b>-scarlet</b>		3	6	ł	1382	Vivid, bright scarlet, crimson centre	4	6

BABIANAS.

In growth these resemble the Tritonias. The flowers range from blue to the richest crimson-magenta, set off by a dark green hirsute foliage, forming a striking contrast both in flower and foliage to the Sparaxis

anu	i moma.						a					d.
1383 1384 1385	3 "	10 S	21	13		5	6 6	ı	1387	r each of 12 splendid varietics	2 I	6 6 0
1389 1390 1391 1392 1393 1394	Atrocyan Attractic Bicolor, Celia, ro. General General	nea, on, a alter se, n Frod Scot	purple d lark blu nate pet uarked v ome, vid it, laven	hlue, mar e, vigorou als white white blet, spotte der, suffu	per doz. ked white is habit and blue ed white sed white	2 4 3 2 3 3	6		1396 1397 1398 1399 1400	Julia, petals alternately white and olue  Kermesina, rich erimson-magenta  Lady Carey, rose, marked white  Rosea grandis, rose-purple, marked white  Speciosa, mauve suffused blue  Villosa, blue	2 3 2	6 0 6 6 6

### THE RANUNCULUS.

The Ranunculus is truly beautiful, combining in the flowers diversified shades and colours with an exquisite

The Ranunculus is truly beautiful, combining in the flowers diversified shades and colours with an exquisite symmetry and compactness. It is valuable in spring, for beds, ribbons, masses, and edgiugs, in mixed or separate colours, and as a cut flower it is as useful as the Rose.

CULTURE.—For successional blooming, plant the Turban Ranunculus from October to February, and the Persian varieties from January to April. The Ranunculus does best in a somewhat moist soil which has been trenched, but any good ground properly prepared, will grow it successfully. Plant on a dry day, when the soil works kindly; draw drills two inches deep and five or six inches apart, sprinkling a little sand at the bottom of the drill, then press the tuhers firmly into the soil, with the claws downwards, cover with sand, and then with soil, always keeping the crown two inches under the surface. During severe weather, cover the early plantings with dry litter, leaves, or old tan; and remove this before the foliage gcts injured by the covering. In April and May, if the weather is dry, freely water the beds two or three times a week, and when the flower-buds appear water daily if necessary, and continue doing so while the plants are blooming, taking care to wet the foliage as little as possible. foliage as little as possible.

### DOUBLE PERSIAN RANUNCULUS FOR BEDS, RIBBONS, AND MASSES.

The following named varieties have been sclected for their large flowers and varied colours.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS.			
£ s. d.		d.	
1402 500 in 15 splendid varieties	. 4	6	ľ
1403 250 ditto ditto 10 6 1405 Mixed from named varietiesper 10	5	6	,
1.Danuard Ca	m 2 400		

RANUNCULUS, PERSIAN—continued. Per 100. per doz. s. d. s. d. per 100. per doz. s. d. s. d. s. d.
RANUNCULUS, PERSIAN—continued.  8. d. s. d.  1408 Belladonna, white, spotted
1408 Bellaconna, white, spotted
1409 Californian Gold, golden yellow 3 6 6 1418 Leon d'Orange, orange 3 6 6
1410 Capucin, glowing orange       3 60 6       1419 Mont Blanc, snow white       12 62 0         1411 Commodore Napier, primrose, tipped       1420 Mount Vesuvius, red spotted       3 60 6
1411 Commount Rapier, primrose, tipped 1420 mount vesuvius, rea spotted
1411 Commodore Napier, primrose, tipped with purple
1412 Count Orloff sellow of the desired 3 0 0 1422 Fineess victoria, termine 3 0 0
1414 Couronne des Roses, fine rose 3 6 6 1424 Queen Victoria, white, spotted 5 6 1
1414 Couronne des Roses, fine rose 3 6 6 1424 Queen Victoria, white, spotted 5 6 1 0
1415 Fireball, bright red
1427 Superfine mixed varieties, per 1000, 38s.; per 100, 4s.; per dozen, 8d.
1428 Fine ditto ditto 21s.; ditto, 2s. 6d.; ditto, 6d.
SPLENDID NEW DOUBLE PERSIAN RANUNCULUS, DUTCH AND SCOTCH VARIETIES.
To those who take an interest in cultivating Ranunculus in named varieties, we recommend the following:—
8. 4.
1429 A collection of rop in so splendid varieties to 6   1431 A collection of so in 25 splendid varieties 5 6
1430 ,, 50 in 50 ,, 6 6   1432 ,, 25 in 25 ,, 3 6
DOUBLE TURBAN OR TURKISH RANUNCULUS.
These differ from the Persian in the flowers being larger, more rose-like, and self-eoloured. They are very
effective in Spring, and adapted for beds, ribbons, and masses; their rich yellow, bright orange, brilliant scarlet,
and pure white flowers are unsurpassed.
OUR OWN SELECTIONS.
£ s. d. £ s. d.
1433 1000 in 8 splendid varieties 1 10 0 1435 250 in 8 splendid varieties
1433 1000 in 8 splendid varieties
1437 Spiendia mixed, per 1000, 30s.; per 100, 3s. on.; per dozen, on.
Per 100. per doz.   Per
1420 Crimon Crandifion
1440 Crimson Granulliora 3 0.00 1445 Scarlet, spienata. 3 0.00 1440 Scarlet, spienata. 3 0.00 1440 Scarlet, spienata.
1441 Golden Yellow
THE GOING TELLOW
NEW LARGE FLOWERING TURCO-PERSIAN RANUNCULUS.
This new race of Ranunculus is remarkable for a vigorous growth, extraordinary floriferous character, and
attains a height of about 18 inches, with 10 to 15 flowers on a plant. Where cut flowers are in demand this class of Ranunculus is most valuable, as flowers may be gathered from a bed of these several times a week
without imparing the display
1446 2 each of 25 varieties T 1 0 1 1448 Choice mixed per 100, 75, 6d.: per doz. 1 6
without imparing the display.       \$\mathbb{x}\$ s. d.         1446 3 each of 25 varieties       1 1 0   1448 Choice mixedper 100, 7s. 6d.; per doz.       1 6         1447 1 ,, of 25 ,,       0 7 6   1449 Fine mixed       5s. 6d.; ,,       1 0
THE AMENONE
THE ANEMONE.
The Anemone should occupy a conspicuous place in every garden. Its blossoms are of the most dazzling hues of searlet, purple, and blue, in self-colours and stripes. The foliage is elegantly lacelinated, the growth
hues of searlet, purple, and blue, in self-colours and stripes. The foliage is elegantly laciniated, the growth
is neat and compact, and in beds, groups, ribbons, or edgings to beds, either in distinct or mixed colours, few plants are so decorative. A bed of Searlet Anemones for brilliancy is unsurpassed amongst Spring flowers. In
plants are so decorative. A bed of Searlet Anemones for brilliancy is unsurpassed amongst Spring flowers. In
our Experimental Grounds we usually have Anemones in flower from six to eight months. Stray flowers generally
appear in November or December, and in sheltered localities, during mild winters, the graceful and brilliant
Anemone fulgens, when left undisturbed, flowers from January till April or May, furnishing a supply of the most
eharming flowers for vases and table bouquets. In the more massive forms of the single and double Poppy Anemone there is a charming variety in colour and combination. Besides these, the Starry Windflower (Anemone Stellata),
there is a charming variety in colour and combination. Desides these, the Starry windhower cane the security in the Starry windhower cane the security of Starry windhower combining diversity.
and the beautiful blue Anemone Apennina and Blanda make up a family of Spring flowers combining diversity and brillianey almost matchless for effect. With the exception of Apennina and Blanda, all are valuable as
cut flowers, and very lasting in water. By continuous planting from September to April, a succession can be
ensured to June or July. This season the eut flowers of Ancmone fulgens which we exhibited at the Horticultural
Gardens, and at King Street, attracted an unusual amount of attention. The brilliant searlet Field-Poppy,
were it to flower in March and April, would convey the effect of Anemone fulgens. When the Anemone is
used for pot culture, the pots are best out of doors plunged in ashes to the rim till the flower buds appear.
CULTURE.—The Anemone does best in a light loamy soil, but succeeds in any good soil which is well drained.
In their native habitat Anemones are found in such places as vineyards and oliveyards, where they are partially
protected from the seorehing rays of the sun, the enemy of most spring flowers.
NEW DOUBLE POPPY ANEMONES, FOR BEDS AND MASSES.
The flowers of the Double Anemone are extremely handsome, resembling a semi-double Hollyhoek, and
when planted from October to December, they bloom in succession in the early Spring months, while those
planted in February or March flower from April to Lune
per 100 per doz
1450 100 in 10 new splendid varieties
1450 100 in 10 new splendid varieties

1454 New blue varieties ..... 1451 30 in 10 1452 12 in 12 1457 Splendid mixed double, all colours 5s. 6d. per 100; 1s. per doz.

1458 Splendid double scarlets in shades 7s. 6d. per 100; 1s. 3d. per doz.

1459 Splendid mixed double blues and purples 7s. 6d. per 100; 1s. 3d. per doz.

1450 Splendid mixed double blues and purples 7s. 6d. per 100; 1s. 3d. per doz.

The following new varieties are remarkable for their large flowers and fine variety of colours:

Per doz. 8. d.

1466 Prince Alfred vore statted and scarlet. Per doz. 8. d.
1460 Cedo Nulli, purple, carmine, and scarlet. 2 0
1461 Feu de Parade, rosy scarlet 1 6
1462 Garibaldi, rose and scarlet. 2 0
1463 King of Scarlets, brilliant scarlet, very large per doz. 8. d.
1464 Leverrier, beautiful red 1 6
1465 L'Ornement de la Nature, rich blue 2 0
1472 Mixed from above per 100, 105. 6d. 1

12 and 13. King Streel, Covent Garden, 1879.]

### NEW DOUBLE CHRYSANTHEMILM FLOWERED ANEMONES.

Danner Ananzana
Poppy Anemone.
2

	per doz, ea	ch.		per d			
	n. d. s.	d.		8.			
1473 Gloire de Nantes, rich violet	3 60	4	1476 Mauve Clair, pale mauve	5	6	0	6
1474 La Brilliante, rich cerise	5 60	6	1477 Ponceau, deep scarlet			I	0
1475 Lilas, red-lilac	I	0	1478 Rossini, peach colour	•••		I	0

1479 New splendid mixed French Double Anemones ......per dozen 5 6

### NEW VARIETIES OF SPLENDID DOUBLE ANEMONES.

To	those who	are interested	in cultivating	g Ai	nem	ones in	named	varieties,	we	recommend	d the	followi	ng
collection				8.	d.								d.
1480 A	collection of	f 100 in 50 splc:	ndid varieties	15	0	1482	A collec	tion of 25	in 25	g splendid v	varictio	es 4	6
1481	**	50 in 50		8	0	1483	**	12	in 12	2 ,,		2	6

SINGLE POPPY ANEMONES.

The Single Anemone has large beautiful poppy-like blossoms, and in sheltered situations during mild easons it flowers continuously throughout the Winter, Spring, and early Summer months.

8. d. | 1484 Fine mixed, 3/6 per 100; 0/8 per doz. | 1488 Blue | 1480 Furple | 1486 Scarlet, 3/6 per 100; 0/8 per doz. | 1489 Furple | 1490 Red | 1497 Brilliant Scarlet, 5/6 per 100; 1/0 per doz. | 1491 White | 1492 New Large-flowered Intense Brilliant Scarlet, per 100, 7/6; 1/3 per doz. | 1497 Red | 1498 Red | 1499 Red | 1 1488 Blue ......per doz. 2 0 6 1489 Purple ..... 6

ANEMONE STELLATA OR HORTENSIS (THE STARRY WIND FLOWER).

These Anemones are remarkable for brilliant colours, elegant flowers, and graceful foliage. The varieties were selected by Mr. Barr from a very large collection, and are characterized by distinctness and excellence of colour; they flower early, and are good pot-plants.

	8.	d.					
1493 3 each of 12 varieties	7	0	1	1495	Fine mixed, per 100, 12/6; per doz., 2/0		
1494 I each of 12 ,,	2	6	1	1496	Mixed from the collection, per 100, 15/; per do:	z.2/	6
per doz,		d.			per doz.	8. (	d.
1497 Admiral, rich scarlet, white centre		6		1504	Julius, ruby, white centre	2	6
1498 Allegaricus, deep scarlet	2	6	1	1505	Orion, orange-scarlet, white centre	2	6
1499 Archimedes, deep lilac, white centre	2	6	ı	1506	Napopolasser, crimson, white centre	2	6
1500 Cæsar, crimson-purple, white centre	2	6	Ш	1507	Reine de Prusse, rose-scarlet, white centre	2	6
1501 Favourite, deep scarlet, white centre	2	6	İ	1508	Sieraad, salmon-rose, white centre	2	6
1502 Gladstone, rose, tinged lake, white centre	2	6		1509	Triton, rich ruby-purple, white centre	2	6
1503 Josephus, rich orange scarlet	2	6		1510	Speciosus, rich crimson, white centre	2	6

ANEMONE FULGENS (SCARLET WIND FLOWER).

The Scarlet Wind Flower is the most brilliant and graceful of all the Winter and Spring flowering Anemones. Its rich dazzling scarlet flowers and light elegant habit make it one of the most attractive flowers of Spring. is valuable to cut for table bouquets or vases, as it lasts a long time in water. If the roots are left undisturbed flowers may be gathered from Christmas to May. Hithertoo the stock has been limited, and the price almost prohibitive. Having now a good supply, we have reduced the price very considerably to ensure a large sale. Besides the type we offer several varieties, but the stock is very limited of each, and they have been inserted in our Catalogue more particularly for amateur collectors of hardy plants. For all decorative purposes the type, No. 1511, is the one we recommend, and to which our remarks more especially apply.

		each—s, d.		each—s	. d.
1511	Fulgens	s, dazzling scarletper 100, 30/0	1514 Fulg	ens multipetala, scarlet, per doz., 7/6	0 9
		per doz., 4/6 o 6	1515	oculata, scarlet, white centre	
1512	**	anulata, scarlet, white ring 1 6	1516	cœrulea, blueper doz., 5/6	5 6
1513	"	grandiflora, large brilliant scarlet 2 6			
	1517	Fulgens flore-pleno, the double scarlet Pea	cock Anemon	reper 100, 7/6; per doz., 1/-	

SUNDRY ANEMONES.

A. Apennina has rich blue flowers and elegant foliage, and is one of the most lovely of dwarf early Spring flowers. When intermingled with Triteleia conspicua, the delicate porcelain flowers of the one blend with the rich blue of the other in a most charming manner.

A. japonica, in its varieties, white, rose and red, are the most decorative of berbaceous plants in Autumn.

are the most accordance of herbaccous plants in Autum	1.
each—s. d.	each—s. d.
1518 Apennina, rich blue, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft., per 100, 15s.;	1521 Japonica rubra, rose purple, per doz. 7s.6d. o 9
	1522 Nemorosa bracteata fl. pl., white, 1 ft. o 6
1519 Japonica alba, pure white per doz., 5/6 o 6	1523 Palmata, yellow, 3 ft 0 9
1520 ,, elegans, rose ,, 5/6 o 6	1524 Ranunculoides, yellow, ½ ft I O

### CYCLAMEN.

During the Winter months, the charming varieties of Cyclamen Persicum are brought to Covent Garden

During the Winter months, the charming varieties of Cyclamen Persicum are brought to Covent Garden Market in large quantities. Some of the specimens, with upwards of two hundred flowers, have realized as much as four guineas each. For winter decoration the Cyclamen Persicum is indispensable; no flower being so highly prized for button-hole bouquets and finger-glasses. In Cornwall, and a few such favoured places in England and Ireland it is hardy, and used for out-door decoration.

The European varieties of Cyclamen are quite hardy, but require perfect drainage and shelter from the cutting winds of Spring and the sun's rays of Summer. On rockwork they are charming; and in semi-wild places, nestling in the grass, the effect is most beautiful. In our Experimental Grounds, close to an old elm tree, these hardy Cyclamen can be seen in bloom from July to April. Europæum commences flowering in July; the varieties of Hederæfolium succeed these; Atkinsi and Coum flower in Winter; Repandum and Vernum in April. These hardy Cyclamen, skilfully cultivated in pots, are no less beautiful than the varieties of Persicum. The genus, according to the latest researches, may be divided into five specific heads or types, thus:—Europæum, Summer according to the latest researches, may be divided into five specific heads or types, thus:—Europæeum, Summer flowering; Hederæfolium, which embraces Græcum, Africanum, Macrophyllum, etc., Autumn flowering; Persicum, Winter flowering, indoors; Ibericum, which takes in Atkinsi and Coum, Winter flowering, out-of-doors; Vernum, and its ally, Repandum, Spring flowering. Thus, Europæeum is in flower, out-of-doors, in July and August; Hederæfolium from August to November; Ibericum and its allies in December, January, February, and March; Vernum and Repandum in April.

[Barr and Sugden,

Cyclamen Europæum we import from the Alps. It is a delightfully fragrant species, and we strongly recommend its culture on rockwork, at the bottom of old walls and in wild gardens. 25s. per 100.

Cyclamen Hederæfolium and its varieties Graceum, etc., have beautiful Anæctochilus-like variegated foliage,

Cyclamen Hederæfolium and its varieties Græcum, etc., have beautiful Anœetochilus-like variegated foliage, which is decorative throughout the Autumn and Spring months, and is uninjured by the weather. Often in the dead of Winter have we gazed upon masses of these, and felt surprised that they have not been used as Winter bedding plants, associated with Scilla bifolia, Scilla sibirica, and Snowdrops. In Autumn, from amidst the foliage, rises a profusion of magenta-coloured flowers, which, followed by the Scillas and Snowdrops, will yield a succession and variety so charming that we must leave the effect to the imagination of our readers.

Cyclamen Persicum and its varieties, as indoor plants, succeed at a very low temperature, such as a cool greenhouse or even a cold frame with a little protection. They also thrive and make vigorous plants in a stove or orchid house, and should be one of the principal decorative plants, indoors, in Winter and Spring.

All Cyclamen are sent out established in pots, except the roots of Europeum, at 25s. per 100.

1525 Seed saved from the Large Flowered Prize Varieties of C. Persicum, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d. per packet. Seedlings, when properly cultivated, make fine specimens within 12 months,

Seedlings, when properly cultivated, make fine specimens within 12 months.

1526 Cyclamen Persicum, large flowered Prize varieties, 12s., 18s., 24s., and 3os. per doz.; 1s. 6d., 2s., 2s. 6d., and 3s. 6d. each, according to size. Larger specimen plants for Exhibition, 5s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 1os. 6d., 12s. 6d., 15s., and 21s. each. Plants in flower can be supplied from December at market prices, 1527 Hardy Cyclamen, Autumn, Winter, and Spring flowering, assorted varieties, per doz., 15s. and 21s.

				The state of the state of por done; 135, and 115.	
	each-	- s.	d.	each—s. d.	
	Atkinsi, white, crimson centre 1/6 to	2	6	1540 Hederæfolium Græcum, reds of shades,	Ī
1529	,, carneum	2	6	flowers large and beautiful, 1/6 & 2 6	5
1530	" roseum1/6 to	2	6	1541 ,, macrophyllum, blush white 2 6	5
1531	, rubrum1/6 to	2	6	1542 Ibericum, purple 2 6	
1532	Coum, bright red	2	6	1543 Persicum	5-
1533	Europæum, red, sweet-scented, autumn-			1544 ,, album, pure white	5
	flowering25/ per 100, 4/6 per doz.	0	6	1545 ,, roseum, rosy red2/6 to 3 6	
1534	Europæum, established in pots	I	6	1546 ,, rubrum2/5 to 3 6	
1535	Hederæfolium, rosy-pink	2	6	1547 ,, giganteum, foliage distinct and	
1536	,, Africanum, blush white, 1/6 to	2	6	beautifully variegated, 2/6, 3/6, & 5 6	51
1537	,, album, pure white	2	6	1548 Repandum, bright red	5
1538	, from Corfu	I	6	1549 Vernum, bright red	5
1539	from the Isle of Zante, not			1550 ,, album, pure white 2 6	
	yet flowered		6	,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	1
	<i>jj</i>	_			

### CROWN IMPERIALS.

These are stately border plants, producing in Spring effective clusters of pendent bell-shaped flowers, surmounted by tufts of fresh green leaves. The plants are especially adapted for shrubbery borders and outlying situations, where early-flowering plants of stately growth are required. They succeed in almost any soil and situation, but thrive best in loam.

situation, but thrive best in loans,	per doz. each.	per doz. each.
	s. d. s. d.	s. d. s. d.
1551 Crown upon Crown		. 7 60 0
1552 Gold-striped foliage	6   1559 Maxima red, large bronze red	. 10 61 O
1553 Orange Crown, orange red	5 6 o 6   1560 Maxima yellow, large pure yellow	v r 6.
1554 Single Red	5 6o 6   1561 Minor, red	. 5 60 6
1555 Double Red	3 6   1562 Slagzward	. 5 60 6
1556 Single Yellow, pure yellow	1 3 1563 Wm. Rex, bronze red	. 7 60 0
1557 Double Yellow, pure yellow	3 6   1564 Mixed, various shades	. 4 60 .5
	FRITILLARIAS.	

The varieties of F. Meleagris have singularly marbled pendent bell-shaped flowers. They are effective in flower The varieties of F. Meteagris have singularly man bled pendent ben-shaped flowers. They are effective in nower borders and shrubberies, and are valuable for naturalization in ornamental parks and woodland walks. Persica is almost as stately as the Crown Imperial; its bluish-green foliage, and small, dusky, pendent, bell-shaped flowers impart to it a very distinctive character. Pyrenaiea, like Meleagris, is dwarf, with smaller flowers and less chequered. Kamsehatkensis is the Sarana Kamschatkense, the Lilium Kamsehatkense and the Black Lily; the flowers are very remarkable. Pudica is a charming dwarf yellow variety, recently figured in The Garden. All the Fritillarias grow freely in any ordinary garden soil.

		per do						per doz	-8,	d.
1565 Kamsch	atkensis, the Bla	ck Lily, each 2/	6		1570	Meleagris,	dark chequered		2	6
1566 Persica,	brown and purpl	'e	. 4	6			pure white			
1567 Pudica,	bright yellow	eaeh 2/	б		1572		plena, chequered			
1568 Pyrenai	ca, purple		. 3	6	1573		mixedper	100, 10/6	2	0
1569 Meleagr	18, rose-chequered	*************************	. 4	6	1574	Mixed, bro	ad leaved varieties	,, 12/6	2	6.

### SCILLA (THE WOOD HYACINTH).

The varieties of Wood Hyacinths which we quote are a selection of the finest and most distinct, and cannot be other than acceptable border plants. For many years we collected these Wood Hyacinths, and few indeed are aware how many beautiful things are in this family, notably those from Spain, which are ranged under the are aware how many beautiful things are in this lamily, notably those from Spain, which are ranged under the head of Campanulata, Patula, and Cernua. The two varieties of Campanulata, Emperor and Empress, have flowers almost as large as a Dutch Hyacinth, and are exceedingly handsome in beds, as are also all the varieties of Campanulata; but when permanently established in groups in the flower and shrubbery borders, they are the most decorative of May-flowering bulbs. For table bouquets and filling vases, the white varieties are much sought after. We can also recommend the finer varieties of Campanula'a and all the white sorts as pot plants. For naturalization in woods and wild gardens these bulbs should be planted extensively, being not only extremely hearth but wary accomposition in almost any situation or soil and in shorty a runny capacity. Scilla hardy, but very accommodating, succeeding in almost any situation or soil, and in shady or sunny aspects. Scilla nutans embraces the English and Belgian native plants.

LATE SPRING-FLOWERING SCILLAS OR WOOD HYACINTHS.		
s. $d.$		d.
1575 reco in 30 varieties	32	0
1576 500 in 30 ,,	15	0
1579 Choice Mixed, for naturalizationper 1000, 50s.; per 100, 6s. 6d.; per doz., 1s.		
1580 Fine Mixed, ,, ,, ,, 30s.; ,, 4s. 6d.; ,, 9d.		
12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]		

SCILLA-	-continued.	per doz	-8.	d.	1		per doz	-8.	d.
1581 Ca	ampanulata,	hyacinth-blue, per 100, 10/6	I	6	1595	Patula	alba, pure white	2	6
1582	11	atrocœrulea, dark blue	2	6	1596		atrocœrulea, dark blue	2	6
1583	"	aperta major, light blue		6	1597	23	cœrulea, light porcelain	2	6
1584	"	minor, light blue		6	1598		grandiflora, porcelain, lined blue,		
1585	"	Emperor, porcelain, lined					very fine	5	6
1000	"	blue, very large	5	6	1599		praecox, porcelain, early	3	6
1586		Empress, white, lined blue,			1600		rosea, rose	3	6
1000	11	very large	5	6	1601		3, dark blueper 100, 5/6	ĭ	0
1587		major, poreclain-blue	2	6	1602		atrocœrulea, deep blue	2	6
1588	33	alba, pure white	3	6	1603	"	grandiflora, deep blue	2	6
1589	11	rosea, rose	3	6	1604		alba, pure white	2	6
1590	33	minor, porcelain, lined blue	3	-	1605	,,	grandiflora alba, pure white	3	6
1591	21	purpurea striata,	2		1606	.,	nana alba, pure white	3	6
1031	1)	porcelain, lined purple	3	6	1607	•	carnea, flesh colour	2	6
1592		rosea, rose	3	6	1608	**	rosea, rose		6
			_	6	1609	19	grandiflora carnea, flesh colour	3	6
		ae	3			11		_	6
1694 Pa	atuia, porcela	in	2	6	1610	99	,, rosea, rose	3	U

SUNDRY SCILLAS.

Peruviana and Ciliaris flower in Summer, and when established produce immense heads of bloom. Japonica and Autumnalis flower in August, and masses of these at that season make one feel as if they were at the Alpha, instead of approaching the Omega of the flower period.

	ch—8.		each—s. a	
1611 Autumnalis, purple-blue per doz. 4s. 6d	. 0	6	1614 Peruviana, dark blueper doz. 5s. o	6
1612 Japonica, autumn flowering	. 0	9	1615 ,, alba, white ,, 7s. 6d. o	9
1613 ,, rosea, autumn flowering	. I	0	1616 Verna, lilac-blue per doz. 3s. 6d. o	4
	IV	tuso	ARI.	

MUSCARI.

M. botryoides is the Grape Hyaeinth, and is remarkable for its dwarf growth and neat compact flower spikes of dark blue, clear pearl blue, and pure white. M. racemosum is the Starch Hyaeinth; it resembles and flowers at the same time as M. botryoides, but the foliage is recumbent, more ample, and the flower spike larger. The varieties Botryoides and Racemosum, several in a pot, are charming. M. moschatum is the Musk Hyaeinth; the flowers are ineffective, but delightfully fragrant, and on this account are recommended for pot culture. M. plumosum monstrosum is the Feathered Hyacinth, and flowers last in this section; its handsome, plume-like appearance entitles it to a prominent place in every flower border. The Muscari, like the Wood Hyaeinth, is a fine plant for naturalization, continuing long in bloom, and very accommodating as to soil and situation. The varieties of Botryoides make charming permanent edgings.

			p	cr 10	o per d	oz.		per roo, per d	ioz.
1617	Botryoides	cœruleum,	dark blue	7	б1	0	1623	Plumosum monstrosum, purple 10 61	6
1618		album, whi.	te	•••	2	6	1624	Racemosum, very dark blue, dwarf	
1619		pallidum, p	earl blue	12	62	0		and effective in beds 7 6I	
1620	Moschatur	n, fragrant			5	0	1625	pallens, rich blue 3	6
1621	. ,,	major, frag	rant		9	0	1626	Fine mixed, for woodland walks and	
1622	Plumosum	, purple		7	6 I	0		wild gardens per 1000, 50/; per 100, 6/1	0

### LILY OF THE VALLEY.

To force for Winter and Spring decoration, the specially prepared elumps which we quote cannot be too strongly recommended. In potting these, some growers shake away the soil, and pot in a good compost; others prefer potting the clumps as received, taking care, however, to pot tightly, and making sure in watering that the moisture penetrates to the centre of the clump. The prepared Berlin single crowns are now largely forced, 20 to 30 strong crowns in a 5-inch pot; but we recommend the clumps in preference, as with these success is more certain than with these crowns.

CULTURE.—In forcing the Lily of the Valley moisture is indispensable, as a dry atmosphere eauses the erowns, technically speaking, to "go blind;" therefore, to encourage the development of flower and foliage simultaneously, many growers place the pots in a partially shaded damp part of the house, and some invert a flower-pot over the crowns till the flower and the foliage have made some progress; the plants are then removed to a less shady situation. During the whole period of growth abundance of water must be given.

### CONVALLARIA (SOLOMON'S SEAL).

Those who have not forced this graceful plant, can form no idea how decorative it is in the conservatory and how attractive on the dinner-table, or how useful to cut for table bouquets. The strong clumps offered are for forcing.

| cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s. d. | cach-s.

### DIELYTRA.

This is the most graceful of plants for early forcing, it is beautiful in the conservatory and especially elegant for table decoration. It is a fine border plant when grown in sheltered situations.

cach—s. d. cach—s. d. cach—s. d. cach—s. d. cach—s. d. 1639 Spectabilis...per doz., 6s., 9s., & 12s.; 9d. to 1 6 | 1640 Spectabilis alba, white, 2 ft. ...2s. 6d. & 3 6 1641 Spectabilis fol. aureo-variegatis, 2 ft................................ each 9d., 1s., & 1s. 6d.

[Barr and Sugden,

### SPIRÆA.

The Spiraea Japonica, when forced, is remarkable for its large graceful feathery pure white fragrant flowers, and Palmata for its bright red feathery flower spikes. These plants are exceedingly decorative in the conservatory, and their flowers are much prized for bouquets. They are also both valuable border plants,

### FUNKIA.

These are handsome ornamental-foliaged hardy plants from Japan. They develope their leaves early in Spring, and in Summer and Autumn throw up a profusion of fine Lily-like flower spikes. Amongst herbaceous plants they will always command a prominent position, owing to the great diversity of their foliage, which ranges from the miniature to the gigantic. The massive glaucous-green foliage and purple flowers of Sieboldiana; the massive light fresh green leaves and snow-white flowers of Subcordata grandiflora, and the large massive green foliage of Ovata, with its deep purple flowers; than these anything more handsome in flower and shrubbery borders or in sub-tropical gardens can hardly be desired. Of the smaller leaved varieties, those with golden variegation and those with silver variegation make grand edgings; others again with the foliage intermediate in size have representatives with leaves beautifully variegated and of various shades of green. Besides these, the three small leaved varieties of Spathulata make neat compact edgings, while the leaves of the Plantanifolia are characteristically distinct. For naturalization all the Funkias are most valuable, and the large-leaved varieties are beautiful when grown in pleasure parks in the grass. In shady and somewhat moist situations the foliage attains its largest size.

		each	<b>−</b> 8.	d.	each—	8.	d.
		foliage green, flowers purple		9	1656 Ovata spathulata, small green foliage	0	6
1646	12	aurea variegata, golden variegated foliage		0	1657 ,, marginata, white margin- ed foliage, per doz., 5/6		6
1647	,,	undulata aurea, foliage golden			1658 ,, speciosa, small foliage,		
		yellow	0	6	pure white flowers		
1648	11	,, maculata, golden varie-			1659 ,, viridis, foliage green, flowers purple	0	6
		gated foliage	0	9	1660 ,, marginata, foliage conspicu-		
1649	33	,, argentea, white and green			ously margined white	0	9
3.050		variegated foliage	1	0	1661 ,, univittata, broad white cen-		
1650	1.1	,, elegans, foliage beau-			tral line to each leaf		9
1651		tifully variegated lanceolata, green foliage, and	O	9	1662 Fortunei, blue green foliage, very distinct 1663 Sieboldiana, large glaucous green foliage,	2	6
TONE	11	purple flowersper doz., 4/6	0	6	per doz., 10s. 6d.		0
1652		plantanifolia, green foliage, and	•	0	1664 ,, marmorata, yellow margined	-	U
2.002	,,	purple flowers per doz., 7/6	0	9	foliage	I	6
1653	.,,	sinensis, foliage green, per doz., 7/6	0	9	1665 Subcordata grandiflora, large light green		
1654	"	" marmorata, golden marbled			foliage, and large pure white		
	- '	foliage	1	0	flowers per doz., ros. 6d.	I	0
1655	13	" cordifolia, foliage green	0	9			

### HEPATICA.

These charming Spring flowers have been favourites in English gardens from time immemorial, but like many of our old-fashioned plants, the present generation are comparatively unacquainted with the flower in its best aspect. It succeeds best in a shady or northern situation. In our garden of hardy plants we have beds of these, during the spring months, one sheet of flower—red, blue, purple, and white. As established masses are most decorative, we maintain a fine stock of large clumps, and these we recommend to purchasers in preference to single plants.

• cach - s. d.

### HEMEROCALLIS (THE DAY-LILY).

Showy hardy herbaceous plants. The varieties, Fulva and Kwanso, It. pl., make noble specimens in shrubberies, and are exceedingly decorative in semi-wild places. The varieties with silvery foliage are heautiful in flower borders, and grown under glass they are as handsome in Spring as the variegated Pandanus. Sieboldiana, Flanta Lute, and Gramines are neat dwarf effective border plants.

Flava, Luten, and Gramanen are near dwarf ener					
1676 Disticha, fl. pl., orange, shaded crimson, 21 ft.	I	0	1681 Kwanso, fl. pl., orange, marked crimson,		
1677 Flava, bright yellow, early, 13 ft	0	6		0	9
1678 Fulva, bronze orange, 3 ft. per doz., 4/6		6			
1679 ,, variegata, leaves white and green;			and green; very beautiful, 3ft		
			1683 Lutea, rich yellow, very early, 2 ft		
1680 Graminea, rich orange, 1 ft	1	0	1684 Sieboldiana, orange, outside brown, 11 ft.		
			1685 Thunbergi, rich clear yellow, 11 ft	0	6

### TROPÆOLUM.

Azureum, Jarrattii, Tricolor, Speciosum, and Pentaphyllum, arc of slender and rapid growth: and for neat trellis work or for globes, they are most charming. Pentaphyllum and Speciosum are hardy, the former succeeding in a sunny situation, and the latter requiring a moist soil and a sunless aspect; Polyphyllum is also hardy, and in a sunny situation is a highly decorative plant covered for months in succession with a profusion of large rich golden yellow flowers.

each—s. d. each—s. d.

a	nd in a sunny situation is a mighty account to plant	00			a months in succession with a protasion of he	. 5	
	ch golden yellow flowers.				each—s.	d.	
	686 Azureum, blue 3s. 6d. & 5						
1	687 Brachyceras, yellow 3	6	1		ready to plant out) 2	6	
1	688 Jarrattii, scarlet, yellow, and black1/6 & 2	6	1	1692			
	689 Pentaphyllum, scarlet and green is. & 1				1s. 6d. & 2		
1	690 Polyphyllum, golden yellow 1s. 6d. & 2	6	L	1693	Tuberosum, yellow and red I	0	
	12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]						

### TUBEROSES.

The flowers resemble the much-prized Stephanotis, but are more fragrant, and being perfectly double are more generally useful. If planted in succession, from the 1st of January till July, a supply of cut blooms may be had from May to December, and the conservatory filled with the most delicious fragrance. The roots mature late

in autumn, and are, therefore, unfit to force till after Christmas.

CULTURAL TREATMENT.—The successful growers for Covent Garden pot singly in 5 or 6-inch pots, and plunge in moist bottom heat, withholding water till the foliage appears, then giving it freely, and growing on in a house with a high temperature and a moist atmosphere till the flower buds are developed, the plants can then be 

per doz. 7s. 6d. o 9

1698 The Pearl; this variety is more dwarf per doz. 5s. 6d. 0 6

1696 Double American ...... per doz. 5s. 6d. 0 6 than the preceding ......per doz., 9s., I o

The American Tuberoses are now much sought after by the growers for Covent Garden Market.

### TIGRIDIA (THE TIGER SPOTTED FLOWER).

There is no flower more gorgeously coloured than the Tigridia. The petals are self-coloured and the petaloid stigmas and the cup of the flower are superbly tiger-spotted, producing a remarkable contrast between the lower and the upper part of the flower. Last year, from August to November, we had beds of T. grandiflora flowering from roots which had been received from South America and were planted in June in our Experimental flowering from roots which had been received from South America and were planted in June in our Experimental Grounds. The individual flower of the Tigridia lasts one day, but from the same scape come a series of blossoms continually replacing each other, and maintaining the floral display for a long time. The roots may be planted in March, April, and May, and for pot culture even earlier.

[ach—8. d.]

1699 Canariensis, yellow, spotted scarlet, 1 ft. per doz., 3s. 6d. o
1700 Conchiflora, yellow, spotted scarlet, 1 ft. per doz., 3s. o
1701 Cœlestis (Phalocallis plumbea), blue, a distinct species, 1 ft. o 1702 Grandifiora, rieh scarlet, spotted crimson on a yellow ground, flowers very targe, 

 Ift.
 per doz., 4s. 6d.

 1703 Pavonia, scarlet and orange, 1 ft.
 per doz., 3s.

 1704 Speciosa, dark searlet and orange, 1 ft.
 pcr doz., 3s. 6d.

### AMARYLLIS.

Under this heading are ranged plants of the most diverse character, and requiring to be dealt with separately or in groups, as follows:

THE FAR-FAMED GUERNSEY AND BELLADONNA LILIES.

The beautiful flowers of the Guernsey Lily are brilliant scarlet, and in the sun's rays appear as if spangled with gold-dust. The large handsome flowers of the Belladonna Lily are white, flusbed rose-purple, and produced in clusters.

duced in clusters.

The Guernsey and Belladonna Lilies arrive generally early in September, and always showing the flowerbud. Orders therefore, should be given for them immediately after the 1st and not later than the 1sth September, that being their usual blooming period. When executing orders for these bulbs, we examine the flower-bud of each, and send out only such as give promise of good flowers. Notwithstanding this precaution on our part, delay in transit, neglecting to plant immediately they are received, or, it may be, an undeveloped defect in the flower-scape, may lead to partial failure, but for these contingencies we cannot hold ourselves responsible. Therefore, as they are moderate in price, those who would ensure the enjoyment of these charming flowers, are recommended to purchase an extra quantity.

CULTURE.—Immediately the Guernsey and Belladonna Lilies are received, plant them in light soil, prepared cocoa-fibre or moss, and give water liberally. Bulbs purchased after they have done flowering should be potted and treated the same as recommended for Vallota purpurea.

1208. Belladonna Lily (Amaryllis Belladonna)

1705 Belladonna Lily (Amaryllis Belladonna) per doz.
1706 Guernsey Lily (Nerine Sarniensis) ,,

HARDY AMARYLLIS.

The Amaryllis, under this heading, arc all valuable plants. The varieties of Belladonna yield in Autumn large umbels of beautiful rich, fresh coloured flowers, and are very effective in the conservatory. When grown out of doors, they succeed best close under a south wall, or immediately in front of a greenhouse; and if left undisturbed, will annually produce gorgeous umbels of lovely flowers. The varieties of Longifolia, are grand border plants, with large umbels of beautiful funnel-shaped sweet-scented blossoms. Candida (Zephyrauthes candida) "The Flower of the West Wind," is valuable as an edging, and decorative in groups, throwing up in autumn a profusion of white Crocus-like flowers. Lutea (Sternbergia tutea), "The Lily of the Field," is charming as an edging, and beautiful in groups when in Autumn it expands its large, rich yellow Crocus-like flowers; these, combined with the bright fresh green foliage, give a pleasing effect. Both Amaryllis candida and lutea are valuable rock plants, and perfectly hardy per doz. each.

1707	Belladonna,	white,	flushed	rosy 1	burpie	7	60	9.
1708	"	minor,	2.1	,	,,		I	0
1709	21	blanda	, ,,	,	,,		1	6
1710	"	revolut	ta		···		1	6
					se album), white			
1712	,, I	osea	( ,,	"	roseum), rose		I	0
1713	Candida (Za	ephyrani	thes can	(dida	, white \ "The Flower of the \	2	60	3
1714	,, ma	jor (Zep	hyranti	hes ea.	ndida major), white ( West Wind " )	5	60	6
1715	Lutea (Steri	nbergia i	lutca),:	yellou	, "The Lily of the Field"	3	60	4
					f.p.			

[Barr and Sugden,

VALLOTA PURPUREA AND THE JACOBŒAN LILY.

Amaryllis purpurea, better known as Vallota purpurea or Scarborough Lily, is one of our most beautiful Autumn-flowering plants. Its rich searlet blossoms are highly appreciated in the conservatory or sitting-room window, and as a cut flower for filling vases. Amaryllis formosissima, the Jacobean Lily, is a quaintly-shaped beautiful flower, and forces well. When kept dry during the winter, it may be bedded out or planted in the flower borders in May.

1716 Vallota purpures decivity

### CHOICE GREENHOUSE AMARYLLIS.

The Amaryllis is a decorative plant in the conservatory, valuable for table decoration, and beautiful for ishing vases and jardinets, or to cut for table bouquets. With management the varieties of this section of furnishing vases and jardinets, or to cut for table bouquets. With management the varieties of this section of Amaryllis may be had in bloom throughout the year. Cleopatra, with its crimson searlet flowers and central white line in each petal, combined with its robust constitution and finely formed flowers, we recommend as one of the very best.

1718 Fine Unnamed seedling Amaryllis ......30s. per dozen, 3s. 6d. cach.

	each—s.	d.	eacl	-8.	d.
1719 Cleopatra	5	6	5   1723 Regina	5	6
1720 Crocea grandiflora	3	6	1724 Reticulata, variegated foliage species	5	6
1721 Johnsoni	5	6	5   1725 Vittata	3	6
1722 Prince of Orange	3	6	1726 Fine mixedper doz., 15/ & 21/; 1/6 &	2	6.

### NERINE.

These, like the Vallota purpurea, require the protection of a frame or greenhouse in winter to encourage the development of the foliage. The beautiful Guernsey Lily (Nerine Sarniensis), so well-known and so highly prized, is the typical plant of this group. Fothergilli and Corusca have larger flowers, and the same beautiful appearance as if spangled with gold dust.

1727 Corusca, gluttering scarter.

26 1730 Reflexa

26 1731 Undulata, flowers dark rose, and prettily 1729 Japonica

1 0 crisped.

1 6

1730 Reflexa \_\_\_\_\_\_2
1731 Undulata, flowers dark rose, and prettily crisped. \_\_\_\_Pots of 3 to 6 bulbs, 1/ & 1

### ZEPHYRANTHES.

These are pretty bulbous plants. Candida, the "Flower of the West Wind," throws up its beautiful silvery Crocus-like blossoms in August and September, and is charming as an edging, beautiful on rockwork and in groups in the flower borders. They all make nice pot plants.

	each—s. d.	each—s.		
1732 Can	dida, silvery white, for edgings,   1734 Carinata, rose	I	6	L
	per 100, 10s. 6d., per doz., 2s. 0 3 1735 Ochroleuca, yellow, crimson cen	tre I	0	
1733 ,,	major, white, tinged rose, per doz., 5/6 o 6   1736 Sulphurea, pale yellow	т	0	

### THE GLADIOLUS.

### RAMOSUS, AND OTHER EARLY-FLOWERING GLADIOLI.

These are beautiful though not so stately as the varieties of Gandavensis; they however bloom earlier, and their Inese are beautiful though not so stately as the various of Gandavensis; they nowever bloom earlier, and their value is on this account enhanced in the general succession of flowers. A correspondent in the North of England informs us that he has beds of these early flowering Gladioli, which have not been disturbed for 10 or 15 years, and that bulbs, which have been newly planted convey but a meagre idea of the magnificent effect which is produced from established masses. Where cut flowers are in demand, these should be extensively cultivated for filling vases. The snow-white flowers of Colvilli albus, sometimes called "The Bride," are exceptionally valuable.

CULTURE.—Trench the ground, and work abundance of rotten manure in the underspit; plant the bulbs from the beginning of December till the end of March, at a depth of six inches. If the summer is dry and the weather hot, a good soaking of water or liquid manure twice a week will greatly benefit the plants.

CULTURE FOR CONSERVATORY DECORATION.—Plant three in a five or six inch pot, and place in a cold frame or pit, plunging the pots in ashes, and withholding water till the bulbs have started into growth; or, the pots may be buried in ashes out of doors, as recommended for the Hyacinth, and there allowed to remain undisturbed till ready to remove in-doors. It is customary with many to plant several bulbs close together in the open border, and, when the flower-spike shows the first tint, to lift them without breaking the ball, pot them and place them in-doors. Thus treated, the flowers expand as perfectly as if they had not been disturbed, and the bulbs are in no way injured.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS OF THE FOLLOWING GLADIOLUS, &C., READY END OF OCTOBER.

3	0
2	6
3	0
-8.	d.
4	6
3	6
2	6
2	6
2	6
2	6
3	6
4	6
	3 3 2 2 2 2 3

CLADIOLI FOR SHRUBBERIES AND SEMI-WILD PLACES.

These very early flowering Gladioli should be planted in situations where they may be left undisturbed. They flower during the months of May and June, and are extremely decorative at that period in the borders. Where cut flowers are in demand for vases, the rosy-purple Byzantinus and the pure white Colvilli are matchless.

per 100, per doz.	per 100. per u			
1759 Byzantinus, rosy purple, showy and	1760 Colvilli, purple lilac 10 61 6			
very beautiful 5 6 I o	1761 ,, albus, pure white 10 61 6			
12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879]				

GANDAVENSIS, THE AUTUMN FLOWERING GLADIOLUS. Notice.—In August it eannot be determined how the Gladiolus crop will turn out. Consequently, till October, growers' prices are not known. We have therefore deferred quoting specific varieties till we issue our Seed Catalogue, which will contain a complete collection. Orders may, however, be given from the Spring Catalogue of the present year, as these quotations hold good tilt the 1st January, 1880. The varieties of Gandavensis should not be planted titt after the middle of March. In our Experimentat Grounds we have found early in May the best time for planting, but this depends however on soil and locality. VARIETIES OF GANDAVENSIS .- Our own Selections. Ready in December. £ s. d. O 0 0 Varieties of Gandavensis in Special Mixtures. | 1774 Fine mixed scarlets, crimsons, etc., 25/ .... 3/6 | 1778 Splendid mixed whites, purples, 25/ .... 3/6 | 1778 Splendid mixed whites, purples, 26/ .... 3/6 | 1778 Splendid mixed roses, etc. ... 25/ .... 3/6 | 1779 Fine mixed, from all colours .... 25/ .... 3/6 | 1789 Splendid mixed, from all colours .... 25/ .... 3/6 | 1780 Splendid mixed, from all colours .... 30/ .... 4/6 ANTHOLYZA.

These are closely allied to the Gladiolus and form a nice variation, their long flower-spikes being very effective. The cultural treatment is the same as for the early flowering Gladiolus. | Cach-s. d. | Cac cach-s. d. WATSONIA. These fine ornamental bulbs require the same cultural treatment as the early flowering Gladiolus. They are very decorative, and should be associated with the Gladiolus for flower border decoration. cach-s. d. 1789 Angustifolia, lively pink, per doz. 2s. 6d. o 3 1798 Grootvorst, lemon colour ..... 1801 Marginata, delicate rose, exquisite 0 1802 Mariana, purple-crimson 0 1803 Rosea, rose 0 1804 Speciosa, fine AGAPANTHUS, THE AFRICAN LILY.

A well known and very ornamental plant for the conservatory and the terrace, and very picturesque on the margins of lakes and ponds.

1807 Umbellatus, bright blue, 3ft., 1s., 1s. 6d. & 2 6 | 1810

1808 , albus, pure white, 3ft... 1s. & 1 6 | 1811

1809 ,, fol. variegatis, 2ft., 1s. 6d. & 2 6 | 1812 ALSTRŒMERIA. It would hardly be possible to find a more ornamental plant than A. aurea, or a flower more useful to cut for vases. Plant on a well drained soil at a depth of 6 to 9 inches. ANTHERICUM. These are extremely decorative hardy border plants, with elegant white flowers, useful to cut for furnishing vases. cach—s. d. late Graminifolium, white,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft. o 9 | 1820 Liliastrum (St. Bruno's Lily), white,  $1\frac{1}{2}$  ft. o 9 | 1821 Trichopetalum, white 2 | 1821 Trichopetalum, white 2 | 1821 Trichopetalum, white 2 | 1821 Trichopetalum, white 3 | 1821 Trichopetalum, white BRODIÆA. These hardy bulbous plants should have a place in every flower border. Congesta is very effective; Coccinea one of the most characteristic plants cultivated; Grandiflora is a gem.

cach—s.

1822 Coccinea, magenta, tipped green, 2 ft. 1s. & 1 6 | 1824 Grandiflora, bright blue, 1 ft., per doz. 2/6 o
1823 Congesta, fine lilac, 2 ft., per doz. 1s. 6d. o 3 | 1825 Volubilis, light rose-purple, 3 ft. ......1s. & 1 CAMASSIA. Few hardy bulbous plants are more beautiful than these North American gems, with their long graceful loose racemes of beautiful star-shaped flowers. | Cach = s. d. | Cach

Barr and Sugden,

### HYACINTHUS.

The hardiness of the magnificent H. Caudicans is now beyond question. We have it this year flow	wering
in the open border, where it has been growing for several years. It is also a handsome conservatory plant.	Ame-
	h-a. d.
1829 Amethystinus, flowers amethyst-blue, a most charming little plant	. 0 4
1830 Candicans, white, 3 to 4 ft., per doz. 9/-, 15/-, & 21/	

### ORNITHOGALUM.

These are fine hardy border plants. *Umbellatum*, the well known Star of Bethlehem; *Nutaus*, remarkable for its green and white nodding flowers; *Pyramidale* has a massive spike of white blossom; *Arabicum* has a large black centre to its white star-shaped flower; and Montanum is charming as an edging.

	eac	h.	C:	ach.
1831 Arabicum, white, black centre, handsome,	s.	d.	1835 Umbellatum, white, makes a beautiful s.	d.
1. itper doz., 2s. 6d.	0	3	edging, ift., per 100, 5s., per doz., is. o	2
1832 Montanum, white, 1 ft. per doz., 7s. 6d	0	9	1836 ,, fimbriatum ,, 25. 0	3
1833 Nutans, green and white , 2s. 6d.	0	3	1837 ,, splendens ,, 25. 0	3
1834 Pyramidale, white, showy, 2 ft., ,, 7s. 6d.	0	9	1838 In mixture, 15s. per 100, 2s. 6d. per doz.	

### SISYRINCHIUM.

During winter and spring it would be difficult to conceive anything more beautiful in the flower garden than the graceful bell-shaped flowers of S. graudiflorum. S. striatum emits a hawthorn fragrance, morning and evening, during summer, and is a good plant to naturalize in woodland walks.

each—s.					each—s.	
1839 Grandiflorum, rich purple, 3 ft o	)	9	1	1840	Grandistorum album, pure white, & ft 1	0
1841 Striatum, sulphur, 1½ ft					eaeh o 9	

### SPARAXIS.

Sparaxis pulcherrima is a remarkable plant. From the midst of a graceful foliage rise flower stems 4 to 5 feet in height, and so slender as scarcely to be noticeable even when surmounted by their large pendent bellshaped flowers. 1842 Pulcherrima, the colours ranging from pink to crimson ......s. 6d. and

### TRITOMA (KNIPHOFIA),

Fine hardy plants of noble aspect. Glaucescens and Grandis are majestic in growth; Macowanii is a fine dwarf border plant, throwing up a profusion of orange-searlet flower spikes throughout the Summer and Autumn.

1843	Glaucescens, rich scarlet, flowering in		٠,٠		Grandis, bright scarlet, flowers in Oet.,		
	August, September, and October, per				Nov., and Decper doz. ros. 6d.		
	doz., ros. 6d	1	0	1845	Macowanii, oranges. 6d. &	2	6

### PÆONIA.

It would be impossible to conceive of a more decorative border plant than the Paouy. The colours range 

### HELLEBORUS OR CHRISTMAS AND LENTEN ROSES.

The re-instalment in English gardens of hardy plants for permanent flower borders, secured at once an honourable position to the decorative Hellchores for Winter and Spring flowering. The great diversity however nonourable position to the decorative Treneoures for white a spring howering. The gleat alvests, in the family, owing to the confused state of their nomenclature, led to numerous inquiries respecting the identification of the several species and varieties. Mr. Baker, ever ready to assist the horticulturist, prepared his admirable monograph of this genus which appeared in *The Gardeners' Chronicle*, 1877, and which may thus be epitomised :-

epitomised:—

The genus Helleborus is represented by six species or heads of families, viz.:—H. vescicarius, of Mount Cassius, near Antioch, a plant not yet introduced into cultivation; H. fetidus and H. lividus, both handsome ornamental foliage plants; H. niger, the Christmas Rose, with its geographical varieties, minor, major, and maximus; H. viridis and H. orientalis, the Lenten Roses, which have many geographical varieties. The Viridis section is distinguished by its deciduous foliage which reappears early in Spring, associated with flowers which range from green to dove-purple. Three of these are illustrated in the coloured plate which accompanied The Garden of 19th, July, 1879. The geographical varieties of the type Viridis are Dunitorum, Lavus, Bocconi, Cyclophyllus, Graveolens, Intermedius, Cupreus and Purpurascens, Orientalis group has the leaves coriaecous and persistent, with a polished green surface, and the segments generally conspicuously toothed; the flowers are usually large, the sepals frequently imbricated and assuming a bell-shaped form, surmounted on stems two to three times forked, thus forming a showy branehed panicle of flowers, which range in colour from the richest erimson to white; is to of these are illustrated in the coloured plate which accompanied The Garden of 19th July, 1879. The geographical varieties of the type Orientalis are Antiquorum, Guttatus, Olympicus, Pallidus, Caucasicus, Odorus, Atrorubens, Colchicus, and Abchasicus.

From these Orientalis varieties came many beautiful sorts raised in England and on the Continent. Our friends on the Continent appear to have made their crosses systematically, and have secured excellent results. The new kinds which have been raised in England are apparently the result of aecidental seeding. The so-called Berlin varieties have been much over-estimated, and it is to be regretted that the introducer was not better acquainted with the natural varieties, as we find he has given fanciful names to such sorts as Olympicus, Autiquorum, &c. Now t

borrowed plumage restored.

The natural and garden varieties of the Christmas and Lenten Roses, eatalogued by us, are a valuable addition to hardy border plants, and many of them will be found attractive grown under glass. The coloured plate in *The Garden* of 19th July, 1879, may be taken as a sample of those enumerated by us, representing nine natural and garden varieties. We have secured a supply of these coloured plates as they represent the Spring flowering Helleborus, or Lenten Roses, and those who have not seen the plate in *The Garden*, and intend purhasis the terreture are hour a plate for result at the second plate in *The Garden*, and intend purhasis of the second plate in the second plate in the same plate in the second plate in the chasing plants from us, can bave a plate forwarded on application free of cost.

12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]

HELLEBORUS-continued.

We hope to make annual additions to our list of Christmas and Lenten Roses, as it will be seen we are not yet able to offer all the kinds mentioned by Mr. Baker. Still those we have enumerated are the most decorative, and the new varieties may be taken as a foretaste of what will follow from the labours of those hybridizers who are at work to increase the size of these flowers, and heighten and diversify the colours.

Mr. Moore in *The Gardeners' Chronicle* of the present year has an admirable article on Hellebores, with popular descriptions of thirty-five sorts. In *The Garden* of 1878 appeared a monograph of the Helleborus, accompanied

with a coloured plate of the Giant Christmas Rose (Helleborus maximus syn. altifolius).

	THE CHRISTMAS ROSE (HELLEBORUS NIGER). each-	-8.	đ.
1853	Niger, white, per dozen, 9s., 15s., 21s., and 25s		6
1854	extra sized clumps	5	6
1855	maximus (the giant-flowered Christmas Rose), white	2	6
1856	,, major (the large-flowered Christmas Rose), white	I	6
1857	,, minor (the small early-flowered Christmas Rose), white	2	6
1858	" fol. variegatis, a plant full of character	3	6
	THE LENTEN ROSE (HELLEBORUS ORIENTALIS).		
1859	Antiquorum, white, sepals closely imbricated, flowers large and bell shaped	2	6
1860	Atrorubens, rose-purple, fine robust growth	1	6
1861	Atroroseus, pale rose-purple, a variety of Atrorubens	I	6
1862	Colchicus, deep plum colour, the young leaves purplish, growth somewhat slender	2	6
1863	", punctatus, deep plum colour, mottled with deep purple dots, in this respect differing from		
	Colchicus	3	6
1864	Commerzienrath Benary, white, freely spotted crimson, sepals imbricated, and blossoms neatly supped	3	6
1865	Dr. Moore, lively rose, inside blush-white, flowers large and neatly imbricated	4	6
1866	F. C. Heinemann, red-purple, freely covered with venose dots over the interior surface	5	6
	Guttatus, white, spotted purple crimson from the base one-third up the sepal	2	6
1868	" Leichtlini, white, heavily spotted purple-crimson about two thirds up the sepal	3	6
1869	Lividescens, pale dull purple, tinged green inside	I	6
1870	Olympicus, white, a somewhat slender growing plant	I	6
1871	major, white, flower larger and habit of plant taller than Olympicuss. 6d. &	2	6
1872	Orientalis (the type), pale purple, flowers large, beautifully imbricated, a plant of robust growth, with large foliage		
	with large foliages. &	I	6
1873	Pallidus, white, tinged green, flowers medium-sized, with pointed sepals	2	6
1874	Purpureus punctatus, light purple, beautifully spotted all over the surface with dark purple dots	3	6
1875	Ruber, red-purple or plum colour, a very distinct robust-growing variety	3	6
1876	Rubidus, reddish plum, spotted as in Gultatus	3	6
1877	Rubro-purpureus, rich deep plum-purple	3	6
	THE LENTEN ROSE (HELLEBORUS VIRIDIS).		
1878	Cupreus, dove-tinted or greyish-purple, inside rich green	3	6
1879	Graveolens, tinged brown-purple, inside green	ľ	0
1880	Intermedius, deep dove-purple, inside bright green	3	6
1881	Purpurascens, deep dove-purple	2	6
1882	Viridis, bright sea-green	I	6
	ORNAMENTAL FOLIAGED HELLEBORES.		
1883	Fætidus, flowers green, foliage dark green and very ornamental	I	6
1884	Lividus (syms. argutifolius, trifolius, triphyllus, corsicus, and ilicifolius), flowers bright green,		
	foliage light rich green, very ornamental	2	6
	, , ,		

### THE LILIUM.

Our group of cut Lilies, at the Royal Horticultural Society's Flower Show, was awarded the Banksian Silver Medal

Amongst hardy plants, the Lily is matchless in beauty, in variety of colour, and in chasteness of form. Its blooming period commences ere the spring flowers have shed their last blossom, and a continuous unbroken succession is maintained till the autumnal frosts destroy the last flower buds of Speciosum and Auratum. In

these respects the Lily is unequalled for a successional display.

The yellow and red Turk's Cap rolled-up blossoms of Pyrenaicum come first in the succession; these the elegant Pomponium with flowers as intense in colour and as graceful as Tenuifolium, but with a more robust growth, finer flower spike, and better constitution; the soft scarlet flowers of Carniolicum, and the noble blossoms of Monadelphum Szovitzianum give variety and beauty; in the succession next comes the richly coloured flowers of Bulbiferum and the varieties of Davurienm, which in June unfold their fine umbels of erect bell-shaped blossoms, with the more dwarf Thunbergianum (elegans), having flowers of the softest apricot to the richest crimson, bringing up the succession to July. Then come the bright yellow, crimson-spotted blossoms of Croceum, softened by the snow-white flowers of Candidum, and the apricot blossoms of Testaceum. The family now becomes ennobled by the magnificent and stately Giganteum. The Martagon, with its clegant Turk's Cap blossoms, and Canadense, with its drooping bell-shaped flowers, associated with the grand Californian Lilies, and the pure white trumpet flowers of Longiflorum, the matchless blossoms of Japonicum Brownii, and the refined flowers of Krameri, bring us to August. The brilliant coloured Chalcedonicum, the beautiful Washingtonianum, the magnificent Humboldti, and Neilgherrense (the Prince of Indian Lilies) become then conspicuous; and the early flowering gorgeous gold-banded Auratums have been filling the atmosphere these the elegant Pomponium with flowers as intense in colour and as graceful as Tenuifolium, but with a more beautiful Washingtonianum, the magnificent Humboldti, and Neilgherrense (the Prince of Indian Lilies) become then conspicuous; and the early flowering gorgeous gold-banded Auratums have been filling the atmosphere with their perfume since July, and surpassing in majesty, beauty, and variety the stateliest and most effective plants of the flower garden. Superbum, the Martagon Imperiale of Parkinson, with its beautifully leopard-spotted flowers, associated with the old favourite Tigrinum sinense, with its large spikes of rich scarlet blossoms, are followed by Tigrinum Fortunei and its double form, which are again closely followed up by Tigrinum splendens and jucundum. These again are followed by the late flowering Auratums, which continue the succession to the end of the season accompanied by Speciosum, with its flowers ranging from the purest white to the darkest crimson. Of Speciosum, erroneously though more commonly called Lancifolium, the introducer enthusiastically described the flowers as "all rugged with rubies and garnets, and sparkling with crystal points."

CULTURE OUT OF DOORS.—The Lily in its native habitat, is found growing amongst brushwood, long grass, on the margins of plantations, or in ravines, &e., and always in soil which is sweet and well drained; so that in choosing a situation for planting these, perfect drainage should be attended to. The borders of Rhododendron and Azalea beds are found admirably suited for lily culture; they also do well amongst dwarf shrubs, or

Barr and Sugden,

LILIUM-continued.

intermingled with herbaceous plants, and in the proximity of trees which give shelter from the sun's rays after mid-day. We have seen Lilium auratum alternated with Roses, in the borders of Rhododendron beds, the stems mid-day. We have seen Lilium auratum alternated with Roses, in the borders of Rhododendron beds, the stems of the lilies in some cases measuring 3 to 4 inches in circumference, and attaining a height of 11 feet, surmounted with from 50 to a too blossoms. In preparing ground for Lilies, loosen the soil to a depth of several feet to secure the requisite drainage, intermixing fresh loam, peat, and coarse sand, or leaf soil instead of peat, care being taken that the soil is as free as possible from insect life, and the compost of such a character as not to cling to the bulb. Plant the bulbs at a depth of 6 inches, and if all things are equal they need not be disturbed for years. The bog or swamp-loving Lilies, Superbum, Canadense, and the varieties of Pardalinum succeed best in a moist peaty soil. Rockwork and artificial mounds are admirable for lilies, there being a choice of aspects and drainage—thus the bog-loving lilies may be planted at the bottom of the rockwork or mound in sandy peat.

CULTURE IN-DOORS.—The Lily when grown in pots does best In a compost of fibry loam and peat, with plenty of sand, or leaf soil and loam with sand, the top of the bulb covered at least two inches; the pots plunged in ashes out of doors, as recommended in the eulture of the Hyacinth, and there allowed to remain till the plants spear through the ashes, or, better still, till the flower buds are formed, before removing to the eoperyatory

out of doors, as recommended in the culture of the Hyacinth, and there allowed to remain till the plants spear through the ashes, or, better still, till the flower buds are formed, before removing to the conservatory, corridor, or sitting-room. While the Lily is growing, a situation should be selected where the sun's rays do not fall upon the plants after mid-day. Lilies grown in pots should have clear liquid manure twice a week, but both the drainage of the pots and the plunging ground must be perfect and like soil kept sweet. Superbum, Canadense, and the varieties of Pardalinum, succeed best in moist sandy peat.

The Lily is a matchless plant for indoor decoration. All the varieties do well under glass. The magnificent Neilgherrense, so admirably figured in the coloured plate of The Gardeners' Chronicle, and Wallichianum are purely greenhouse plants.

purely greenhouse plants.

We have arranged the Lilies in accordance with Mr. Baker's classification, which is a natural grouping based on the shape of the flower; these groupings with a few exceptions, represent also the order of flowering. If purchasers will therefore select from each group, they will secure both diversity of form and succession of bloom.

OUR OWN SELECTIONS OF LILIES FROM THE FOLLOWING FOUR GROUPS.

	OUN C	ALL DEPTH	Y Y OTA	O.V.	TIMES ARON AL	TO YOURDOW!	NG FU	$\sigma \sim \sigma$	MOUF:	J.			
1885	For conservatory	decoration,	50'ln	50	beautiful varieties		35.;	£.4	45.;	£5	55. :	£.7	75.
1886	**	2)	25 in	25	23	£1	Is.;	LI	TOS.;	£2	25.;	Z3	35.
1887		22	12 in	12			125.;		18s.;	EI	5s.;	62	25.
1888	For Flower border	decoration	50 in	50	beautiful varieties		35.:	24	45. ;	65	55.;	£7	75.
1889 1890	11	27	25 in	-		£1							
	73 73		12 in		1	••••••	· · · · 7s ·	6d.,	10s. 6	d., 15	5., 21	, to	425.
1891	For Rhododendro	n beas			beautiful varieties								
1892	11	31	12 in	12		***************************************	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••	• • • • • • • •	15	., 215	to.	425.
					ISOLIRION GRO	UP.							

The Lilies in this group have the flowers erect, bell-shaped. They are geographical forms of the typical Bulbiferum, the Red Lily of Europe and Japan. Bulbiferum proper, and its sub-species, Croceum and Davuricum, European; Thunbergianum, Japanese. They are perfectly hardy, and do well in any ordinary garden soil well drained and of a loamy character. The erroncous specific nannes, Atrosanguineum and Umbellatum we have omitted. Atrosanguineum is a variety of Thunbergianum, and Umbellatum is the name of a variety of Bulhiferum. The varieties in this group flower out of doors from the latter end of May to well nigh the end of July. When grown indoors they flower earlier.

```
1906 ", choice mixed varieties ... , 50/,
1908 Thunbergianum alutaceum, glowing apricut freely spotted black, 1 ft...
1909 ", Prince of Orange, clear apricot-orange, spotted black, 1 ft...
                                            1910
                          .
 1911
                          ,,
                                            bicolor, apricot-orange, flamed scarlet and lilac, very beautifut, 1½ II. "15/0 flore pleno (staminosum), blood crimson, perfectly double, 1½ II. "per doz, 10/6 "punctatissinum, blood crimson, 1½ II. "per doz, 10/6 "punctatissinum, blood crimson, freely spotted black sanguineum, crimson, shaded tawny yellow, flowers large, 1½ II. "per doz, 10/6 splendens (new), rick apricot, spotted crimson, and flamed carmine, 2 II. "3/6 % Van Houttet, blood crimson, blotched gold, 1½ II. "per 100, 50/-, per doz., 7/6 choice mixed varieties "70/-, ", 12/-
 1912
                                                                                                                                                                                             15/6
                          . .
 1913
 1914
 1915
 1916
                          91
 1917
 1918
                          32
 1919
 1920
```

In this Group (pre-eminently the Lily of Sentiment) the flowers are funnel or trumpct-shaped, horizontal or slightly drooping. Candidum, the White Lily, is European; Washingtonianum, American; Longiflorum, and the varieties of Japonicum, Japanese; Cordifolium giganteum, and Neilgherrense, Indian. These are hardy, but it is advisable in winter to protect with litter or leaves Longiflorum, Cordifolium giganteum, These are hardy, but it is advisable in winter to protect with litter of leaves Longillonim, Cordilolium giganteum, and Japonieum. Neilgherrense, is better grown under glass. Washingtonianum comes from a very high elevation, where the summer is short and hot, and the winter severe: its treatment should, therefore, be exceptional, the soil should be well drained, of a naturally dry character, and when the plants have done blooming, they should have the protection of a hand light for a few months. The species in this group are fragrant. Cordifolium giganteum is the most noble Lily in cultivation; Japonicum Krameri is the most refined of all Lilies, while Neilgherrense is the grandest of the Longillorum group. These Lilies commence flowering out-of-doors in July and continue into September. When cultivated for the conservatory they can be had in bloom earlier if required. bloom earlier if required.

12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]

```
| LILIUM—continued. | each—s. d. |
| 1921 Candidum, suver-volvite, 4 ft. | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ... | ...
                 The flowers are open and reflexed, horizontal or slightly drooping. The introducer of Speciosum, in his description remarks, "If there is anything not human which is magnificent in beauty, it is Lilium Speciosum." Auratum has been called the Queen of Liles; and we think that Tigrinum may fairly be termed the Prince of Liles. These flower from July to the end of September. Several varieties of Speciosum are omitted as not being sufficiently distinct; those enumerated differ one from the other.

The Auratum. All the varieties of this Lily are white, with a central gold band in each petal more or less conspicuous. Some have small, others medium, and some again have enormous flowers, all more or less spotted.

In some the stock on the aubite ground are new profuse, in others they are comportatively fau. Some of the
                                                          In some the spots on the white ground are very profuse, in others they are comparatively few. Some of the varieties have large spots, and others have the spots small. It is noteworthy of this Lity that some of the varieties bloom in August, some in September, and others in October. We have noted the time of blooming, so that purchasers can have bulbs which have bloomed with us this year in August or September. The ex.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

9 Auratum Ex. 2 th
               cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cah—s. d.

1. Secund is characterised for heds.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the flower.

cah—s. d.

1. Section indicate the quality of the stem below of the flower.

cx.'s indicate the quality of the stem below.

cah—s. d.

1. Section indicate the quality of the stem below of the flower.

cx. d. Section indicate the flower.

cx. d. Section in August in St. d. S.

cah—s. d.

1. Section in August in Au
                   [Barr and Sugden,
```

		_			)9
LILI	UM—continued		autite authorit au totat	each—s.	d.
1968	speciosum 1	,, ,,	verum (typical Speciosun	1), while, suffused and spotted crimson having	9
1969			clearly asumed	TUDITE ECOP TO THE SECTION OF the Assicustic a ft	6
1970		33	tasciavum, white, suffuser	white, and freely spotted, 3 ft. 2 I and spotted crimson, very floriferous, 3 ft. 2	6
1971 1972	**	11	macranonum, white, soot	led crimson, very large, a ft	6
1912	"	H CE	outon it apparount	h blood crimson, edged pure white, the finest, 3 ft. 3/6 & 5	6
1973	Speciosum a	ibum K	raetzeri, bure clear white	ROSEUM AND ITS VARIETIES.	_
T017	,, p	unctati	m, white, spotted deticate	DINE. anthers vellong a distinct species of the monday and	6
1975 1976	11	22	album movum. nure:	unite, yellow anthers, very beautiful, 3 ft 5	6
1977	,, re	seum,			6
1978 1979	"		verum, watte, sunusea an	d spotted rose, green stem, 3 ft	6
	"		dennea while eare to t	ne seements of the devianth a st	6
1980 1981	- 11	33			6
1982	,, fir	TO ITIE	a, mom roseum and ra	sed and spotted rose, very beautiful, 3 ft., per doz. 10/6 1 brum, for beds and borders, per 100, 40/; ,, 5/6	0
1983	UL	тотев ш	ixed	tor hade and hardays Cal.	
				servatory, are princely plants. Sinense is the oldest and be ut a week later; Fortunei is characterised by its extreme!	
wood	cy seems, and me	rwers au	ivat a week arier ranonien	n: 1'Oriunes Hore pleno has magnificent double a	
w pro	THEIR ES COLOMB	W COHEU	OV 113 GOFK DOLLSHEA SLEM.	and noble aspect; it is also later than Fortunei, and mor manni, is a distinct beautiful species without bulblets is	
ine a	.1763.		•		n
1985	1. 04	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	U. YICH OYANGE-SCAYIEL LYE	1/N challed cv:mcan_hvanus 4 f6 _ [e _	4
1986	" For	rtunei,	rich orange-scarlet, spotte		6 9
1987 1988	"	,, 1	nore pleno, rich orange-son les	arlet, very double, 4 ft	6
1989	"	33	nore pieno, rich i	range-scarlet, very double 1 tt	6
1990	,, juc	undum	(maximowiczii or Lish	manni), fine cinnabar-red, freely spotted, a beautiful	
1991	" spl	endens	, bright orange-scarlet, coi	for many weeks, 3 ft	6
			A DOUR	TFUL LILY.	٠.
nerd	Botanists have ict may be it m	not yet	decided whether the followers from the decided h	wing is a Lily or a Fritillaria. Whatever the ultimate auty of the plant, which throws up a long spike of rich rose	tc
oc, w	La Anguare	1100 1	reconact from the aectaea of	auty of the plant, which throws up a long spike of rich rose	
varv	le flowers.				e-
varv	Lilium Thom			soniana	
varv	Lilium Thom				
varv	Lilium Thom	sonianı	um, or Fritiliaria Thom	soniana 1/6 & 2	
varv	PART II.	soniani —M	ISCELLANEOUS	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.	
varv	PART II,	soniani —M	ISCELLANEOUS	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.	
varv	PART II,		ISCELLANEOUS  e plant is given in feet, and e which are perfectly hardy, and	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:—	_
varv	PART II,	oniani —M	ISCELLANEOUS  e plant is given in feet, am e which are perfectly hardy, and ,, nearly hardy, but re ,, require the protection of	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed. quiring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a cold frame in winter.	_
varv	PART II,		ISCELLANEOUS  e plant is given in feet, am e which are perfectly hardy, and ,, nearly hardy, but re ,, require the protection of	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed. quiring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a cold frame in winter.	_
1992	PART II,  The heigh		ISCELLANEOUS  Plant is given in feet, ame which are perfectly hardy, and provide the protection of are suitable for the gree grown, should be kept at rest discovered.	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed. quiring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a cold frame in winter. house,  iring winter and started under glass in spring or planted out in April.	6
1992	PART II.  The height indicate in the state i	mat of the cares those	ISCELLANEOUS  plant is given in feet, ame which are perfectly hardy, and meanly hardy, but regular the protection of are suitable for the gree "", " should be kept at rest discovery Summer climber.	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, quiring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter, a cold frame in winter, house,  iring winter and started under glass in spring or planted out in April.  ALLIUM—continued.  2006 triquetrum, while, green striped, x ft 0	6
1992 1992	PART II.  The height of India.	at of the cates those with the cates with the cate with t	ISCELLANEOUS  E plant is given in feet, and the which are perfectly hardy, and the which are perfectly hardy, but referred in the property of	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, quiring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter, a cold frame in winter, aboute, thouse,  ALLIUM—continued.  2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, x ft o 2007 mixed varieties, per 100, 125, 6d.	6
1992 1992 1992	PART II, The heigh I ladi  ROBRA, an elegas viridiflora, m	mat of the cates those with the cates the cates the cates the cates the cates the cates are made and the cates are cates are are ging be	Explant is given in feet, ame which are perfectly hardy, and prequire the protection of are suitable for the gree should be kept at rest discovery and summer climber. The search of the gree charming in pots, askets,	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, pulring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a cold frame in winter.  thouse.  ALLIUM—continued. 2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, x ft o 2007 mixed varieties, per 100, 121. 6d., per doz, 25. 6d.	6
1992 1992 1992 1993 TACI	PART II.  The height indicate it is a second in the height indicate it is a second in the height in	material transfer of the cates those with the cates those with the cates and the cates are the cates are the cates are are againg to a splendid to the cate are are againg to a splendid to the cate are are againg to a splendid to the cate are are againg to a splendid to the cate are are a splendid to the cate are a sp	ISCELLANEOUS  Plant is given in feet, ame e which are perfectly hardy, and many nearly hardy, but represented in the property of the property	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, pulring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a doubt frame in winter, abouse, iring winter and started under glass in spring or planted out in April.  ALLIUM—continued.  2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, 1 ft o 2007 mixed varieties, per 100, 125. 6d., per doz. 25. 6d.  AMORPHOPHALLUS (Umbrella Arum). This species is one of the most picturesque of	6
1992 1992 1993 1993 1993	PART II, The height and in the	at of the cates those with a miniature ages arranging be splendiden, 3s.	Explant is given in feet, ame which are perfectly hardy, and me which are perfectly hardy, but reprint the protection of act and the subject of the gree searlet fruit and the subject of the gree charming in pots, askets.  In the green subject of the gree	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, pulling a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a cold frame in winter.  thouse.  Thing winter and started under glass in spring or planted out in April.  ALLIUM—continued.  2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, x ft o 2007 mixed varieties, per 100, 125. 6d., per doz. 25. 6d.  AMORPHOPHALLUS (Umbrella Arum). This species is one of the most picturesque of hardy ornamental foliage plants. 2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plants. 2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plants.	6 6
1992 1992 1993 1993 1993	The height indicates the heigh	tof the cates those with a miniature are negting by splendides, 3s. (ies, in the cates).	Iscalination of Pritiliaria Thom  ISCELLANEOUS  E plant is given in feet, and the which are perfectly hardy, and the which are perfectly hardy, but referred in the processing of the processing	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, quiring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter, a cold frame in winter, a cold frame in winter, a cold	6 6
1992 1992 1993 1993 1993 1993 1993 1993	PART II, The height of hei	at of the cates those with the cates are night by splending the cates with the cate with the cates wit	Is considered the constraint of the constraint o	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, pulling a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a cold frame in winter.  ALLIUM—continued.  2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, I ft o 2007 mixed varieties, per 100, 125. 6d., per doz. 25. 6d.  AMORPHOPHALLUS (Umbrella Arum). This species is one of the most picturesque of hardy ornamental foliage plants. 2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plants. 2009 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plants.	6 6
1992 1992 199 199 199 199 199	The height of th	at of the cares those with the care those with the care those with the care that the care tha	Is cellular is given in feet, ame which are perfectly hardy, and prediction of a require the protection of a resultable for the gree which are suitable for the gree with a resultable for the gree with a resultable for the gree cach—s. The searlet fruit for the gree charming in pots, askets, divarieties 12 def, per doz. Sets of three roots, flowering plant, with the ge showy flowers.	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, quiring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter, a cold frame in winter, a cold frame in	6 6
.‡ABI   1992   TACT   1993   1993   1993   1993   1993   1993   1994	PART II, The height of the hei	and	Is considered the construction of the construc	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, pulling a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter, a cold frame in winter, whouse,  iring winter and started under glass in spring or planted out in April.  ALLIUM—continued.  2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, x ft o 2007 mixed varieties, per 100, 125. 6d., per doz. 25. 6d.  AMORPHOPHALLUS (Umbrella Arum). This species is one of the most picturesque of hardy ornamental foliage plants.  2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plants.  2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plant 15. & 1 1ANOMATHECA, charming as an edging, and a gem for pot culture, flowering from June to September.  2009 cruenta, scarlet, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft., per doz. 15. 6d o \$APIOS, a rapid growing elegant summer climber.	6 6 6
1992 1992 1992 1992 1993 \$ADC	The height and the height are the height and the height are the he	at of the cates those of the cates of th	Is cellular in the manner of the perfectly hardy, and many means the perfectly hardy, and many means the perfectly hardy, and many means the perfection of the present of the present of the perfect of t	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, pulring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a cold frame in winter.  ALLIUM—continued.  2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, x ft o 2007 mixed varieties, per 100, 125. 6d., per doz. 25. 6d.  AMORPHOPHALLUS (Umbrella Arum). This species is one of the most picturesque of hardy ornamental foliage plants. 2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plant 15. & 1 ANOMATHECA, charming as an edging, and a gem for pot culture, flowering from June to September. 2009 cruenta, scarlet, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft., per doz. 15. 6d  \$APIOS, a rapid growing elegant summer climber. 2010 tuberosa, pink, per doz. 45. 6d \$ARUM. These are picturesque fine hardy	6 6 6
.‡ABI #ACI #ACI 1992 \$ADCI \$ALI 6 1998 \$ALI 6 1998	PART II, The height and the height are the height and the height are the height a	at of the cates those with a cate of the cates those with a cate of the cates those with a cate of the	Is considered the constraint of the constraint o	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, pulling a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a cold frame in winter.  ALLIUM—continued.  2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, x ftt o 2007 mixed varieties, per 100, 125. 6d., per doz. 25. 6d.  AMORPHOPHALLUS (Umbrella Arum). This species is one of the most picturesque of hardy ornamental foliage plants. 2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plant 15. & 1 ANOMATHECA, charming as an edging, and a gem for pot culture, flowering from June to September. 2009 cruenta, scarlet, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft., per doz. 15. 6d \$APIOS, a rapid growing elegant summer climber. 2010 tuberosa, pink, per doz. 45. 6d \$ARUM. These are picturesque fine hardy border plants.	6 6 6 6
1992 1992 1992 1992 \$ADO	The height and the he	at of the cates those with the cates are are splending including and land the cates with the cat	Is cell. In the protection of are suitable for the gree scarlet fruit.  Is caches.  The scarlet fruit is caches.  The scarlet	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, pulling a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a cold frame in winter.  ALLIUM—continued.  2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, x ft o 2007 mixed varieties, per 100, 125. 6d., per doz. 25. 6d.  AMORPHOPHALLUS (Umbrella Arum). This species is one of the most picturesque of hardy ornamental foliage plants. 2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plants. 2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plants. 2009 ruenta, scarlet, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft., per doz. 15. 6d  SAPIOS, a rapid growing elegant summer climber. 2010 tuberosa, pink, per doz. 45. 6d SARUM. These are picturesque fine hardy border plants. 2011 cornutum (the Dragon-Arum), 2 ft o 600	6 7. 6
1992 1992 1992 1993 1993 1993 1994 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995	The height of th	at of the cates those with a maintain at the cates those with a maintain at the cates those with a maintain at the cates, in and 30s. springly and the cates of t	Is cell. In the series of the per doz.  The showl flowers.  Th	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, quiring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter, a cold frame in winter, a cold frame in	6 6 3 6 6 9 6
1992 1992 1992 \$ADO \$ADO \$ALL	The height and the height are the height and the height are the he	at of the cates those with the cates white flowing the cates white fl	ISCELLANEOUS  a plant is given in feet, ame which are perfectly hardy, and an incomplete production of are suitable for the great which are perfectly hardy, but reguire the protection of are suitable for the great with a production of a suitable for the great with a production of a suitable for the great with a production of a suitable for the great with a production of a suitable for the great with a production of the great with a production of the great with a production of globose owers; Triquetrum trast of bright green cum for its grotesque	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, quiring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter, a cold frame in winter, a cold frame in	6 3 6 6 9 6 4
1992 1992 1992 1993 1993 1993 1994 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995 1995	The height and the height and the height and the height are the height and the he	at of the cates those with a maintain at the cate are are are are are and a splending by splending ites, in and 30s. springly and the splending for the context with the context white flower context with the cates where the cates with the cates which with the cates where the cates with the cates where the cates with the cates where the cates with the cates with the cates with the cates where the cates with t	Is cellular is given in feet, and which are perfectly hardy, and ", "nearly hardy, but re "," require the protection of are suitable for the gree "," should be kept at rest discovered to the gree caches, and you may be a sarlet fruit to echarming in pots, askets, divarieties 12 (and you have been deep to the gree showly flowers, and the green grant are very arm is remarkable for arm for its beautiful its intense blue; umbel of globose owers; Triquetrum trast of bright green warm for its grotesque is.	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, a cold frame in winter, a cold triquetrum, white, green striped, x ft	6 3 6 6 96 4 9
\$ABI 992  \$ABI 993  \$ACI 1995  \$ALL 6 6 6 6 7 1995  \$ALL 1995	PART II, The height of the hei	at of the cates those with the cates	ISCELLANEOUS  e plant is given in feet, and e which are perfectly hardy, and "" nearly hardy, but require the protection of are suitable for the gree with the protection of are suitable for the gree with the protection of are suitable for the gree with the protection of a second of the protection of a suitable for the gree with the protection of a suitable for the green with the protection of a suitable for the protection of a suitable for the protection of	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  Its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, putring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a cold frame in winter, whouse,  tring winter and started undet glass in spring or planted out in April.  ALLIUM—continued. 2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, 1 ft o 2007 mixed varieties, per 100, 125. 6d., per doz. 25. 6d. AMORPHOPHALLUS (Umbrella Arum). This species is one of the most picturesque of hardy ornamental foliage plants. 2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plants. 2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plants. 2009 cruenta, scarlet, \(\frac{1}{2}\) ft., per doz. 25. 6d SAPIOS, a rapid growing elegant summer climber. 2010 tuberosa, pink, per doz. 45. 6d SARUM. These are picturesque fine hardy border plants. 2011 cornutum (the Dragon-Arum), 2 ft o 2012 crinitum, stems curiously marbled, 2 ft 2013 Dracunculus, large palm-like leaves, 2 ft. 2014 Italicum, green leaves, spotted yellow, 1 ft. 2015 maculatum, foliage spotted black, \(\frac{2}{2}\) ft 2016 tenuifolium, small elegant foliage, 1 ft SASCLEPIAS, highly ornamental hardy border plants, the flowers much sought after by bees.	6 3 6 6 96 4 9
1992 1992 1992 1992 1993	The height of th	at of the cates those with the cates white flow is white flow is white flow is white flow in the cates white flow is white flow in the cates white flow in the cates white flow is white flow in the cates white flow is white flow in the cates white flow is white flow in the cates white flow in the cates white flow is white flow in the cates with the cates with the cates white flow in the cates white flow	Iscallant is given in feet, and which are perfectly hardy, but are which are perfectly hardy, and "," nearly hardy, but are which are perfectly hardy, and "," require the protection of a set suitable for the gree "," should be kept at rest discalled the set of three roots, askets.  Is a set of three roots, sets of three roots, set of three	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, a cold frame in winter, shouse,  It is in the winter protection, such as leaves or litter, a cold frame in winter, shouse,  It is winter and started under glass in spring or planted out in April.  ALLIUM—continued.  2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, x ft	6 6 3 6 6 9 6 4 9 9 9
1992 1992 1992 1992 1993 1993 1993 1993 1993 1993 1993 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	PART II, The height and the height are the height and the height are the height a	at of the cates those of the cates of th	ISCELLANEOUS  a plant is given in feet, ame which are perfectly hardy, and an incomplete protection of are suitable for the gree with the protection of are suitable for the gree with the protection of are suitable for the gree with the protection of a suitable for the gree with the protection of a suitable for the gree with the protection of a suitable for the green with the protection of a suitable for the green with the protection of the	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, pulring a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a cold frame in winter.  ALLIUM—continued.  2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, I ft o 2007 mixed varieties, per 100, 125. 6d., per doz. 2s. 6d.  *AMORPHOPHALLUS (Umbrella Arum). This species is one of the most picturesque of hardy ornamental foliage plants. 2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plants. 2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plant1s. & I ANOMATHECA, charming as an edging, and a gem for pot culture, flowering from June to September. 2009 cruenta, scarlet, ½ ft., per doz. 1s. 6d SAPIOS, a rapid growing elegant summer climber. 2010 tuberosa, pink, per doz. 4s. 6d. SARUM. These are picturesque fine hardy border plants. 2011 cornutum (the Dragon-Arum), 2 ft o 2013 Dracunculus, large palm-like leaves, 2 ft. 2014 Italicum, green leaves, spotted yellow, 1 ft. 2015 maculatum, foliage spotted black, \$ ft 2016 tenuifolium, small elegant foliage, 1 ft  SASCLEPIAS, highly ornamental hardy border plants, the flowers much sought after by bees. 2017 tuberosa, rich orange flowers, 1 tt 2018 incarnata, purple, 1 ft	6 6 3 6 6 9 6 4 9 9 9
1992 1992 1992 1993 1993 1993 1993 2000 2000	The height of th	at of the cates those of the cates of th	Is cell and the grade of the gr	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, altitude a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter, a cold frame in winter, a cold frame i	6 6 3 6 6 9 6 4 9 9 9
1992  \$ABI 1992  \$ACI 199  \$ALL 6 199  \$ALC 199  \$ALC 200 200 200 200	The height of th	at of the cates those with the cates white flow its	Iscallant is given in feet, and which are perfectly hardy, and are which are perfectly hardy, but regular to a suitable for the gree with a suitable for the gree with a suitable for the gree cach—s. The searlet fruit is charming in pots, askets.  Is a dy Summer climber.  It is charming in pots, askets.  It is charming in p	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, pulling a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter. a cold frame in winter.  ALLIUM—continued.  2006 triquetrum, white, green striped, x ft o 2007 mixed varieties, per 100, 125. 6d., per doz. 25. 6d.  AMORPHOPHALLUS (Umbrella Arum). This species is one of the most picturesque of hardy ornamental foliage plants.  2008 Rivieri, ornamental foliage plants 15. & 1 ANOMATHECA, charming as an edging, and a gem for pot culture, flowering from June to September.  2009 cruenta, scarlet, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft., per doz. 15. 6d  \$APIOS, a rapid growing elegant summer climber. 2010 tuberosa, pink, per doz. 45. 6d  \$ARUM. These are picturesque fine hardy border plants.  2011 cornutum (the Dragon-Arum), 2 ft 2012 crinitum, stems curiously marbled, 2 ft 2013 Dracunculus, large palm-like leaves, 2 ft. 2014 Italicum, green leaves, spotted yellow, rft. 2015 maculatum, foliage spotted black, \( \frac{2}{3} \) ft 2016 tenuifolium, small elegant foliage, x ft 2017 tuberosa, rich orange flowers, 1 ft 2018 incarnata, purple, 1 ft 2018 incarnata, purple, 1 ft 2019 luteus, yellow, 2 ft.	6 3 6 6 96 4 9 9 9 9 9
\$ABI 992  \$ABI 993  \$ACI 1995  \$SALI 200 2000 2000 2000	The height of th	at of the cates those with the cates the cates of the ca	Iscallant is given in feet, and which are perfectly hardy, and are which are perfectly hardy, but regular to a suitable for the gree with a suitable for the gree with a suitable for the gree cach—s. The searlet fruit is charming in pots, askets.  Is a dy Summer climber.  It is charming in pots, askets.  It is charming in p	BULBS, TUBERS, AND PLANTS.  It its treatment indicated by the following signs:— should remain in the ground undisturbed, altitude a little winter protection, such as leaves or litter, a cold frame in winter, a cold frame i	6 3 6 6 96 4 9 9 9 9 9

		- 1			
ASPHODELUS—continued. each- 2021 ramosus, white, 2 ft	-8. 4 I		§CYCLOBOTHRA. These are beautiful Cali-	8. (	1.
BEGONIA, new tuberous-rooted varieties; these			fornian flowers singularly shaped.		
are amongst the most decorative greenhouse		1	2055 alba, pure white, 1 ft		6
plants, and equally ornamental for bedding out. The dry tubers are sent out in winter			2057 pulchella, golden yellow, I ft		6
and spring.			2058 lutea, golden yellow, 1 tt	I	0
2022 6 in 6 beautiful varieties, 9/-, 12/-, 15/-,			§CYPELLA, an elegant hardy bulb with beautiful orange tiger-spotted flowers.		
18/-, to 21/  2023 12 in 12 beautiful varieties, 21/-, 30/-,			2059 Herberti, orange, beautifully spotted, 1 ft.	0	3
42/-, to 63/			<b>‡DAHLIA</b> , dry roots of these from November.		
2024 fine mixed varieties, per doz. 12/- & 18/-	2	0	2060 show varieties, per doz. 9s., 12s., and 18s.		
2025 choice mixed varieties, per doz. 21/, 30/- SBELLEVALIA, curious and interesting.	3	0	2061 fancy ditto,per doz. 9s., 12s., and 18s. 2062 dwarf ditto,per doz. 9s., 12s., and 18s.		
2026 spicata, white and chocolate, I it	0	6	2063 pompon ditto, per doz. 9s., 12s., and 18s.		
SBLOOMERIA, a fine hardy bulb, producing its			§DENTARIA, a fine plant to naturalize in moist		
flowers in large umbels.  2027 aurea, golden yellow	ī	o	shady situations. 2064 digitata, purple, 13 ft.	0	q
SBOBARTIA, a charming hardy bulb for light	•		§DODECATHEON (American Cowslip, or Shooting Star). Remarkably neat border		1
soils and rockwork.					
2028 aurantiaca, salmon-rose, I ft., p. doz. 2/6	0	3	plants with Cyclamen-like flowers, which are produced in May and June, the plants		
*BOUSSINGAULTIA, an elegant climbing plant for hanging baskets, vases, and rockwork.	•	,	thriving best in moist peaty soil and shady		
2029 baselloides, fragrant white flowers	0	9	situations.	_	6
SBRAVOA. The beautiful twin flowers of this			2065 integrifolium, deep crimson, 1 ft	2	6
plant are produced on long elegant racemes.  2030 geminiflora, rich cerise-scarlet, 1½ ft	0	6	2067 Meadia, lilac, 1 ft	ō	6
CALADIUM. This genus is the most picturesque			2068 ,, album, while, I ft	0	9
and beautiful of foliage plants.			2069 ,, elegans, rose and lilac, 1 ft §EREMURUS, a magnificent hardy plant, from	I	0
¶2031 12 in 12 beautiful named varieties, 215.,			Central Asia.		
30s., and 42s. * The state of t			2070 robustuseach 3/6, 5/6 &	7	6
rec. and 21s.			TEUCHARIS. The beautiful snow-white flowers		
MCATTA. C. Æthiopica is the Lily of the Nile.			are deliciously fragrant, and prized for bouquets and for ladies' hair and dresses.		
Albo-maculata has beautifully spotted foliage. 2033 Æthiopiea, large white flowers, 9d., 1s. &	I	6	2071 Amazonica, pots of established roots,		
2034 albo-maculata, foliage spotted white	I	0	3s. 6d., 5s. 6d., 7s. 6d., and 1	0	6
scalliprora, a fine hardy plant nowering in			§EUCOMIS, ornamental border plants, with long		
large umbels and for a long time decorative. 2035 flava, yellow, striped brown, 1 ft	0	6	spikes of fragrant wax-like starry flowers.  2072 punctata, white, 2 ft	I	0
SCALOCHORTUS. These are Californian gems,	Ť	Ť	2073 regia, white, 12 ft	I	0
combining extreme beauty with some of the			*FREESIA, a sweet-scented creamy-white flower		
most extraordinary characteristics to be found in flowers. They succeed in light			resembling the Tritonia, a charming pot plant.  2074 Leichtlinis. &		6
sandy soil and dry sunny situations, where			§GERANIUM. The species quoted is an admirable	-	Ť
they are perfectly hardy.			plant for rockwork.		
2036 elegans, blue, deepening into rich purple	2	6	<b>2075</b> tuberosum, purpleper doz. 3s. 6d. ¶GESNERA. These can hardly be too highly	0	4
2037 lutcus, golden yellow, with pur ple blotches 2038 magenta, rich magenla	2	6	spoken of for beauty of flower and foliage.		
2029 splendens, burble rose, blotched crimson	2	6	2076 12 in 12 var., 21s. and 30s., each 2/6 and	3	6
2040 venustus, pure white and crimson	2	6	2077 6 in 6 var., 12s. and 15s.		
SCALYSTEGIA, the perennial elimbing Convolvulus is very effective for trellises, pillars,			GLORIOSA (Methonica), a handsome stove climber, with magnificent lily-like flowers.		
and flower cones.			2078 Planti, rosy orange, 3 ft.	3	6
2041 gigantea, while, very large	I	0	2079 superba, orange, 3 ft.	5	6
2042 inflata, binh, very large	0	6	¶GLOXINIA, flowers of unrivalled beauty. 2080 12 in 12 var., 18s., 24s., and 3os.		
2043 pubescens flore-pleno, double-blush ‡CANNA, exceedingly effective foliage plants,	·	Ŭ	2081 6 in 6 var., 10s. 6d., 12s., and 15s.		
easily produced from seed. Seed, is. and			2082 In varietiess. 6d. and	2	6
2s. 6d. per packet.			†HABRANTHUS, closely allied to the Amaryllis, flowers in clusters, and very handsome.		
2044 fine varieties, in roots, 9s., 12s., 15s., and 18s. per doz.			2083 Andersoni, gold and brown, I ft	0	9
(CHLIDANTHUS, an clegant plant, with very			2084 pratensis, scarlet, 2 ft	I	6
fragrant flowers.	0	6	#HEDYCHIUM. The garland-flower. 2085 coronarium, yellow, 5 ft	2	6
2045 fragrans, fine yellow, I ftper doz., 4/6 2046 incarnata, flowers scarlet, flesh, green,	U	٥	2086 Gardnerianum, yellow, fragrant, 5 ft		6
and vellow in combination, 2 ft	I	6	+HYPOXIS. A charming plant, with neat		
tcommelina intense blue and pure white			golden star-shaped blossoms.		_
flowers, which continue from early summer			2087 villosa, fine yellow, \( \frac{3}{4} \) ft6d. \( \frac{3}{4} \)	•	U
till cut off by frost  2047 cœlestis, bright blue, 1½ ft., per doz. 3/	0	4	large bunches of scarlet blossoms.		
2048 alba, white, 11 ft 3/	0	4	2088 miniatum, orange-scarlet, 2 ft., 7s. 6d.,		
SCORYDALIS (Fumitory). Elegant plants for			ios. 6d., 15s., and 21s. ‡ISMENE. Picturesque, beautiful, and fragrant.		
flower borders and rock-work. Eximia and Nobilis are fine pot plants.			2089 calathina, pure white, 2 ft.	I	0
2049 bulbosa, redper dozen, 3s. 6d.	0	4	2090 undulata, white, I ft	0	6
2050 cava albiflora, white	0	9			
2051 eximia, bright red, graceful foliage 2052 nobilis, yellow	0	9	most varieties elegantly spotted. Culti-		
*CROCOSMIA. Few September flowers are more			vated in pots, or hanging baskets, it is		
graceful in bouquets.			very effective in the conservatory.		
2053 aurea, golden yellow, per dozen, 2s. 6d.	2	3	2091 luteola, yellow and green, foliage beautifully variegatedper doz. 2s. 6d.	0	4
2054 ,, in pots	~	Ĭ	(Barr and Suga	_	

	′		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
LACHENALIA -continued. each-	-8.	d.	OXALIS—continued. each—	0	
2092 pendula, bright redper doz., 7s. 6d.	0	9	2112 mihalla suimen la manda	0	
2093 quadricolor, true crimson and yettow	I	6	2114 speciosa, rose, 1 ft., per doz., 2s. 6d	~	3
2094 rubida, dull red	o	6		0	3
2095 stolonifera	0	6	PANCRATIUM. Few plants in the conservatory	U	3
2096 superba, yellow, tipped scarlet	_		are more decorative and fragrant.		
2097 tricolor, yeltow and crimson per doz., 5/6	0	9	one more decorative and magrant.		
§LIATRIS, a charming hardy border plant.	U	U	2116 Illyricum, white, 12 ft.	2	6
2098 spicata dyrade of	_	,	2117 maritimum, white, 12 ft.	I	0
2098 spicata, purple, 2 ftper doz., 5s. 6d.	0	6	§PARDANTHUS. The leopard-spotted flower.		
MEDEOLA, an elegant plant in hanging baskets			2118 Chinensis, orange, spotted crimson, 2 ft.	I	0
and for epergnes. The bright green grace-			§RHODEA, fine ornamental plants in rockwork.		
ful foliage is useful for table decoration.			2119 Japonica	I	6
2099 asparagoides, white	I	6	2120 variegata	2	6
*MODIOLA, an elegant hardy plant, profusely			§SANGUINARIA, a pretty spring flowering plant,		
covered with rich magenta-purple flowers.			for moist peaty soil, and shady places.		
2100 geranioides, rich magenta-purple, & ft	I	0	2121 Canadensis, snow-white ft., per doz., ss.6d.	0	6
†OPHIOPOGON, or Japan Hyacinth. This is a			§SAXIFRAGA. The variety quoted is valuable	•	·
model plant with slender grassy tufts of			for spring decoration.		
toliage and picturesque spikes of flowers.			2122 granulata florc-pleno, double white, I ft.,		
2101 Jaburan, 1 ft	I	0		_	_
2102 ,, fol. argenteus, 1 ft	т	6	+SCHIZOSTYLIS. For conservatory decoration,	0	9
2103 Japonicus, grassy foliage, 1 ft	I	0	and as a cut flower during the autumn and		
2104 spicatus, lavender-blue, I ft.	ī	ő	winter months the value of this start and		
2105 ,, aureo-variegatus, r ft	ī	6	winter months the value of this plant cannot be over estimated.		
2106 ,, laxiflorus, 1 ft.	÷	o			
2107 ,, argenteo-variegatus, 1 ft.	-	6	2123 coccinea, r ft., perdoz., 2s. 6d	0	3
OXALIS. Remarkable for rich colours and		O	2124 In pots, 1s., 1s. 6d., and 2s. 6d. each.		
protty foliogo: fine hards plants			§THLADIANTHA, a fine hardy climber.		
pretty foliage; fine hardy plants.			2125 dubia, golden yellow	0	9
2108 Bowci, bright crimson, flowers in large			§TRILLIUM (the Wood Lily). A plant of great		
bunches, ½ ft., per doz., 2s.	0	3	beauty in moist shady places, and valuable		
2109 Deppei, rose-purpte, 1 ft., per doz., 2s	0	3	for forcing; the flowers are charming in		
2110 floribunda, rose, ½ ft., per doz., 2s	0	3	bouquets.		
2111 ,, alba, white, \frac{1}{2} ft. per doz., 2s.	0	3	2126 grandiflorum, pure white, 112 ft 1/6 &	2	6
2112 lasiandra, 1 ft., per doz., 2s	0	3	2127 atro-purpureum, purple, 1 ft 1/6 &	2	6
					-

## THE GARDEN IN SPRING, OR THE SPRING FLOWER GARDEN.

LIST OF BULBS, PLANTS, AND SEEDS TO BE PLANTED OR SOWN IN AUTUMN, TO FLOWER IN SPRING.

THE BULBS are ready to send out from the 1st September to Christmas. THE PLANTS are ready to send out from the 1st October till March. THE SEEDS should be sown in August or September, according to locality.

A Spring Garden means flowers, weather permitting, from Christmas to June, and no garden, whether large or small, need be without flowers from Christmas, if the bulbs, plants, and seeds enumerated, are used. At Cliveden, Spring gardening still maintains its prestige under the direction of Mr. Fleming, the Father of Spring Gardens. We are happy to say that Cliveden has its rivals, as there are now few localities where Spring gardening is not well represented. Of puolic gardens, the Lower Grounds, Aston, in the enterprising hands of Mr. Quilter, has attained an unprecedentedly high position for the immense masses of colour which are there brought out from the earliest dawn of Spring, followed in May by elaborate designs in which the Daisy, the Aubrietia, Pansies, and Violas play a prominent part. Mr. Quilter's Crocus-garden in March, his Tulip-garden in April, and his Daisy-garden in May are sights once seen not soon to be forgotten. The plants, bulbs, and seeds, for Spring gardening, are perfectly hardy, and they surpass in variety of tint, diversity of form and brilliancy of colour the subjects used in the Summer Flower Garden.

Immediately the Summer flowering plants have been removed, the beds and borders should be forked up and manured, then planted as taste or fancy may suggest, with Bulbs, such as Hyacinths, Narcissus, Tulips, Crocus, Snowdrops, Winter aconites, Triteleias, Ranunculus, Anemones, Crown Imperials and Scillas, and in addition to these there is a perfect galaxy of beauty to be realized from combinations of the following plants—Alyssum, Arabis, Aubrietia, Daisy, Forget-Me-Not, Pansy, Polyanthus, Phlox, Pink, Viola, and Walliflower.

The annuals which should be sown in August and September, for the Spring flower garden, are Agrostemma, Alyssum, Calandrinia, Campanula, Candytuft, Clarkia, Collinsia, Eschscholtzia, Eucharidium, Eutoca, Gilia, Godetia, Lasthenia, Hymenoxis, Leptosiphon, Linaria, Lupinus, Nemophila, Oxyura, Platystemon, Saponaria, Silene, Viscaria, Whitlavia, etc., 3d. and 6d. per p A Spring Garden means flowers, weather permitting, from Christmas to June, and no garden, whether large

Fifty plants charged at the rate per 100, a less quantity at the rate per dozen; any quantity under half-a-dozen will be charged a little higher than by the dozen,

		per I	00.	13	er d	oz.
2129	Adonis vernalis, bright yellow, large anemone-like flowers	٠.			1	6
2130	Alyssum saxatile, beautiful yellow, very profuse flowering.	25	0		3	
	Anemone apennina, fulgens, stellata, and nemorosa. See p. 28.				3	
2132						
2133	Antennaria candida, forms a dense white carpet	25	0		3	6
2134	Arabis albida, snowy white, an effective companion to the yellow Alyssum	21	0		2	0
2135	,, ,, fol. variegatis, leaves rich green and white, beautifully variegated	25	0		3	6
2136	Aubrietia Græca, purple) For carrying out designs these are indispensable, being	com	pact	. (	4	6
2137	grandiflora, purple in growth, with a profusion of flowers of a subduce	t hu	e, 50	γ{		6
2138	" fol. variegatis) that they become a valuable ground-work for stronger	· colo	urs.	. (		0
2139	Auricula, fine border varieties in mixed colours				6	0
2140	,, choice border varieties in mixed colours				9	0
2141	,, green edged				10	6
т2	and to King Street Covent Garden 1870]					

		per 1	00. d.	P	er d	
2142	Bulbocodium Vernum, or Spring Meadow Saffron. See p. 16.	••				
2143	Cheirauthus alpinus, a clear yellow dense-flowering dwarf plant		•	•••	6	U
2145	Crocus, Dutch varieties and species. See pp. 15 and 16.					
2147	Crown Imperial, the Fritillaria imperialis. See p. 29.  Cyclamen, Autumn, Winter, and Spring blooming. See p. 28.					
2148	Daffodils, the Trumpet, Peerless, True, and Bunch-flowered Narcissus. See p. 9.	7 5	0		2	6
2149 2150	Daisy, large Cliveden pink For edging, ribbons, filling up geometrical figures or devices of any kind, the Daisy is one of the most useful	15	0		2	6
2151	white I plants in Spring gardening	15	O	•••	2	6
2152 2153	aucubæfolla, leaves green, blotched gold, very beautiful in Spring	15	O	•••	5 2	6
2154	,, Quilled Red crimson	21	0		3	0
2155 2156	white	21	0		3	0
2157	Dodecatheon, the American Cowslip or Shooting Star. See p. 40. Dog's Tooth Violets, the Erythronium Dens Canis. See p. 18.					
2159	Forget-Me-Not. Cliveden blue, Myosotis sylvatica, the most valuable of all plants for					
	producing a mass of colour in the spring flower garden	10	6	• • •	I	6
2161	Forget-Me-Not Cliveden rose, Myosotis sylvatica rosca, a charming addition	10	6		I	6
2162	Forget-Me-Not, Myosotis dissitifora, a charming early flowering species; more dwarf and with larger flowers than sylvatica	15	0		2	6
2163	Funkia the Fapan Hyacinth. A fine ornamental plant. See p. 31.					
2164	Gentiana acaulis, intense blue per doz., according to size of clump; 4s. 6d., 6s., 9s., & Golden Thyme. For small beds and edgings	30		•••	4	6
2166	Grass golden-leaved. A lobecurus bratensis aureus variceatus	25	U	•••	313	6
2167	" silver-leaved, Dactylis glomerata elegantissima	25	O			6
2168 2169	green. Festuca viridis	25	0		3	6
2170	Hepaticas, charming plants for early spring. See p. 31.  Iberis Corræfolia, pure white, the finest of the perennial Candytufts	50	0		7	6
2172	Iris pumila, decorative in April. See p. 20.	•				
2173	,, barbata, decorative in May. See p. 22.  Leucojum, the Spring and Snmmer Snowslakes. See p. 17.					
2175	Tilv of the Valley. See p. 30.				-	6
2176	Lithospermum prostratum, covered with glowing rich Gentian-blue flowers	42	0	•••	5	6
2178	Narcissus. See p. 9.					
2179 2180	Ornithogalum, the Star of Bethlehem. See p. 35.  Pansy, Cliveden Beauty perpetual flowering, rich violet-blue, extremely floriferous and	,				
	remarkably beautiful, one of the finest bedding pansies	30	0	•••	4	6
2181 2182	"Cliveden purple perpetual flowering, very rich purple	30	o		4	6
2183	,, Cliveden white perpetual flowering, a fine pure white	30	0		4	6
2184 2185	Cliveden black perpetual flowering, bure black	30	0		4	6
2186	"Cliveden Magpie perpetual flowering, purple, blotched pure white Cloth of Gold, bright yellow, fine constitution	30	0	•••	4	6
2187 2188	" Lizzle Buck, rich velvety purple	30	О	•••	4	6
2189	The Queen, very fine white  Phlox subulata (frondosa) \( \) In spring these cover their rich green foliage with a pro-\	30	0	•••	4	6
2191	alba (Nelsoni) ) fusion of flowers; Subulata, rich rosepurple, Alba, pure white)			• • • •	6	0
2192	Pink, Cliveden double pure white ( The white and blush Pinks are very effective in Pearne's Covent Garden blush ) long marginal lines, heds, or ribbons, \( \frac{1}{2} \) ft.	30	0		4	6 6
2194	", Pearce's Covent Garden blush \ long marginal lines, beds, or ribbons, \frac{1}{2} ft.  Polyanthus, very fine mixed varieties	15	0		2	6
2195 2196	Farly Admirable rich crimson are charming: they bloom early	25	0		3	6
9107	Golden Player, golden vellown			•		6
2198 2199	Auricula-flowered, each 1/6	40			5	
2200	double pure white bedding plant, and the crimson	50	0	•••	7	6
2201 2202	double yellow trast well with the yellow in form-	50	0	•••	7	_
2203	,, double crimson, true each 1/6 & 2/6 ) ing cushion beds or designs.	٠.	•	•••	•••	
2204 2205	Puschkinia. See p. 17.  Pyrethrum Golden Feather, as useful in spring as in summer	25	0	•••	3	6
2206	Ranunculus, Persian and Turkish. See pp. 26 & 27.		6		I	6
2208	Saxifraga granulata fl. pl., pure white double flowers, early in Spring per pot, 9d.	5	6		1	0
2209	Scilla sibirica, bifolia, amena, and italica. See p. 17. Scillas, the English and Spanish Wood Hyacinths. See p. 29.					
2210	Sempervivum calcaratum, resembles Californicum, but smaller	25	0		3	6
2212 2213	, calcareum, light green, tipped crimson, large and handsome				7	6
2214	arachnoideum, the Cobweb or Silver Houseleek	25	0		3	6 6
2215 2216	montanum	25	0		4	6
2217	Delusorii, green, tipped scarlet, very beautiful	25	0		3	6
2218 2219	Sliene, Cliveden pink (S. pendula), for ribbons and filling flower beds	10	6		I	6
2220		10	6	Suga	i den.	6
		,		3		

	per 100.
2221 Silene pendula compacta, pink	IO O I O
2222 ,, ,, ,, alba, while	10 6 1 6
2224 Sisyrinchium grandiflorum. Winter flowering.	reddish foliage 12 6 2 6
2225 Snowdrops, Crimean and Imperati's, Sec p. 17.	and figures in "The Garden," roth March, 1877
2226 Triteleia conspicua, and Illacina. See p. 17.	•
2227 Veroniea incana, a fine dwarf silver-grey foliage 2228 Vinca minor aureo-variegata, for permanent ed	plant, for beds and edgings 30 0 4 6
2229 Viola cornuta alba, pure white	20 0 4 6
2230 Mauve Oueen, manve	20 0 1 6
2231 ,, lutea grandinora, yellow, irce flowering	
ZZ3Z Halor, rich bure vellow, large flowers	s and continuously in bloom
2234 Blue Beauty, light blue	t growth, free and continuous
2235 Tory, rich burble	z 6
2236 Waverley, red burble	z 6
2231 SII Walter Scott, Violet-offic	r 6
2239 Golden Queen; for ribbons, the back	back row of borders, and for beds 25 0 3 6 row of borders, and beds 25 0 3 6
2240 Winter aconites, the Eranthis hyemalis. See p.	row of borders, and bcds 25 0 3 6
VIOLETS SW	EET SCENTED.
These are universal favourites; the flowers are delici	ously fragrant, and may be gathered almost daily through-
but the winter and spring months. each $-\varepsilon$ , d.	each -s, d.
2241 Arborea, double blue 0 6	2251 Rubra plena, pale red. double 0 6
2242 ,, double white 0 6 2243 Belle de Chatney (new), very double 0 9	2252 Rubra simplex, red, single 0 6
2243 Belle de Chatney (new), very double 0 9 2244 Blandyana, dark purple, striped white 0 6	2253 Russian, double blue 0 6 2254 , single blue 0 6
2245 Devoniensis, dark purple, large flowers o 6	2255 , Superb, red violet 0 6
2246 King of Violets, dark indigo-blue, very large	2256 Striata obliqua, purple and white 0 6
double flowers 0 6 2247 Marie Louise, lavender-blue, white centre 0 6	2257 Suavis, pale lavender 0 6
2248 Neapolitan, lavender-blue, lge. dble. flowers o 6	2258 The Czar, dark purple, very large 0 6 2259 The White Czar, white, very large flowers 0 9
2249 Parmaensis plena, while, striped rose o 6	2259 The White Czar, white, very large flowers o 9 2260 Victoria Regina (new), beautiful
2250 Queen of Violets, white, shaded blush, very	2261 White, single 0 6
large and double o 6	2262 One each of the foregoing collection 10 6
DELPHINIUMS OR PE	RENNIAL LARKSPURS.
A valuable class of hardy plants, varying in height i	from 2 to 6 feet. The colours range through pure white, almost black, frequently with white, brown, or black
centres: the flowers differ considerably in form and s	ize; there are singles, semi-doubles, and doubles, with
snikes of bloom varying from t to a feet in length	
spikes of bloom varying from r to 3 feet in length.	s. d.
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length, 2263 50 in 50 varieties 2264 25 in 25 ,,	*. d. 
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  ,	
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  NEW DOUBLE-FLOW.	
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered	
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, avarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered occupy in the flower border in May and June the same p	### ### ##############################
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  NEW DOUBLE-FLOW.  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered occupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan	ERED PYRETHRUMS.  a Banksian Medal to our collection of Pyrethrums.  hardy Pyrethrums it is impossible to over-estimate. They osition that the Chrysanthemum holds in September and themum," would not be inappropriate. The flowers are
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  NEW DOUBLE-FLOW  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered occupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an	#. d. ## 63/- to 84 o ## 30/- to 42 o ## 12/-, 18/-, and 25 o ## Banksian Medal to our collection of Pyrethrums. ## Banksian Medal to our collection of Pyrethr
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered oecupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron	### ### ##############################
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  NEW DOUBLE-FLOW  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered occupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bougue	*. d.
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  NEW DOUBLE-FLOW  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered occupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bouque longer than any other flower. For exhibitions in May,	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered occupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bouque longer than any other flower. For exhibitions in May flower stems are removed as soon as the flower begins t	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  NEW DOUBLE-FLOW  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered occupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bouque longer than any other flower. For exhibitions in May flower stems are removed as soon as the flower begins te cnourage vigorous growth, generally the bloom will be CULTURE.—Before planting, trench the ground and	*. d. *. do *. 30/- to 84 o *. 30/- to 42 o *. 12/-, 18/-, and 25 o **ERED PYRETHRUMS.* **a Banksian Medal to our collection of Pyrethrums.* **hardy Pyrethrums it is impossible to over-estimate. They osition that the Chrysanthemum holds in September and themum," would not be inappropriate. The flowers are do ranging in colour from snow-white to intense magentator a pleasing green, and the plant is uninjured during to fa pleasing green, and the plant is uninjured during to fabrubs, and in situations where colour is desired, ts, the cut blossoms are greatly valued, lasting in water and June the flowers are most desirable. If the first owither, and the plants mulched with rotten manure, to as fine in autumn as it was in May and June.  **work in abundance of rotten manure.**
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered  occupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bouque longer than any other flower. For exhibitions in May, flower stems are removed as soon as the flower begins te cnourage vigorous growth, generally the bloom will be: CULTURE.—Before planting, treneth the ground and Our annual exhibitions of these flowers at the Re	ERED PYRETHRUMS.  a Banksian Medal to our collection of Pyrethrums.  hardy Pyrethrums it is impossible to over-estimate. They osition that the Chrysanthemum holds in September and themum," would not be inappropriate. The flowers are dranging in colour from snow-white to intense magental of a pleasing green, and the plant is uninjured during to of shrubs, and in situations where colour is desired, ts, the cut blossoms are greatly valued, lasting in water and June the flowers are most desirable. If the first owither, and the plants mulched with rotten manure, to as fine in autumn as it was in May and June.
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered oecupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bouque longer than any other flower. For exhibitions in May flower stems are removed as soon as the flower begins t encourage vigorous growth, generally the bloom will be CULTURE.—Before planting, trench the ground and Our annual exhibitions of these flowers at the Re considerable notice.	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered oecupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bouque longer than any other flower. For exhibitions in May flower stems are removed as soon as the flower begins t encourage vigorous growth, generally the bloom will be CULTURE.—Before planting, trench the ground and Our annual exhibitions of these flowers at the Re considerable notice.	s. d.
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2266 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered occupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bouque longer than any other flower. For exhibitions in May flower stems are removed as soon as the flower begins te culture.—Before planting, trench the ground and Our annual exhibitions of these flowers at the R considerable notice.  Purchasers can select at the rate of 1s.  2. d. 2266 12 in 12 varieties	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered occupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bouque longer than any other flower. For exhibitions in May, flower stems are removed as soon as the flower begins to cnourage vigorous growth, generally the bloom will be CULTURE.—Before planting, trench the ground and Our annual exhibitions of these flowers at the Re considerable notice.  Purchasers can select at the rate of 1s.  8. d.	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties	*. d. *. d. *. 30/- to 42 0 *. 30/- to 42 0 *. 30/- to 42 0 *. 12/-, 18/-, and 25 0 *. 25 0 *. 26 0 *. 26 0 *. 27 0 *. 27 0 *. 28 0 *. 28 0 *. 30/- to 42 0 *. 25 0 *. 25 0 *. 26 0 *. 27 0 *. 27 0 *. 28 0 *. 28 0 *. 28 0 *. 30/- to 42 0 *. 40 0 *.
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2266 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered  October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bouque longer than any other flower. For exhibitions in May flower stems are removed as soon as the flower begins te culture.—Before planting, trench the ground and Our annual exhibitions of these flowers at the Re considerable notice.  Purchasers can select at the rate of 1s.  d. d. 2266 12 in 12 varieties	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered oecupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bouque longer than any other flower. For exhibitions in May flower stems are removed as soon as the flower begins to encourage vigorous growth, generally the bloom will be CULTURE.—Before planting, trench the ground and Our annual exhibitions of these flowers at the Reconsiderable notice.  Purchasers can select at the rate of 1s.  2266 12 in 12 varieties	## d
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2266 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered  October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bouque longer than any other flower. For exhibitions in May, flower stems are removed as soon as the flower begins te cnourage vigorous growth, generally the bloom will be  CULTURE.—Before planting, treneth the ground and Our annual exhibitions of these flowers at the Re considerable notice.  Purchasers can select at the rate of 1s.  2. d. 2. d. 2266 12 in 12 varieties	ERED PYRETHRUMS.  a Banksian Medal to our collection of Pyrethrums. hardy Pyrethrum it is impossible to over-estimate. They osition that the Chrysanthemum holds in September and themum," would not be inappropriate. The flowers are dranging in colour from snow-white to intense magentation of a pleasing green, and the plant is uninjured during to shrubs, and in situations where colour is desired, its, the cut blossoms are greatly valued, lasting in water and June the flowers are most desirable. If the first to wither, and the plants mulched with rotten manure, to as fine in autumn as it was in May and June. I work in abundance of rotten manure.  coval Horticultural Gardens and at King Street, attract acach, except where a price is specified.  2268 40 in 40 varieties
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties	## d
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties  2264 25 in 25  2265 12 in 12  The Royal Horticullural Society in 1878, awarded  The decorative value of these New Double-flowered oecupy in the flower border in May and June the same p October. Indeed, the name "Spring-flowering Chrysan produced in great profusion, large, elegantly formed, an crimson. The plant is graceful, the foliage elegant, and the most severe winters. In herbaceous borders, fron this plant is matchless. In vases and for table bouque longer than any other flower. For exhibitions in May flower stems are removed as soon as the flower begins te encourage vigorous growth, generally the bloom will be CULTURE.—Before planting, trench the ground and Our annual exhibitions of these flowers at the Re considerable notice.  Purchasers can select at the rate of 1s  2266 12 in 12 varieties	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties	ERED PYRETHRUMS.  a Banksian Medal to our collection of Pyrethrums. hardy Pyrethrum it is impossible to over-estimate. They osition that the Chrysanthemum holds in September and themm," would not be inappropriate. The flowers are dranging in colour from snow-white to intense magentation of a pleasing green, and the plant is uninjured during to shrubs, and in situations where colour is desired, its, the cut blossoms are greatly valued, lasting in water and June the flowers are most desirable. If the first to wither, and the plants mulched with rotten manure, to as fine in autumn as it was in May and June. I work in abundance of rotten manure.  coval Horticultural Gardens and at King Street, attract acach, except where a price is specified.  2268 40 in 40 varieties
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties	greath where a price is specified.  2268 40 in 40 varieties
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties	graph of the second of the sec
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties	s. d.  30/- to 42 o  12/-, 18/-, and 25 o  ERED PYRETHRUMS.  A Banksian Medal to our collection of Pyrethrums. hardy Pyrethrums it is impossible to over-estimate. They osition that the Chrysanthemum holds in September and themmm," would not be inappropriate. The flowers are d ranging in colour from snow-white to intense magental of a pleasing green, and the plant is uninjured during t of shrubs, and in situations where colour is desired, ts, the cut blossoms are greatly valued, lasting in water and June the flowers are most desirable. If the first owither, and the plants mulched with rotten manure, to as fine in autumn as it was in May and June.  work in abundance of rotten manure. oyal Horticultural Gardens and at King Street, attract cach, except where a price is specified.  2268 40 in 40 varieties
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties	graph of the state
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties	s. d.  30/- to 42 o  12/-, 18/-, and 25 o  ERED PYRETHRUMS.  a Banksian Medal to our collection of Pyrethrums. hardy Pyrethrums it is impossible to over-estimate. They osition that the Chrysanthemum holds in September and themmm," would not be inappropriate. The flowers are d ranging in colour from snow-white to intense magental of a pleasing green, and the plant is uninjured during t of shrubs, and in situations where colour is desired, ts, the cut blossoms are greatly valued, lasting in water and June the flowers are most desirable. If the first to wither, and the plants mulched with rotten manure, to as fine in autumn as it was in May and June.  work in abundance of rotten manure. oyal Horticultural Gardens and at King Street, attract cach, except where a price is specified.  2268 40 in 40 varieties
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties	## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ## ##
spikes of bloom varying from 1 to 3 feet in length.  2263 50 in 50 varieties	s. d.  30/- to 42 o  12/-, 18/-, and 25 o  ERED PYRETHRUMS.  a Banksian Medal to our collection of Pyrethrums. hardy Pyrethrums it is impossible to over-estimate. They osition that the Chrysanthemum holds in September and themmm," would not be inappropriate. The flowers are d ranging in colour from snow-white to intense magental of a pleasing green, and the plant is uninjured during t of shrubs, and in situations where colour is desired, ts, the cut blossoms are greatly valued, lasting in water and June the flowers are most desirable. If the first to wither, and the plants mulched with rotten manure, to as fine in autumn as it was in May and June.  work in abundance of rotten manure. oyal Horticultural Gardens and at King Street, attract cach, except where a price is specified.  2268 40 in 40 varieties

PYRETHRUMS—continued.	
2305 Marchioness of Lorne, purple, golden centre	2319 Prince Teck, brilliant purple-crimson, 1s. 6d.
2306 Michael Buckner, rich glowing crimson, 1s. 6d.	2320 Princess de Metternich, pure white, 1s. 6d.
2307 Minerva, rose-pink	2321 Progress, rich purple-magenta, 1s. 6d.
2308 Miss Plinke, rose-pink	2322 Rembrandt, purple, shading to lilac
2309 Modele, purple-crimson, anemone-flowered	2323 Rev. J. Dix, carmine, shading to rose
2310 Mons. Barral, magenta-crimson .	2324 Roseum magnificum, rose, shading to purple
2311 Mrs. Dix, delicate blush	2325 Roseum plenum, rose, shading to carmine
2312 Multiflorum, carmine-magenta	2326 Rubrum plenum, rosy red
2313 Nancy, nankeen-blush	2327 Solfaterre, improved, sulphur and white
2314 Ne Plus Ultra, delicate blush-rose	2328 Spectabile, magenta-rose
2315 Nemesis, lilac-carmine	2329 Striatum, deep rose-pink
2316 Niveum plenum, pure white	2330 Uzziel, pink
2317 Paul Journu, rose, shading to lilac	2331 Voie Lactee, white, tinged rose, 1s. 6d.
2318 Peau Rouge, rich rose-crimson	2332 Wilhelm Kramper, rose-carmine, 1s. 6d.
HERBACEOUS OR F	ERENNIAL PHLOXES.
These grand border plants are exceedingly decorative	re, the flowers are finely formed, and borne in large
clusters varying in colour from the nurset white to the r	ichest nurple, brilliant salm on and crimson, s. d.
2333 50 in 50 beautiful varieties.	30/-, 40/-, 50/-, and 60 0
2334 25 in 25	
2335 12 in 12 ,,	9/-, 12/-, 15/-, and 18 o
DECNIAS SINENS	S VARIETIES, Etc.
There take first real, among hardy herbacous here	ler plants; stately in growth, and producing in profusion
large elements formed designed and mostly of delicate on	d beautiful shades of colour.  s. d.
large elegantly formed flowers and mostly of delicate an	42/-, 50/-, and 63 0
2336 30 in 30 splendid varieties 2337 20 in 20 ,, ,, 2338 12 in 12 ,, ,,	30/-, 42/-, and 50 0
2337 20 10 20 ,, ,,	12/-, 18/-, 25/-, and 30 0
2338 12 10 12 ,, ,,	12/-, 16/-, 25/-, and 50 0
DOUBLE P	OTENTILLAS.
A very distinct, and beautiful class of hardy per	ennials, with finely formed double flowers, the petals
are of a stout, rich velvety texture, varying in colour from	m brilliant crimson and maroon to rich orange and bright
vellow. The flowers in some varieties are strined, spott	ed, margined, or marbled, s. d.
2339 20 in 20 varieties	
2340 12 in 12	21/- and 30 0
PLANTS FOR SUB-ALPINE MOUNDS, RO	WWORK AND FOR WINDOW GARDENS
On the matin fature in madem con	dening is the development of a Sub-Alpine effect, which
One of the most interesting features in modern gard	with an Alpina vagatation giving to the mounds various
is produced by throwing up mounds, and planting them	with an Alpine vegetation, giving to the mounds various
neights and depressions, such as are to be found in flatu	ral landscapes, choosing, when possible, a situation which
admits of a perspective, and planting so as to give a sen	ni-wild appearance, in which should be represented every
tint of Alpine foliage and every variety of Alpine nowe	These Alpine effects are enhanced by planting them
liberally with spring flowering bulbs, such as Scilla sib	irica and bifolia, Snowdrops, Crocus, dwarf Daffodils,
	nd thus make them as attractive in spring as in summer.
SELECTIONS OF HARDY PLANTS FOR SUB-ALPIN	E MOUNDS, ROCKWORK, AND WINDOW GARDEN,
AS UI	NDER: s. d.
2341 roo in roo species 50/- and 63 o	1 2344 go in 25 species 21/- and 20 0
	2011 30 III 23 Species
2342 roo in 50	2345 25 in 25 ,, 12/6 and 15 0
2342 roo in 50 ,,	2345 25 in 25 ,,
2342 100 in 50 ,,	2344 50 in 25 species
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME!  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants:  2347 Sayifraga in act of ovarieties.	IRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties	rrical designs in the flower garden.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME'  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties	rrical designs in the flower garden.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties EINE SORTS OF HARDY H	rrical designs in the flower garden.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  FERRACEOUS RORDER PLANTS.
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties EINE SORTS OF HARDY H	rrical designs in the flower garden.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  FERRACEOUS RORDER PLANTS.
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties EINE SORTS OF HARDY H	rrical designs in the flower garden.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  FERRACEOUS RORDER PLANTS.
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties EINE SORTS OF HARDY H	rrical designs in the flower garden.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  FERRACEOUS RORDER PLANTS.
### HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  70s. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 60s. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 , 50s. and 60 0  CARN	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  ———————————————————————————————————
### HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties	### TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  ### in pots which are capable of being divided up.  ### pots which are capable of being divided up.  ### per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ### per 100
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H 2350 100 in 100 varieties	in pots which are capable of being divided up.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  70s. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 60s. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 ,, 50s. and 60 0  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi	in pots which are capable of being divided up.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties	IRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  70s. and 84 0 2351 100 in 50 , 60s. and 70 0 2352 100 in 25 ,, 50s. and 60 o  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will b wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an 2356 Choice Named Varieties	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties  2354 25 in 25 ,
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H 2350 100 in 100 varieties	IRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H 2350 100 in 100 varieties	IRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H 2350 100 in 100 varieties	IRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H 2350 100 in 100 varieties	IRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties 30s. and 42 0  2354 25 in 25 , 15s. and 21 0  2355 12 in 12 , 6s., 9s., and 12 0  ATIONS.  cotees, and Pinks, whether as border plants, to cut for the ready to send out in October in pots, but, if not otherd balled up for convenience in packing.  DTEES.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  ITHEMUMS.
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties 30s. and 42 0  2354 25 in 25 , 15s. and 21 0  2355 12 in 12 , 6s., 9s., and 12 0  ATIONS.  cotees, and Pinks, whether as border plants, to cut for the ready to send out in October in pots, but, if not otherd balled up for convenience in packing.  DTEES.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  ITHEMUMS.
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  700, and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 605, and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 , 505, and 60 0  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi  bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2358 Choice Named Varieties  CHRYSAN  2359 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 10 0  2354 25 in 25 ,
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H 2350 100 in 100 varieties	IRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME:  The Sclections quoted, as under, are for plants 2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties 2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties 2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H 2350 100 in 100 varieties	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  70s. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 60s. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 , 50s. and 60 o  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi  bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be  wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2357 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2358 Choice Named Varieties  CHRYSAN  2359 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering  2360 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring.  FI  Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, establish	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties 30s. and 42 0  2354 25 in 25 , 15s. and 21 0  2355 12 in 12 , 6s., 9s., and 12 0  ATIONS.  cotees, and Pinks, whether as border plants, to cut for the ready to send out in October in pots, but, if not otherded balled up for convenience in packing.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  per dozen, 18s., 24s., 30s., and upwards.  6s., 9s., and 12s. per dozen.  ERNS.  ed in pots, 15s., 18s., 24s, and 30s. per dozen.
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  70s. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 60s. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 , 50s. and 60 o  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi  bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be  wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2357 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2358 Choice Named Varieties  CHRYSAN  2359 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering  2360 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring.  FI  Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, establish	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  70s. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 60s. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 , 50s. and 60 0  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi  bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be  wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2357 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2358 Choice Named Varieties  CHRYSAN  2359 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering  2360 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring.  FI  Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, establish  Ferns for Plant Cases and Greenhouse be	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties 30s. and 42 0  2354 25 in 25
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  705. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 605. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 , 505. and 60 0  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2357 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2358 Choice Named Varieties  CHRYSAN  2359 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering 2360 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring.  FI  Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, establish Ferns for Plant Cases and Greenhouse I  PICEL SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties 30s. and 42 0  2354 25 in 25 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 16 17 15 15 15 10 17 15 15 16 17 16 17
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  705. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 605. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 , 505. and 60 0  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2357 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2358 Choice Named Varieties  CHRYSAN  2359 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering 2360 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring.  FI  Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, establish Ferns for Plant Cases and Greenhouse I  PICEL SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties 30s. and 42 0  2354 25 in 25 , 15s. and 21 0  2355 12 in 12 , 6s., 9s., and 12 0  ATIONS.  cotees, and Pinks, whether as border plants, to cut for the ready to send out in October in pots, but, if not otherded balled up for convenience in packing.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  per dozen, 18s., 24s., 30s., and upwards.  6s., 9s., and 12s. per dozen.  ERNS.  ed in pots, 15s., 18s., 24s., and 30s. per dozen.  LLS OR FORMING EDGINGS.  2000  2010  2
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  700. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 601. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 ,, 505. and 60 o  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  Pice  2357 Choice Named Varieties  Pice  2358 Choice Named Varieties  CHRYSAN  2360 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering 2360 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring.  FI  Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, establish Ferns for Plant Cases and Greenhouse I  VIES FOR COVERING WA  2361 Assorted Green Varieties.	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties 30s. and 42 0  2354 25 in 25 , 15s. and 21 0  2355 12 in 12 , 6s., 9s., and 12 0  ATIONS.  cotees, and Pinks, whether as border plants, to cut for eready to send out in October in pots, but, if not other-deballed up for convenience in packing.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  ITHEMUMS.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  ITHEMUMS.  per dozen, 18s., 24s., 30s., and upwards.  6s., 9s., and 12s. per dozen.  ERNS.  ed in pots, 15s., 18s., 24s., and 30s. per dozen.  LLS OR FORMING EDGINGS.  according to size, per dozen, 18s., 24s. and 30 0  according to size, per dozen, 18s., 24s. and 30 0  according to size, per dozen, 18s., 30s. and 42 0
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  705. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 605. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 , 507. and 60 0  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi  bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2357 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2358 Choice Named Varieties  PHOP  2359 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering 2360 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring.  FI  Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, establish  Ferns for Plant Cases and Greenhouse I  VIES FOR COVERING WA  2361 Assorted Green Varieties.  VIES FOR COVERING WA  2362 Assorted Variegated Varieties.	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  and 20 0  2353 50 in 50 varieties  2354 25 in 25  2355 12 in 12  255 and 21  20  ATIONS.  cotees, and Pinks, whether as border plants, to cut for the ready to send out in October in pots, but, if not other-dependence in packing.  per dozen, 9s. and 12  255 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  705. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 605. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 , 507. and 60 0  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi  bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2357 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2358 Choice Named Varieties  PHOP  2359 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering 2360 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring.  FI  Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, establish  Ferns for Plant Cases and Greenhouse I  VIES FOR COVERING WA  2361 Assorted Green Varieties.  VIES FOR COVERING WA  2362 Assorted Variegated Varieties.	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  and 20 0  2355 10 in 50 varieties  2354 25 in 25 ,
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  700. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 601. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 ,, 505. and 60 o  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  Pice  2357 Choice Named Varieties  Pice  2358 Choice Named Varieties  CHRYSAN  2360 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering 2360 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring.  FI  Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, establish Ferns for Plant Cases and Greenhouse I  VIES FOR COVERING WA  2361 Assorted Green Varieties.	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  and 20 0  2353 50 in 50 varieties  2354 25 in 25  2355 12 in 12  255 and 21  20  ATIONS.  cotees, and Pinks, whether as border plants, to cut for the ready to send out in October in pots, but, if not other-dependence in packing.  per dozen, 9s. and 12  255 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  70s. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 60s. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 ,, 50s. and 60 o  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2357 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2358 Choice Named Varieties  CHRYSAN  2359 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering 2360 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring.  FI  Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, establish Ferns for Plant Cases and Greenhouse I  1VIES FOR COVERING WA  2361 Assorted Green Varieties  VIRGINIAN CREEPERS FOR CO  2363 Fine Plants.  VIRGINIAN CREEPERS FOR CO  2364 Veitch's small leaved variety (Amphelopsis Veitch  CLE	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties 30s. and 42 0  2354 25 in 25
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  70s. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 60s. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 ,, 50s. and 60 o  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2357 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2358 Choice Named Varieties  CHRYSAN  2359 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering 2360 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring.  FI  Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, establish Ferns for Plant Cases and Greenhouse I  1VIES FOR COVERING WA  2361 Assorted Green Varieties  VIRGINIAN CREEPERS FOR CO  2363 Fine Plants.  VIRGINIAN CREEPERS FOR CO  2364 Veitch's small leaved variety (Amphelopsis Veitch  CLE	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ERBACEOUS BORDER PLANTS.  2353 50 in 50 varieties 30s. and 42 0  2354 25 in 25 155. and 21 0  2355 12 in 12 6s., 9s., and 12 0  ATIONS.  cotees, and Pinks, whether as border plants, to cut for the ready to send out in October in pots, but, if not other-doballed up for convenience in packing.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  DTEES.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  INKS.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  THEMUMS.  per dozen, 18s., 24s., 30s., and upwards.  SENNS.  ed in pots, 15s., 18s., 24s., and 30s. per dozen.  LLS OR FORMING EDGINGS.  according to size, per dozen, 18s., 24s. and 30 0  WERING WALLS AND TRELLISES.  according to size, each 1s., 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 3 6  MATIS.
HARDY ALPINE SUCCULENTS FOR GEOME  The Selections quoted, as under, are for plants  2347 Saxifraga, in 40 to 50 varieties  2348 Sedum (Stonecrop), in 40 varieties  2349 Sempervivums, in 25 varieties  FINE SORTS OF HARDY H  2350 100 in 100 varieties  70s. and 84 0  2351 100 in 50 , 60s. and 70 0  2352 100 in 25 ,, 50s. and 60 o  CARN  Few flowers are more prized than Carnations, Pi bouquets, or for buttonholes. The plants offered will be wise instructed, they will be taken out of their pots an  2356 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2357 Choice Named Varieties  PIC  2358 Choice Named Varieties  CHRYSAN  2359 Assorted Plants for this present Autumn flowering 2360 Assorted Plants supplied in Spring.  FI  Hardy Ferns, British and Exotic, establish Ferns for Plant Cases and Greenhouse I  1VIES FOR COVERING WA  2361 Assorted Green Varieties  VIRGINIAN CREEPERS FOR CO  2363 Fine Plants.  VIRGINIAN CREEPERS FOR CO  2364 Veitch's small leaved variety (Amphelopsis Veitch  CLE	TRICAL DESIGNS IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.  in pots which are capable of being divided up.  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  per 100, 50s.; per dozen, 6s. and 9 0  ATOMS.  Cotees, and Pinks, whether as border plants, to cut for the ready to send out in October in pots, but, if not other-doballed up for convenience in packing.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  INKS.  per dozen, 9s. and 12 0  ITHEMUMS.  per dozen, 18s., 24s., 30s., and upwards.  coteosation, 18s., 24s., and 30s. per dozen.  Decoration, 18s., 24s., and 30s. per dozen.  LLS OR FORMING EDGINGS.  caccording to size, per dozen, 18s., 24s. and 30 0  caccording to size, per dozen, 18s., 24s. and 30 0  VERING WALLS AND TRELLISES.  caccording to size, per dozen, 18s., 30s. and 42 0  VERING WALLS AND TRELLISES.  caccording to size, each 1s., 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 3 6 is.  caccording to size, each 1s., 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 3 6 is.  caccording to size, each 1s., 1s. 6d., 2s. 6d., and 3 6 is.

	The state of the s	۵.	45
2366	Assorted	8.	d.
	TANDY TELEVISION OF THE PARTY O	42	0
2367	Assorted per dozen, 241, 301, and	12	0
	Assorted HARDY EVERGREEN SHRUBS.  Assorted HARDY EVERGREEN SHRUBS.	7-	
2368	Assortedper dozen, 18s., 24s., 30s., and	42	0
0260	Assorted		
2309	Assorted GREENHOUSE CLIMBERS.  Assorted GREENHOUSE CLIMBERS.	30	0
2370	Assortedper dozen, 18s., 24s., and		
2010	ROSES.	30	0
2371	Dwarf varicties, Perpetuals, Teas, Mosses, etc.	τ Ω	_
2372	Standard ,, ,, ,, per dozen, 21s, 25s, and Climbing varieties, assorted per dozen, 12s, 15s, and	20	0
2373	Climbing varieties, assorted per dozen, 121, 151, and	18	0
	GREENHOUSE PLANTS.		Ĭ
2374	Assorted Varietiesper dozen, 18s., 24s., 3os., and	42	0
0275	Assorted Varieties		
4310	Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora, a grand hardy plant, producing pyramidal panicles of creamy flowers, I foot in depth and 2 feet in circumference, each 2s. 6d. to 5s. 6d.,	wh	ite
2376	Polemonium variegatum, foliage beautifully variegated green and white; a valuable decorative		,
	plant for beds and flower borders, per doz, 12s, and 18s.	nar	ду
2377	Primula Japonica, a decorative plant for rockwork, borders, or conservatory, each od is and to	54	
2378	Rudbeckia Newmanii, a grand herbaceous plant, with rich orange-yellow flowers, each 9d.	Ju.	
2379	Knus glabra laciniata, elegantly divided fern-like leaves, each 2s, 6d.		
2380	Rubus laciniatus, an extremely ornamental free-fruiting Bramble, foliage elegantly divided, each 15.	it.	
2381	sempervivum spinosum (Cotyledon spinosum), it would be difficult to imagine a plant with so	mu	ch
	character as this little gem, each 6d., od., and 1s.; per doz. 5s. 6d., 7s. 6d., and tos. 6d.		
2383	Tacsonia exoniensis, a magnificent greenhouse climber, rosy-pink flowers, each 2s. 6d. to 5s. 6d.		
	Van Volxemi, flowers brilliant scarlet, a splendid greenhouse climber, each 2s. 6d., 3s. 6d., and Thalictrum minus, a beautiful border plant, resembling the Maiden Hair Fern, each 9d.	55.6	id.
2385	adiantifolium, more graceful than T. minus, each 1s. 6d.		
2386	adiantifolium glaucum, foliage glaucous green, each 15. 6d.		
2387	Tritoma grandis. The finest of the genus, stems 5 to 7 feet in height, densely clothed for about	+ +11	·0-
	unitus of their length with bright orange and red tubular-shaped flowers, each it oner doz, too 6d	LW	0-
2388	Tussilago fragrans (Winter Heliotrope), each 6d.; per doz. 5s. 6d.		

			F	<u> </u>	$\Gamma$	TREE	S.			
	Fine Trained Trees. Standards.		Untrained Trees. Standards.			Fine Trained Trees. Dwarfs.	Untrained Trees, Dwarfs,	Fine Half- Standard Trees, In Pots.	Fine Dwarf and Pyramid Trees, In Pots,	Fine Trained Trees. Pyramids.
APPLES APRICOTS CHERRIES NECTARINES PEACHES PEARS PLUMS	12 6 to 10 6 12 6 ,, 12 6 ,,	 15 6  15 6 15 6	2 0 2 6 2 0 2 6 2 6 2 0	to 3 3 3 3	64 65 64	6 , 56	2 6 2 6 3 6 2 6 2 6 3 6	7 6 to 15 6 5 6 ,, 10 6 7 6 ,, 15 6 7 6 ,, 15 6	s. d. s. d. 5 6 to 10 6 5 6 ,, 10 6 5 6 ,, 7 6 5 6 ,, 10 6 5 6 ,, 10 6 5 6 ,, 7 6 5 6 ,, 7 6	3 6 4 6 to 7 6
ALMONDS, Sweet CRABS, Siberian FIGS, in Pots , Castle Kennedy MEDLARS	······ ,,		6 to	3 7 7	d. 6 6 6 6 6	QUINCE SERVICE SPANISH	ss :s : Chesnu	TS	,, 2	6 to 2I o 6,, 7 6 6,, 3 6 6,, 5 6
BLACKBERRIES, American an others	ıd ,	18	0,,			RASPBEI STRAWB	RRIES per ERRIES	doz. 3/6 to 7/6 in Pots, fo		0,,50 0
CRANBERRIES	. ,,	6 6	0,,	12 12	0	GRAPE '	VINES, me	edium, strong	.per doz. 9 g, o/6, 12/6, 15	

### A SELECT LIST OF STRAWBERRIES.

We have omitted from our list many varieties of Strawberries, either because they are synonymes of those enumerated or inferior to them.

Less quantities than 50 of a sort will be charged a little higher. Alpine, red or white. 3 d.
Auguste Nicaise, large crimson 5 d.
Bicton Pine, white, large 5 d.
Bilack Prince, early 3 d.
British Queen 5 d.
Dr. Hogg, very large 5 d.
Duc de Magenta, crimson 5 d.
Elton Pine, late. 3 d.
Marguerite, forces well 3 d.
Frogmore late Pine 5 d.

Strawberry Plants, in 60 Pots, 3/6 per dozen; in Fruiting Pots, 12/ per dozen.

12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.] per 100 s. d. per 100 s. d. | Sir Joseph Paxton, extra..... 

## GARDEN REQUISITÉS.

BOUQUET STALK WIRE, in bundles of 1 lb., finest, 2s. 6d.; second, 2s.; third 1s. 6d.; thickest, 1s.

BOUQUET STEEL WIRE, for wiring Camellias, in bundles of 1 lb., 2s. 6d.

BOUQUET BINDING WIRE, per reel, 1s. 3d.; silvered, per reel, 1s. 9d.

PREPARED FLOWER GUM, for fixing the petals of Goraniums, Primulas, &c. Per bottle, 2s. 6d. and 3s. 6d.

WOODEN FLOWER STICKS. In bundles of 100, 12 inch, 1s. 3d.; 18 inch, 1s. 8d.; 24 inch, 2s. 6d.; 30 inch, 3s., 36. inch, 3s. 6d.; 42 inch, 4s. 6d.; 48 inch, 6s. In bundles of 50. 8d., 1od., 1s. 3d., 1s. 9d. 2s., 2s. 6d., 3s., 6d., Painted green, 1s. 9d., 2s. 3d., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 5s., and 8s. In bundles of 50, 1s., 1s. 3d., 2s., 2s., 6d., 3s., 3s. 6d., and 4s. 6d.

HORTICULTURAL COPPER WIRE, for suspending labels, per bundle, 1s., 1s. 6d.; second, 1s. 4d.; thickest, 1s. 2d.

IMPROVED GALVANIZED VERBENA PEGS, 1000, 5s. 6d.; 500, 3s.; 250, 1s. 9d.

CAST IRON WALL NAILS, 4d. per lb.; WOOLLEN SHREDS, 9d. per lb.

MEDICATED GARDEN SHREDS, a substitute for the woollen shreds for nailing fruit trees and climbers; these medicated shreds are cut in convenient lengths, they are durable, and possess the advantage of not harbouring insects; bundles of 100, 2 inch, 6d.; 3 inch, 8d.; 4 inch, 1s.; 5 inch, 1s. 6d.

STRONG PRUNING GLOVES, best make, per pair, 2s.

FINER ,,, so for Gentlemen ,, 2s. 6d.

LADIES' ,, 1s. 9d.

LADIES' 1s. 9d.

FINER
LADIES'
LADIES
LA

No. 11, 15. 6d

WOLFF'S SOLID BLACK INK PENCILS, for writing on wood, 3d.; extra thick, 6d.

THE PAXTON NAIL BAG, with Pockets and Knife Sheath (See Illustration on Order Sheet), 10s. 6d.

THE CHISWICK NAIL BAG, with Pocket and Knife Sheath, 7s. 6d.

THE IMPROVED PAXTON FUNICATOR, in stained wooden case (See Illustration on Order Sheet), 20s.

THE IMPROVED PAXTON FUMIGATOR, in stained wooden case (See Illustration on Order Sheet), 263.

SAYNOR'S PRUNING KNIVES, 25. 6d., 31., 35. 6d., 41., and 45. 6d.

SAYNOR'S VINE SCISSORS, 35. 6d.

SAYNOR'S VINE SCISSORS, 35. 6d.

BREHAUTS' PRUNING SCISSORS (See Illustration on Order Sheet), 35., 35. 6d., 45., 45. 6d., 55., and 65.

THE SELBY FLOWER GATHERER (See Illustration on Order Sheet), 55. 6d.

BARR'S GARDEN SYRINGES (See Illustration on Order Sheet), first quality, 105. 6d., 125. 6d., 155. & 215.

BARR'S GARDEN SYRINGES, second quality, 55. 6d., 95., 115., and 155.; small for forn case, 55. 6d.

BARR'S SUCTION GARDEN ENGINES (See Illustration in previous Catalogues), 425. and 505.

LAWN MOWING MACHINES, £3 10s. and upwards, according to size.

LADIES' WATERING CANS, with brass rose No. 1, 4s. 6d.; No. 2, 5s. 6d.; No. 3, 6s. 6d.

PORTABLE TRANSMISSION CASES, in compartments for cut flowers, 18s., 21s., 25s., 33s., 34s., 42s.—(See p. 3).

PAXTON DRAWING ROOM HANGING BASKETS, with zinc pan drained, 10 inch, 10s. 6d.; 12 inch, 15s.;

PAXTON DRAWING.ROOM HANGING BASKETS, with zinc pan drained, 10 inch, 10s. 6d.; 12 inch, 15s.; 15 inch, 21s. Filled with suitable plants, or bulbs, 21s., 30s., and 42s.

PAXTON CONSERVATORY HANGING BASKETS, 10 inch, 5s. 6d.; 12 inch, 7s. 6d.; 15 inch, 10s. 6d.; 18 inch, 12s. 6d.; 21 inch, 15s.; 24 inch, 21s. Filled with plants, 15s. 6d., 22s. 6d., 30s., 42s., 50s. and 63s.

ALBERT FERN CASE, with Iron Frames and Ventilators.—(See Illustration, p. 3).

BRONZED ORNAMENTAL IRON TABLES FOR ALBERT FERN CASES, 42s., 45s., 48s., 50s.

NEW HEATED FRAME (See Illustration, p. 48), 84s., 90s., 92s., 98s. and 105s.

GILBERT'S HANDLIGHTS (See Illustration on Order Sheet), 5s. 6d., 6s. 6d., 7s. 6d., 8s. 6d., 9s. 6d., 10s. 6d., 11s. 6d., 12s. 6d., 14s., 19s., 22s., 24s., and 30s. For full particulars see previous Catalogues.

WINDOW CONSERVATORIES.—(See Illustration, p. 3).

WINDOW BOXES IN WOOD, 10s. 6d., and upwards.

WINDOW BOXES IN ZINC, faced with Encaustic Tiles, 21s. each, and upwards.

APHIS BRUSH (See Illustration on Order Sheet), 2s. 6d.

WINDOW BOXES IN ZINC, faced with Encaustic Tiles, 21s. each, and upwards..

APHIS BRUSH (See Illustration on Order Sheet), 2s. 6d.

IAPANESE BASS, a strong, durable, tying material, recommended, 3s. 6d. per lb.; specimen bundles, 6d. & 1s.

ROPHIA, a new light tying material, recommended, per lb. 3s. 6d.; specimen bundles, 6d. & 1s.

ARCHANGEL MATS, best quality, per doz., 21s.; each 2s. 6d.

ST. PETERSBURG MATS, good quality, 15s. per doz.

FRIGI DOMO.—Manufactured from hair and wool; a perfect non-conductor; maintaining a fixed temperature

where it is applied. 2 yards wide, 3 yards wide, and 4 yards wide, 15. 2d. per square yard.

BRITTAIN'S GARDEN NETTING.—The most valuable material for protecting fruit-trees from frost, the open meshes allowing a free circulation of air, and on this account also an excellent article for shading. No. 1, brown, 10 yards long, 54 inches wide, 75. 6d. No. 2, white, 10 yards long, 54 inches wide, finer quality,75. 6d. Hampson's Imperial Shading, resembling Brittain's netting, but lighter, an excellent shading and good protector of fruit trees from frost. Per piece, 10 yards long, 56 inches wide, 7s. 6d. Sample on application. [Barr and Sugden,

Tiffany.—A light, cheap shading material for conservatories, greenhouses, etc. No. 1, 20 yards long, 38 inches wide; per piece, 55. 6d. No. 2, manufactured with mineral solution, 65. 6d, per piece. No. 3, double strength, 18 yards long 36 inches wide, per piece, 75. 6d. No. 4, treble strength, per piece, 105. 6d. Tanned Netting, 1 inch mesh, about 2 yards wide, per yard 1un, 3d. About 4 yards wide, per yard 1un, 6d.

Manures for Flowers, Fruits, and Vegetables.

STANDEN'S GARDENERS' AND AMATEURS' MANURE. This is the best of sill the concentrated fertilizers, for hard wooded plants of all kinds, such as Camellias, Azaleas, Roses, Vines, and other fruit trees in pots, and as a dressing for Vine and Peach borders; also valuable for all kinds of fruits, flowers, and vegetables out of doors. Sample canisters, 1/- and 2/6; large canisters, 5/6, 10/6, and 21/-.

PERUVIAN GUANO, Pure, Out of Bond.—5d. per lb.; or in canisters, 1/- and 2/6.; per cwt., 25/-.

FLORVITA. For plants in pots, recommended as a safe and effective stimulating compound. Per bottle, 1/-.

Lawn Sand, Styptic, Grafting Wax, Summer Cloud, and Soils.

WATSON'S WEED-DESTROYING LAWN-SAND. For destroying Daisies, Dandelions, Plantains, and other taprooted weeds on lawns, croquet grounds, and grass verges, being at the same time an excellent fertilizer, improving
the lawn and producing a rich emerald-green sward Price, in London, 2.6, 5.6, and 10.6 per canister; in 4 ewe,
canisters, 10.6; in balf cwt. kegs, 19/-; one cwt. kegs, 36/-. Lawn Grass Seed, to sow in Autumn, 1/-, 1/3, and

canisters, 10,6; in balf cwt. kegs, 19,-; one cwt. kegs, 50,-. Hawn Grass Red., 16 per 1b.
1,6 per 1b.
THOMSON'S STYPTIC, for preventing the bleeding of Vines after pruning, &c. Per bottle, 3,-.
NEW FRENCH COLD GRAFTING WAX, in tin boxes, 1,-, 1,6 and 2,-, valuable for grafting and budding
SUMMER CLOUD, a preparation for Stypling Grass a light green or grey tinge, thus protecting plants from the
florce rays of the sun. In canisters, 1,6, 2,6,5,-, and 10,-. Set of 2 Brushes, 1,6 and 2,6 and Bulbs in Jardinets,
Glasses, &c. When the Prepared Cocoa Nut Fibre and Charcoal is used for glasses, before putting in the Bulbs
the glasses should be filled with the preparation, and water given till it can absorb no more. On this place
the Bulb has sufficiently rooted into the preparation, and water given till it can absorb no more. On this place
the Bulb has sufficiently rooted into the preparation, into the paper, and after this keep the preparation always
wot. No. 1 quality, 6,- per bushel; 2,- per peck. No 2 quality, 4,6 per bushel; 1,6 per peck.
GOGOA FIBRE, 1,6 per bushel, 4 bush, 6 to 5,-. COCOA FIBRE, finely sitted, 2,6 per bush., 4 bush, for 7,6.
FRESH GREEN CARPET MOSS, in lots of 1,-, 1,6 and 2,6.
POTTING SOILS, of Suitable Composts, also Peat, Leaf-soil, Virgiu Loam, and Silver Sand. Price, in London, 3,6
per bushel.

Plant Insect Destroyers. POWLER'S INSECTICIDE. In jars at 1/6, 3/-, 5/6, and 10/-.

MEALY BUG DESTROYER, per bottle, 1/-, 2/6, 5/-, and 10/-.

THE GISHURST COMPOUND, an effectual Jusect-killer, boxes, 1/-, 3/-, and 10/6.

SUPERIOR TOBACCO PAPER, 1/6 por lb; SUPERIOR TOBACCO RAS, 1/9 per lb,

TOBACCO POWDER. In canisters, 1/-, 2/6, and 5/- each. Powder Distributors, 2/6, 3/6, and 5/-.

TOBACCO JUICE, specially prepared for Horticultural purposes. In bottles, 1/- and 2/6.

ABYSSINIAN MIXTURE. In bottles, 1/6, 3/-, and 4/6.

12 and 13, King Street, Covent Garden, 1879.]

, GARDEN SEAT. FERN PANS, Pine Pattern. Empty 5.8. 6d.

Filled with assorted Bulbs 125. 6d.

Furnished with Ferns, including Glass Shade 155.

FERN PANS, Bark Pattern. Empty 45. 6d.

Filled with assorted Bulbs 10 in. 6s. 6d. 7s. 6d. 15s. 21s. 215. 15s. 21s. 305. 425. 425. 305. 63s. 7s. 6d. 5s. 6d. 10s. 6d. ••• 14s. 21s. 7s. 6d. 21s. 30s. 30s. ... 425. ... FERN PANS, Vandyked. Empty ..... 10s. 6d. 

 FERN PANS, Vandyked.
 Empty
 78. 6d.
 165. 6d.
 245.

 Filled with assorted Bulbs
 165. 6d.
 245.
 335.

 Furnished with Ferns, including Glass Shade
 222.
 335.
 ...

 FERN PANS, Stick Pattern
 8 in. 4s. 6d.
 7s. 6d.
 9s.
 ...

 FILLE With Bulbs
 115.
 16s.
 22s. 6d.
 ...
 ...

 Filled with Bulbs
 9 in., 7s. 6d.; 12 in.,
 Filled with Bulbs
 15s.
 ...
 ...

 Filled with Ferns, including Glass Shade
 1, 17s.
 ...
 ...
 ...

 BULB PAN, Oak Pattern, on Pedestal. Empty
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...

 Filled with Bulbs
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...

 \*\*\* 25 10 Filled with Bulbs..... BULB PAN, Oak Pattern, with Centre Piecc. Empty 6 12



THE NE PLUS ULTRA DRAWING-ROOM JARDINET. Various sizes, Empty, 3/6, 4/6, 5/6, 10/6, and 12/6. If filled with Hyacinths and other bulbs, or Hyacinths alone, 7/6, 10/6, 12/6, 21/, and 30/

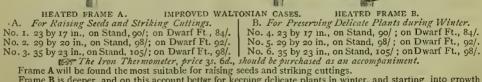


PRINCE OF WALES Circular Terraced DRAWING-ROOM JARDINET. Empty, 15/6; filled with assorted bulbs, 42/. This Jardinet is equally elegant planted with ferns. A smaller size, 7/6; filled with bulbs, 15/-.

# BARR'S NEW HEATED FRAMES.—THE IMPROVED WALTONIAN CASE.

FOR RAISING SEEDS, STRIKING CUTTINGS, OR PRESERVING DELICATE PLANTS DURING THE WINTER.





Frame A will be found the most suitable for raising seeds and striking cuttings.

Frame B is deeper, and on this account better for keeping delicate plants in winter, and starting into growth Achimenes, Gloxinias, Begonias, Double Tuhcroses, and plants of this description, also for getting Hyacinths and other bulbs into flower early. For forcing Lily of the Valley these frames are exceptionally valuable, as the temperature and moisture for insuring success is easily commanded.

It is impossible to over-estimate the value of these frames; they take the place of a stove or forcing-house, and where one of these is at work a dung frame is unnecessary, as seeds of all kinds may be raised and a sufficient supply of cuttings struck to furnish a moderate-sized garden. The frame has a water chamber and a bot air chamber, with a receptacle for a lamp. The price includes a Colza oil or Paraffin lamp; but the latter generates more heat, gives less trouble than oil, and cost of working is cheaper; it is therefore always sent unless otherwise ordered. Gas may be used as the heating medium when convenient.